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The Bombay Chronicle

PRICE: ONE ANNA

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Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

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VOL. XXIV NO. 33 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1936 TWENTY PAGES

WAR CLOUDS IN FAR EAST AGAIN

ADVANCE TO AKSUM

Negus Orders Ras Imaru To Join Ras Kassa In Fresh Offensive

ADDIS ABABA, Feb. 7.

It is learned that the Emperor of Ethiopia has ordered Ras Imaru to proceed to the Aksum Sector from the Tembien region to cooperate with Ras Kassa in an advance to Aksum.

It is reported that two Italian aeroplanes were recently observed taking photographs of sections of the Djibouti-Addis Ababa Railway.—Indian Allied News.

ITALIAN GOVT. AND GRAIN SUPPLIES

ROME, Feb. 7.

The Government has ordered a national survey of all the existing grain supplies in Italy.—Indian Allied News.

NIGHT OF TERROR

DESSIE, January 7.

A night of terror in the war in Tembien is vividly described by a neutral observer who recently returned from the Northern Front. He says following the recent big victory, the Abyssinians occupy a dominating position and the fall of Makale is imminent. Abyssinians had developed the technique of surprise night attacks as part of their system of defence, against Air-Raids. From dawn to dusk not a man was visible, where the troops had concentrated, but after dark forest glades thronged with men emerging from caves and shelters. The Italians surprised with the swiftness of the attack were unable to offer resistance. The observer opines the Abyssinians have a good chance of ousting Italians from the Northern mountains.

SPANISH PRINCE GRAVELY ILL

HAVANA, Feb 7.

The Spanish Prince of the Asturias is lying gravely ill. He is suffering from a tumour which cannot be operated upon because of his susceptibility to haemophilia, a condition where the patient is liable to bleed to death.

Later to-day, the Prince successfully underwent a blood transfusion. There is a slight improvement but his condition is still critical.—Indian Allied News.

NEW JAP AMBASSADOR TO CHINA

TOKIO, Feb. 7.

It is announced that Mr Hachiro Arita has been appointed Japanese Ambassador to China.—Indian Allied News.

STOP PRESS

OXFORD HONOUR FOR INDIAN PROFESSOR.

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Feb. 7.

The first Indian to hold a professorial chair at Oxford has been appointed in the person of Professor Sir Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan who was elected to the newly founded Spalding Professorship of Eastern Relations and Ethics to hold the office for five years.

Sir Radhakrishnan, besides holding numerous appointments in Indian universities has been a lecturer at Oxford and Chicago.

M. P. DEAD

LONDON:—The death has occurred of Dr. Williams, a member of Parliament for Llanelly to-day.

SECUNDERABAD.—The workshop strike situation is unchanged.

CALCUTTA.—The Budget of the Calcutta Corporation for 1936-37 which will be presented on Feb. 10 is a deficit one.

In view of the proposed new Howrah Bridge an increase of half per cent in general rate of tax is expected to be announced.

Russo-Jap Clash Imminent?

Hectic War Preparations

TRIBAL REVOLT THREATENS PEACE IN CHINA

DAIREN, February 7.

Japanese and Manchukuo armies have decided to move towards the frontier of outer Mongolia, according to a semi-official announcement which alleges that outer Mongols and Soviets are busily engaged in warlike preparations along the Mongol-Manchou front where clashes are increasingly recurring.

5000 TROOPS MARCH

A Peiping cable states:—

Five thousand Manchukuo-Mongol troops which recently occupied six counties of Chahar are preparing to invade the Suiyuan province according to Chinese reports from Kalcan for the purpose of securing control over five more districts.

CHINESE GOVT.'S ANXIETY.

The Chinese Governor of Suiyuan, General Futsoyi, is expected to resist the invasion which, it is feared, will precipitate a general revolt by the inner Mongolian tribes. The situation has recently been causing the Chinese Government grave concern in view of the doubtful attitude of Prince Teh Chahar, a Mongol leader and Secretary-General of the Mongol Local Autonomy Council, and in the face of Manchukuo pressure.

On Jan. 26 the Nanking Government appointed a separate council for Mongol Leagues of Suiyuan in an effort to assure their loyalty and restrict the disaffection spreading to Chahar.—Reuter.

87 DAYS OF HUNGER STRIKE

Jogesh Develops Nausea And Faints

LUCKNOW, Feb. 7.

Sjt. Jogesh Chatterji who is on hunger-strike in the Lucknow Central Jail for the last 87 days, is understood to have replied to Mr. Akhil Dutt's wire regretting his inability to give up the hunger-strike until his demands were accepted.

Sjt. Chatterji develops nausea occasionally and faints. He has become much weaker.—United Press.

A. I. SUGARCANE FORECAST

CALCUTTA, Feb. 7.

The All India final sugarcane forecast for 1935/36 is as follows:

Area sown 4,007,000 acres against 3, 477,000, an increase of 15 per cent; yield of raw sugar (gur) 5,905,000 against 5,109,000 last year, an increase of 16 per cent.

The condition on the whole is reported, good.—A. P.

RUSSO-RUMANIAN PACT

Outcome Of Paris Conversation

PARIS, Feb. 7.

The question of the preservation of Austria's independence continues to be the topic of conversation in political and diplomatic circles.

A plan has been under discussion whereby in view of Italy's preoccupation with the campaign in Abyssinia, the Little Entente would "replace Italy" in protecting Austria's independence in the event of a possible German attempt to force the Anschluss.

It is admitted, however, in some diplomatic quarters that this plan has been abandoned at least for the moment.

The only decisive result of the recent diplomatic conversations which were participated in by rulers or statesmen from France Yugoslavia, Austria and Roumania appears to be an understanding between Roumania and Russia Roumania under French persuasion, has at last accepted the idea of a Russo-Roumanian Pact of Mutual Assistance.—Indian Allied News.

BRITISH LOAN TO FRENCH TREASURY

Negotiations For Huge Financial Deal

LONDON, Feb. 7.

Rumours of an imminent credit by the Consortium of British Bankers to the French Treasury continue to agitate the City where it is believed that the delay has been caused by the recalcitrance of the Bank of France refusing to place gold at the disposal of the French Treasury for use as collateral for such a loan.

It is understood that the negotiations are not yet formal. Therefore the British Treasury has not had occasion to grant its permission for the deal. Estimates of the amount involved range from £50,000,000 to £60,000,000.

It is expected that an announcement, if any, will emanate from Paris as the British bankers are not entitled to divulge business with their clients.—Reuter.

STUDENTS' DEMONSTRATION

BEIRUT, Feb. 7.

Four were killed in further rioting to-day at the Homs.

The recrudescence of Nationalist trouble in Syria has resulted in seven deaths at Hamal. Thirty-five members of the Government forces were injured when called out to cope with a crowd of students and rowdies who, fired by incendiary speeches stoned public buildings and started looting rich quarters. The bazaars in all chief towns were closed to-day.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA CORPORATION RESIGNATIONS

CALCUTTA, Feb. 7.

Consideration of the question of the resignation by Muslim Councillors was adjourned "sine die" by the Calcutta Corporation this evening. The House negatived two suggestions, one for accepting the resignations and the other for not accepting them. Speeches were made stressing the fact that, left to themselves, these councillors would rejoin the Corporation but that they were prevented from so doing owing to outside influences. —A. P.

JAWAHAR LEAVES LONDON

Ultimately India's Problem Is Of Imperialism, He Says

CONFLICT AND GOODWILL

LONDON, Feb. 7.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left at 2 this afternoon for Lausanne whither his wife has been transported in an ambulance from Badenweiler and is slightly better.

Interviewed by "Reuter" before his departure, Pandit Nehru said that he had met a large number of people and found a good deal of sympathy and goodwill for India. This was encouraging. Fundamentally the problem of India in relation to England did, not depend on friends' goodwill, although this helped.

"We see in India the conflict between two great forces—Imperialism and Nationalism. Behind the latter are the growing social elements pointing towards a radical change in the social system.

Ultimately the problem becomes the problem of Imperialism and thus a part of the world problem. —Reuter.

SEND OFF TO JAWAHAR

LONDON, Feb. 7.

Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru left London this afternoon for Lausanne. Only personal friends and admirers of the Pundit were present at Victoria Station to bid him farewell.

In their name Miss Ellen Wilkinson, M.P. and Mr. William Jagger, M.P. wished him good luck.

Responding to the good wishes, Pundit Jawaharlal said that wherever he might be, he would always remember the warm feelings shown by friends in London and would try to discharge his heavy responsibilities with a clear conscience.—Indian Allied News.

Rs. 500
THIRTY-SEVEN LUCKY NUMBERS
for the month of
J-A-N-U-A-R-Y
will be published
TO-MORROW
THE 9th FEBRUARY
in the
Bombay Chronicle
SUNDAY EDITION

Indian Police Officer Killed

ZANZIBAR, Feb. 7.

An Indian Police Officer has died from wounds and several European officers, including the Commissioner of Police, the Assistant Commissioner and an Inspector of Produce, were seriously wounded to-day in a sharp conflict with Arab rioters.

The Arabs, who were armed with swords, were demonstrating against the new law against the adulteration of copra for export.

The demonstrators wrecked the Post Office and Government offices were barricaded. Order was eventually restored after large forces of armed police had patrolled the town.— Indian Allied News.

Fresh Obstacles For Indian Labour

MODY FINDS ALLY IN GOVT.

Three-Cornered Fight On Wages Bill In Assembly

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7.

Discussion on the Payment of Wages Bill occupied nearly the whole day in the Assembly to-day. With the exception of an important amendment moved by Sir Homi Mody which has been held over till next week, the House agreed to all clauses of the Bill.

Three-Cornered Fight

To-day's proceedings revealed a three-cornered attack against the measure,—one by the Labour Group headed by Mr. Joshi and Mr. Giri to liberalise the measure, another by the European Group who sought to tighten the measure and the third by Sir Mody who concentrated his attention on his amendment providing for forfeiture of wages for a period not exceeding 13 days when ten or more employed persons absented themselves in concert.

Govt. Joins Mody

As Government accepted Sir Mody's amendment subject to certain alterations, Mr. Joshi had to face a powerful combination. But he bravely held the ground. In a long impassioned speech he attacked the amendment as a perversion of the Bill and complained that its real object was to reduce the power of the working-classes in their struggle to maintain proper living standards.

Owing to the President's ruling, however, further discussion on the amendment had to be adjourned to the next day.

CONGRESS PARTY'S ATTITUDE

The House divided only twice to-day. Voting on Mr. Joshi's amendment this morning showed that the entire Congress Party with exception of some important members like Messrs. B. Das and Sami Venkatachalam Chetti voted with Mr. Joshi. The amendment, however, was rejected by a small margin of five votes.

On the European Group's' amendment this afternoon, officials and a majority of the Congress Party including Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Pandit G. B. Pant remained neutral, while the others including the nominated group divided on the motion, while only 22 went to the "noes" with Mr. Joshi. Mr. Satyamurti, Mr. Giri and many back-benchers in the Congress Party voted with Mr. Joshi.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7.

After interpellations, the Assembly started consideration of the Wages Bill.

On the motion of Mr. Clow, the House agreed to the definition of the term 'plantation' for the purpose of the Bill as "an estate which is maintained for the purposes of growing chinchona, rubber, coffee, and tea, and on which 25 or more persons were employed for that purpose."

JOSHI'S AMENDMENT DEFEATED

Mr. Joshi attempted to extend the provision of the Bill to the workers of sugar plantations also, but the President disallowed the motion on the ground that sufficient notice of the amendment had not been given.

Mr. Joshi moved another amendment in order to make a provision in the Bill that no fine be imposed on a worker, unless he is given an opportunity "through himself or through a representative, including an officer of the Trade Union of which he is member" to show cause against fine.

Mr. V. V. Giri supported the motion.

"AN ORDINARY MATTER."

Mr. Miligan and Sir Frank Noyce opposed it on the ground that the imposition of a fine which was such an ordinary matter should not be converted into quasi—judicial proceedings.

Sir Frank Noyce added that the Act provided for the representatives of the Trade Unions to intervene at a later stage, when a fine was imposed in contravention of the provisions of the Act.

The House divided on the amendment which was defeated by 49 votes to 44.

The House then adjourned for lunch.

"PENALISE THE WORKER."

Mr. Witherington wished to penalise the labourer for lateness by deducting upto a quarter of a day's pay.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir and Sir Frank Noyce opposing said that a comprehensive penalty has already been provided in the Bill.

Mr. Witherington then withdrew his amendment.

"HOLD THE BALANCE."

Sir H. Mody moved his amendment "that subject to any rules made in this behalf by the local Government, if ten or more employed persons acting in concert absent themselves without due notice or reasonable cause, such deduction from any such person may include such amount, not exceeding his wages for thirteen days, as may under his contract of employment be due to the employer in lieu of notice."

PLACATING CONGRESS!

Again with a view to meet Congressmen who were now opposing him, he agreed to whittle down his proposal, by including the words "giving employees the right of forfeiture, only if the employer had reasonable cause to do so and subject to any rules made by the local Government." He appealed to the House to adopt the amendment to save the kind of disaster which decimated the textile industry in Bombay.

UNEQUAL FIGHT.

Mr. Gadgil supporting said that in an unequal fight between organised and influential employers and poor and ill-organised employees the right of strike earned at great price by the employee should not be taken away from him.

Sir Frank Noyce said that Government was prepared to support the amendment. He was glad that the adjournment of the Bill from the Simla session had enabled them to ascertain the views of the Bombay Government which was reflected in Sir H. P. Mody's amendment.

"SAFEGUARDS."

The amendment contained three safeguards, namely no recoveries in case of individual strike, but only in the case of a lightning strike by more than ten persons; secondly, reasonable cause and without due notice and thirdly, the local Government would frame

(Continued on page 7 Col: 3)

MEAT CRISIS CONTINUES

Smithfield Deputation Seek Dock-Workers' Sympathy

LONDON, Feb. 7.

The crisis in the meat trade continues to paralyse London's supplies.

A deputation from the Smithfield Meat Market Strikers visited the dock area again to-day. Although the dockers are not handling consignments for Smithfield Market, they are not prepared to impede the withdrawals of other commodities from the warehouses.

In the meantime, in addition to the present Emergency Supply Stations, the London Meat Retailers have put forward the suggestion that the local municipal authorities should establish meat distributing depots if the strike continues.—Indian Allied News.

SPOT SILVER FIRM

India Buyer Again

LONDON, Feb. 7.

The spot rate of silver was fixed to-day at 19 9/16d. and the forward rate at 19 5/8d.

The market was firmer. India was again a buyer and there was a little speculative selling. More forward business was transacted to-day than yesterday.

After the fixing of the rate there was very little business.—Indian Allied News.

NAZI LEADERS TO VISIT POLAND

WARSAW, Feb. 7.

It is learned that General Goering and Herr Arthur Greiser, the President of the Danzig Senate, are shortly proceeding on a visit to Poland.

The ostensible reason for the visit is a hunting party which has been arranged by a leading member of the Polish Government.—Indian Allied News.

MADRAS TEST MATCH SCORES

All-India 189 And 103 For 9: Aussies 162

Details On Page 3

SUBHAS BOSE MEETS IRISH LEADERS

DUBLIN, Feb. 7.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose had a long discussion with Mr. Norton, the Irish Labour leader, to-day. The talk concerned the attitude of the Irish Labour Party towards President De Valera, the British Labour Party and the Second and Third Internationals.

In the afternoon Mr. Bose met Mr. Cosgrave, the former President.

On Tuesday next Mr. Bose is going to Cork to meet Miss MacSweeney, the sister of the late Terence MacSweeney, the well-known Republican Lord Mayor of Cork. He will also meet Mr. Sean French, the present Lord Mayor who is also a Republican.—Indian Allied News.

FRANCO-ROUMANIAN OIL AGREEMENT

PARIS, Feb. 7.

An Oil Agreement has been concluded between France and Roumania under which France will take 200,000 tons of crude oil from Roumania annually.—Indian Allied News.

Rains Hold Up M. C. C. Match

(SPECIAL CABLE).

NAPIER, Feb. 7.

There was no play in the match between the M. C. C. and Hawkes Bay to-day due to the pitch being under water.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly

8. MATRIMONIAL.

A highly educated young, cultured Hindu Bachelor well settled, belonging Zamindari Family invites correspondence for marriage from lady doctor, school mistress or rich childless widow. Any caste. Correspondence confidential. Box No. 5600, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted an experienced and capable graduate as a Superintendent for a local Brahmin Vidyarthi Bhuvan. Apply stating minimum terms to box No. 5599, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for the Automobile Department of the Parekh Technical Institute, Surat a thorough and practical Motor Mechanic able to repair motor cars of all makes and to teach students on Rs. 75—2 1/2—100. The post is pensionable. Apply with copies of certificates, stating age, caste and languages known before 4th March 1936. (2590)

Typist (Short-hand preferred). Salary Rs. 40. Only those having worked in a Solicitor's Office in Bombay need apply to Box No. 5594, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced manager for the Bombay Branch of an old Life Office. Liberal salary and commission offered to the right man. Apply Box No. 5605, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—District Inspectors for the sale of our Tea on a monthly allowance of Rs. 75, including T. A. Apply for particulars to the Elphinstone Trading Co., 4, Garstin Place, Calcutta. (5545).

12. TO BE LET.

To Let.—Chowpatty, Mhatre Building, Airy and decent floors at reduced rent. Apply D. A. Petit and Co., Solicitors, Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort. (5588).

To Be Let At Reduced Rent:—(1) At Harbour View, Colaba Causeway, near Hotel Majestic, near Tram Terminus:—Upper floors vacant flats, each containing Drawing-room, Sitting-room, Bedrooms, separate lavatory, Bathrooms, Kitchen, Separate entrance and Electric Fittings:—Flat monthly rent Rs. 75. (2) At Adelphi Chambers at Clare Road, Byculla, near Tram Terminus, ground and upper floors vacant flats each containing Drawing-room, Sitting-room, Bed-room, separate lavatory, Bath-room, Kitchen, separate entrance. Flat monthly rent Rs. 20 to Rs. 75. (3) At Jacob Circle, Arthur Road, near Tram Terminus, ground and upper floors vacant flats each containing Drawing-room, Sitting-room, Bed-room, separate lavatory, Bath-room, Kitchen, separate entrance. Flat monthly rent Rs. 40, and 42. For the above three buildings:—Apply personaly between 3 and 4 p.m. (S.T.). His Highness The Agakhan's Estate Office Marina Mansion, Opposite Sea Face, Chowpatty Bombay. (5528).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Let—A flat, drawing, dining, 2 bed-rooms, 2nd floor, Rent apply Mrs. Tyabji, Chowpatty Sea Face. (5593).

To Let Airy and Commodious Flats on second and third floor of "Kennaway House" at Proctor Road with Garages. Apply Mali. (5561)

To Let.—A ground floor flat in Beach House, at Napean Sea Road from 1st March. Just facing the sea. Large lawn for tennis. With Telephone arrangement and Garrage. Apply to the owner—H. B. Guzder. (5587).

56. EDUCATIONAL

Ensure success at Senior Cambridge or University examination by joining "Desai's Coaching Classes", Kavarana Building, Dhobitalao. (5598).

Wanted all to learn Touch Typewriting on New Remington Typewriters. Shorthand a Speciality. Standard Typewriter Company, Opposite Llyods Bank. (5604).

Guarantee Cambridge Course ensures success and refunds promptly the fees on failure. Cambridge Senior—a great boon especially to Officers and Clerks. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, 379, Lamington Road. (1/75).

Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting. Book-keeping and Accountancy, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (5560).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Wanted:—Furniture for shop and home, Secondhand books. Orders executed. Shri Bharat Book Depot, Thakurdwar Corner, Bombay. (5606)

68 PARTNERSHIPS.

Gentleman will join in partnership in Anti-Occult and Modern Psychology Weekly. Apply Box 5584, "Bombay Chronicle."

73 AGENTS WANTED

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

121. DAILY WANTS.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Petrol, Kerosene, Crude, Lubricating oil supplied any destination to merchants, Native States immediately. For terms apply Petroleum Distributing Company, 166, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (5592).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of a valuable property at the junction of Forbes Street and Medows Street, belonging to the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. (In Voluntary Liquidation), admeasuring 941 square yards or thereabouts with the building thereon bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1/61 of Fort Division A Ward Nos. 1093 and 1094, Street No. 139, the tenure of the land being Quit and Ground Rent.

For particulars and conditions inquiries may be made at the office of the Liquidators of the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (In Voluntary Liquidation) at 139 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

MADHAVJI AND CO.
Attorneys for The Liquidators.
2571.

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians, Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.,
(Incorporated in England).
274, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
For Appointment 'Phone 21827.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certificates for twelve shares Nos. 44828, 36290 to 95, 19665 to 69 of The Ahmedabad Electricity Co., Ltd., standing in the name of the undersigned have been LOST or MISLAID.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificates in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

Name:—MANEKLAL CHUNILAL PATEL,
Address:—Deputy Political Agent, Banas Dn., Palanpur.
5601

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.
(Works Branch.)

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of bullocks and carts for a period of three years, commencing from 1-3-1936 in two divisions, viz., A, B, C and D Wards and E, F and G Wards including Bandra Slaughter House, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on MONDAY, the 17th February, 1936.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc. will be issued on payment of Rupee 1 each to any one deputed to receive them by the Dy. City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 6th February, 1936.
2595.

Public Notices

NOTICE.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Superintendent of Gardens in the grade of Rs. 400-25-700, with free quarters and Conveyance Allowance of Rs. 40 less such temporary cut in the allowance as may be imposed by the Corporation. Candidates must either be horticultural experts or possess recognised Veterinary qualifications. Preference will be given to candidate possessing both the qualifications.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, experience in the management of public gardens, parks, zoo, etc. should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay together with copies of certificates so as to reach him not later than 20-2-1936. Candidates called for interview will have to bear their own travelling expenses.

The successful candidate will be entitled to the benefits of the Municipal Leave and Provident Fund Rules. The appointment will be for a period of about two years in the first instance in a leave vacancy and thereafter subject to confirmation on approved service if the post falls permanently vacant.

Canvassing in any form will disqualify a candidate.

Employees in Bombay Municipal service having the necessary qualifications are not debarred from applying for the post through the Heads of their respective Departments.

I. H. TAUNTON.
Municipal Commissioner.
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay 7th February, 1936.
2597.

GOVERNMENT OF BIHAR AND ORISSA.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

WANTED.

Two Inspectors of Boilers for Bihar and Orissa one permanent and the other on a temporary basis for three years on a time-scale pay of Rs. 300-25/2-450-50/2-650 with an efficiency bar after the tenth-stage *vius* overseas pay for officers of non-Asiatic domicile at Rs. 150 for first two years; £15 from 3rd to 7th year; £20 from 8th to 10 year and £25 thereafter. Candidates must have one or other of the following qualifications:—

(1) A University degree in Mechanical Engineering;
(2) Associate Membership of the Institute of Mechanical Engineers;
(3) The Board of Trade Certificate as First or Second class Engineers.

They must have also at least three years' experience in maintenance and running of steam-boilers. Selected candidates are required to join on or after the 1st March 1936 to undergo a training for about a month and will be on probation for six months.

2. Preference will be given to those who are natives of or domiciled in, the province.

3. Applications should be made to the undersigned in a printed form obtainable from his office and will be received up to the 20th February 1936.

4. No travelling allowance will be paid to any candidate if called for an interview.

(Sd.) J. W. HOULTON,
Secretary to the Government of Bihar and Orissa.
Revenue Department, Patna.
2596.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Summary Suit No. 2101 of 1935.

MOHANLAL DAYABHAI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Sandhurst Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
GOPAL H. LALVANI, of Karachi. Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Bunder Road, Karachi, outside Bombay. ..... Defendant.

To,
GOPAL H. LALVANI,
the defendant in the above suit.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has filed this suit against you to recover Rs. 6,153-13-0 interest and costs of the suit and you are hereby summoned to apply to this court within 10 days from the date of publication of this summons for leave to appear and defend the suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted and that in default of your appearance on the expiry of 10 days the plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 6,153-13-0 interest and costs.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1936.

Messrs. DAYALJI & DIPCHAND,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the sale by Public Auction on 24th January, 1936, by Messrs C. D. Pinto and M. J. P. De Andrade the Executors of the Will of Mr. A. M. Pinto deceased our client has contracted to purchase from them the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office No. 116-120, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

ALL THAT piece of pension and tax land, now redeemed situate at Churney Moti or Chira Bazaar, admeasuring 226 square yards bearing Collector's Old No. 127, New No. 979, Old Survey No. 74, New Survey No. 8152 and Cadastral Survey No. 568 of Bhuleshwar Division together with the dwelling house standing thereon and bounded, on the East by the Girgaum Road, on the West by the property of Messrs Coolee and Vishwanath Kandooseth on the North by the property of Janardhan Ramchandji and on the South by the property of Balkrishna Bhaskeri and Sakharam Kandoji and which said premises bear Municipal C Ward No. 2134, Street No. 264-66 and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this 5th day of February, 1936.

DALLAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(2584)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 523 of 1934.

TARABAI, widow of Nanubhai D. Daru .... Plaintiff
versus
MOOSAJI SHAIKH ESUFALLY MALLA & Ors. .... Defendants

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 2nd April, 1935 and Judge's Orders, dated 30th August, 1935, and 29th November, 1935, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 19th February, 1936, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

ALL THAT piece of Government land situate at the Village of Danda, Taluka Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, on the East side of the B.B. and C.I. Rly., Santa Cruz Station, admeasuring about 4318 square yards and bearing Survey No. 54, Pot No. 1 and Falni No. 1 Entry No. D519 with all buildings or structures standing thereon.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs MOTICHAND and DEVIDAS, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 31, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 18th day of January 1936.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAJ,
Officiating Commissioner.
2594

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Tel. No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF 608 DEFERRED SHARES OF THE WESTERN INDIA OIL DISTRIBUTING CO., LTD.

Messrs GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 13th day of February 1936 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort, under instructions from Messrs Amarchand and Mangaldas, Attorneys for Sneth Chimanlal Virchand the Receiver appointed in High Court, Suit No. 690 of 1934 and pursuant to the directions contained in the Consent Decree dated 15th October, 1935 in the above suit:—

608 Deferred Shares of the Western India Oil Distributing Co., Ltd., Nos. 1216 to 1823 each face value Rs. 100 fully paid.

Terms:—25 per cent. Deposit.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs Amarchand and Mangaldas Attorneys for the Receiver at their office at Lentin Chambers at Meadows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.
120 Apollo Street Fort Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BATH TUBS, TENTS ETC., AT DEVON MANOR, MAHIM.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 9th February, 1936, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at "Devon Manor," Old Mahim Fort near Mahim Police Station, valuable furniture such as dining tables, chairs sideboard, drawing room chesterfield suites, writing tables, show cases, almyrahs a large lot of iron and brass bedsteads, dressing tables chests of drawers teapoys a large lot of bath tubs, palm tubs tents screens cane furniture, English coal-stove, easy chairs, meat-safe etc. etc.

The property of a European Lady

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE INDIAN, CHINESE AND TIBETAN ANTIQUES, BRONZE VASES AND FIGURES, PORCELAIN JARS, CARVED FURNITURE, ETC., ETC.

Under instructions from the Party concerned and on account and at the risk of Gulam Mohidin Master, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on Monday, the 10th February 1936, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 120, Apollo Street, Fort, Antiques such as enamelled vases, idols and elephants studded with precious stones and of different sizes, Tibetan prayer tables, porcelain jars, old Rajput and Mogul paintings, sandalwood boxes, crystal and ivory figures, wall plates, bowls, large Satsuma jars, Tibetan Crown, cut-glass big lamp, carved side-tables, large size ivory Pagoda, ivory elephants with howdahs, etc. etc.

Also by order of the concerned:—

One very valuable panel, idols, jade figures, etc.

The above articles are on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD AND UNSERVICEABLE MATERIALS AT JHANSI, G.I.P. RLY., SUB-DEPOT STORES.

Messrs BENNETT & CO., Auctioneers, will, under instructions from the Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, (Bombay), sell by Public Auction at the above place on WEDNESDAY, the 19th February, 1936 at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.), materials, such as tools, files, rails, empty paint kegs, drums, steel barrels, k. oil tins, jungle wood, timber scrap, bodies, waggons, springs, bolts and nuts, axle boxes, steel plates, iron scrap, large lot of copper tubes, E. Materials, etc.

Deposit: 10 per cent. in cash.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY, SITUATE AT DHOVLI AND KIROLI IN PAPRI TALUKA, BASSEIN.

Under instructions from Messrs Shroff and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagor and the Mortgagee, Messrs BENNETT & CO., will on Sunday, the 15th March, 1936 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned property comprised in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 22nd December 1930 and expressed to be made between the said Bai Aminabai, widow of Haji Cassum Lalmahomed Hadiwalla of the one part and Bhailal Motichand of the other part at the request of the Mortgagee and with the consent of the Mortgagor Bai Aminabai, widow of Haji Cassum Lalmahomed Hadiwalla.

All those pieces of land with the bungalow, cuthouses, wells, gardens, trees, situate at Dhovli and Kiroli in Papri, Taluka Bassein, admeasuring about 5 acres, bearing Entry No. 40, etc., Survey No. 8, etc. Pot No. 1, etc., Assessment Rs. 26. and bounded on the North by the Public Road called the Khar Kanada Street, on the South by Salda Garden and Bhagwan Panachand's Garden, on the East by the Pansali Garden and on the West by land appertaining to the Fish Market and the Pansali Garden.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Shroff and Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office. 375 Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT OUR ROOMS.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT CHEWOOL (REVA DANDA), MEDHE, REVOLI, ETC., IN ALIBAUG.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 605 of 1927 (Harischandra Bhanji Medhekar and another vs. Narayan Vishwanath Medhekar and others) pursuant to the Consent Decree dated 23rd August, 1933, Messrs BENNETT & CO., will on MONDAY, the 24th February, 1936, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, 120, Apollo Street, Fort, the following properties:

LOT NO. 3.—FIRSTLY—Piece of land with dwelling house, villa, etc., at Chewool (Revadanda), Alibaug, admeasuring about 1 acre, 44 3/4 goonthas, and standing in the name of Krishnaji, Narayan Medhekar.

SECONDLY.—Piece of land at Chewool in Ambepuri Pakhadi, Alibag, with structure and well, admeasuring about 2 acres, 8 3/4 goonthas.

LOT NO 4.—Piece of land at Medhe in Rohe, Alibaug, admeasuring about 6 acres, 15 1/4 goonthas, bearing the names of the fields as Sewri, Khedi and Khodee.

LOT NO. 5.—FIRSTLY—Piece of land at Revoli, in sub-District of Rohe, Alibaug, and known by the name of Chambhartak, admeasuring about 2 acres, 14 goonthas.

SECONDLY—Piece of land at Revoli in Sub-District of Rohe, Alibaug, admeasuring about 1 acre, 26 1/4 goonthas.

THIRDLY.—3 pieces of land admeasuring respectively about 2 acres, 27 goonthas, 20 goonthas and 5 goonthas, at Revoli, in Sub-District of Rohe, Alibaug.

For further particulars and condition of sale apply to Messrs. Divekar and Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver, at 14, Hamam Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

CRAWFORD & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INAM LAND, SITUATE AT VANPURI TALUKA PURANDHAR, DISTRICT POONA.

Under instructions of the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the Estate and effects of the insolvent Major Raghunath Ganesh Dani, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, 18th February, 1936, at 3-00 P.M. (S. T.) at their Rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right title, interest and share of the above-named insolvent in the under-mentioned properties.

INAM LANDS AT VILLAGE VANPURI, TALUKA PURANDHAR, DISTRICT POONA.

S. No.	14	22 Acres	15	Gunthas
"	"	15	25	" 32 "
"	"	16	32	" 38 "

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, please apply to the undersigned.

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WILD CAT
WILD CAT
OF BOMBAY
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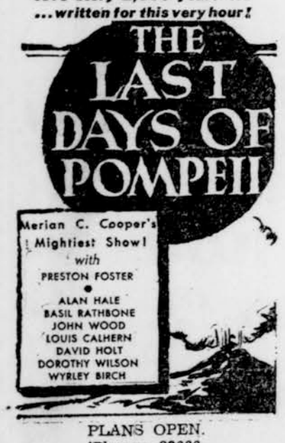

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All-India Loses 9 Wickets For 103

Macartney Plays Havoc With Leather

AUSTRALIANS MAKE 162 IN FIRST INNINGS

The Australian first innings ended at 2-35 p.m. on Friday at a total of 162, Nissar and Amarsingh capturing five wickets each conceding 61 and 54 runs respectively.

The All-Indian Team going to bat for the second time started disastrously. Wazir Ali tried in vain to stop the rot and the last four wickets fell for 7 runs. When stumps were drawn for the day the Home team lost 9 wickets for 103.

Scores:—

ALL-INDIA (1st Innings)	189
ALL-INDIA (2nd Innings for 9 wickets)	103
AUSTRALIANS (1st Innings)	162

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Feb. 7.

Owing to heavy rain this morning the ground where the match between All-India and the Australian touring team is being played is soaked with water, and it appears that play will not commence at any rate until 12 p.m. The ground staff is engaged in mopping up the water, and are even using buckets to remove the small pools which have gathered in several places. The sun has however come out strongly, and if it continues as at present play may start about 12 p.m.

As expected play commenced at noon. The crowd which had sat patiently waiting for the Umpires to give the signal for play to begin had increased to about 12,000 by noon. After the rain and under the influence of the strong sun, the wicket was not expected to be very helpful to the batsmen, and this was at once evident when Ellis and Love resumed their innings to the bowling of Amarsingh and Nissar.

Ellis was nearly caught by Wazir Ali at mid-off, in the first over of the day. As the wicket was playing anything but true, Wazir Ali had two fielders close-in to Amarsingh on either side of the wicket. Eventually Ellis was caught at forward short leg by Amarsingh (63—5—2).

Macartney came in and batted as though he realised that his side would not be great losers if they got out quickly and put the Indians in again. He drove Amarsingh to the off, high over mid-on's head and Ramsingh took a clever catch in spite of the slippery outfield. Two wickets were thus down in 15 minutes for 12 runs.

'HIT AND RUN'

Owing to wet ground the speed of bowling was at a discount and Nissar was only walking briskly from a heap of saw dust up to the bowling crease for his run up to the wicket. Love gave him a return catch off his own bowling, but Nissar apprehensive of toppling over if he attempted the catch let it go.

Mair came in after the fall of Macartney's wicket and adopted tactics that Macartney's game had suggested. Never caring whether they would get run out or caught out, Mair and Love followed the hit and run policy and despite some good work by M. M. Nayudu and Ramsingh near the wicket they ran a number of cheeky singles to the great merriment of the crowd. Mair was again dropped in the slips off a hard cut. Ramsingh and Mushtaq Ali for Nissar and Amarsingh respectively were the early changes this morning, but they did not force the batsmen into too many errors, as the batsmen themselves did not play to the book.

Hundred appeared on the board in 97 minutes, this spurt in the rate of scoring being due to Mair who himself hit up 34 runs in less than half an hour. Eventually Nissar and Amarsingh returned at 12-55. As Nissar was bowling at half pace Tiruvenkatachari stood up to the wicket for him, and off the last ball bowled before lunch caught Love very smartly. At lunch the total was 124 for seven, Mair being not out 35.

LEATHER'S SIXER.

Dark clouds were threatening rain when the game was resumed Nissar and Amarsingh being again in charge of the attack. Mair was accompanied to the crease by Leather and the two delighted the crowd with their running between the wickets and carefree hitting. Leather at one stage succeeded in hitting Amarsingh against a break, the ball landing clean out of the ground—the first sixer of the Australian innings.

An overthrow from an attempted short run sent 150 on the board, and soon afterwards, Mair cut a ball from Amarsingh into his wicket. Mair had something of a charmed life, and hit up 42 in 54 minutes. He hit four fours.

Nissar then bowled Leather at the same total (154—9—13). The Mair-Leather partnership had added 31 runs in 16 minutes.

Joe Davis, who came in at the fall of Mair's wicket and was getting his chance of batting in such a big match for the first time received a ovation from the crowd when he came in. He cut and hooked in nice style, but Nissar soon bowled Alexander, and the Australian innings ended at 2-35 for 162.

Home Side's Second Knock

The weather was full of promise of rain when Indians commenced their second innings at 2-47 p.m. having a lead of 27 runs over their opponents. Wazir Ali followed the same batting order as in the first innings. K. Bose was disinclined to make any strokes and except a neat leg-glide which brought him a single he never hit the ball in front of the wicket. Leather bowled him in his third over (6—1—1). Mushtaq followed more enterprising tactics but was unlucky and was caught at cover in Leather's next over (14—2—7).

Amarsingh joined Amarnath. Leather should have got yet another wicket in his third successive over when Amarsingh skied the ball at extra-cover but Love failing to get into position dropped the catch. The scoring was slow and only once was the ball hit to the boundary in forty minutes, Amarnath being the batsman to do this. Forty minutes' play produced 29 runs. Then Amarnath jumping out lifted Hendry to the mid-on boundary the ball dropping only a yard inside the line.

Amarsingh hit Hendry for a similar four but the next ball was out l.b.w. The experiment of trying him so high up in the list had failed in to-day's batting conditions. The third wicket fell at 37 after 45 minutes' play.

WAZIR ALI'S CAREFUL BATTING

Wazir Ali now came in himself in order to stop the rot. He was still troubled by his injured finger and was afraid to hit hard straight in front of the wicket but he made up for this by his careful placing especially against Macartney. Amarnath was batting very well when Macartney tempted him to make the very stroke which had cost him his wicket yesterday. Amarnath was caught at cover in exactly the same position (51—4—18).

By losing four wickets for 51 runs the Indian team had a worse start than the Australians yesterday.

But worse was to follow after tea when a regular procession was started, Macartney being very destructive.

At tea the total was 56 for four wickets, Wazir Ali and M. M. Nayudu being not out. On resumption Wazir Ali was bowled round his legs by Macartney. He was batting altogether for half an hour but he appeared to be not too popular with a section of the crowd who at one stage were continually shouting to him to return and barracking him with other cries. Ramsingh came in and was bowled by another beautiful ball from Macartney (58—6—0). The fifth and sixth wickets fell at 58 the last 4 wickets having fallen for 7 runs.

M. M. Nayudu who was batting very cautiously so far then decided to play Macartney on the pitch missed an attempted push and was easily stumped. The Poona player's display in both had been unimpressive as that of Bose (69—7—7). This brought Hadi and Salauddin together. Salauddin hit up 12 runs in eight minutes and then cocked up a short ball and was caught and bowled by Leather (82—8—12).

Nissar joined Hadi and at once hit out. He drove every ball of one over from Macartney getting a four and four twos in succession. Just before this, Alexander had dropped Nissar off an easy catch at short-leg. In Macartney's next over Nissar was stumped. (99—9—17). All 17 runs added for the ninth wicket were hit by Nissar.

Tiruvenkatachari came in and Hadi with a splendid square-cut off Leather sent up the hundred of Indians in 128 minutes.

Stumps were then drawn.

SCORES

INDIANS (1st Innings) 189

AUSTRALIANS: (1st Innings).

Hendry c Amarnath b Nissar	0
Bryant c Mushtaq Ali b Nissar	26
Morrisby b Amarsingh	12
Ryder l.b.w. b Amarsingh	20
Love c T. Chari, b Nissar	19
Ellis, c Bose, b Amarsingh	2
Macartney c Ramsingh b Amarsingh	3
Mair b Amarsingh	48
Leather b Nissar	13
J. Davis (not out)	4
Alexander b Nissar	1
Extras	14
Total	162

FALL OF WICKETS:—5 for 63; 6 for 73; 7 for 124; 8 for 154; 9 for 154 and 10 for 162.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Nissar	16	2	61	5
Amarsingh	17	3	54	5
Salauddin	1	0	11	0
Amarnath	1	0	6	0
Ramsingh	4	1	8	0
Mushtaq Ali	3	1	8	0

INDIANS (2nd Innings).

Bose, b Leather	1
Mushtaq Ali, c Love, b Leather	7
Amarnath, c Leather b Macartney	18
Amarsingh, l.b.w. b Hendry	10
Wazir Ali, b Macartney	16
M. M. Naidu st. Ellis b Macartney	7
Nissar, st. Ellis b Macartney	17
Ramsingh b Macartney	0
Salauddin c & b Leather	12
Hadi (not out)	10
T. Chari (not out)	0
Extras	5
Total (for 9 wickets)	103

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Labour Week

'ANTI-WAR DAY' IN BOMBAY

'Anti-War Day' was celebrated in Bombay in pursuance of the Labour Week which was observed all over India on Friday (the fourth day of the 'week') under the auspices of the B. P. T. U. C. Several meetings were held in the different parts of the City.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, General Secretary of the A. I. T. U. C. presided at the Choupatty meetings and Messrs. Z. R. Choudhary, Secretary G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union and Dhole presided at the meetings held at Mangalwadi (Girgaum), and Fergusson Road respectively.

Speakers observed, wars are inevitable as long as Capitalism and Imperialism exist in the world. Capitalism wants markets and raw materials for which reason colonies have to be acquired. The remedy lay only with the change of the existing social order.

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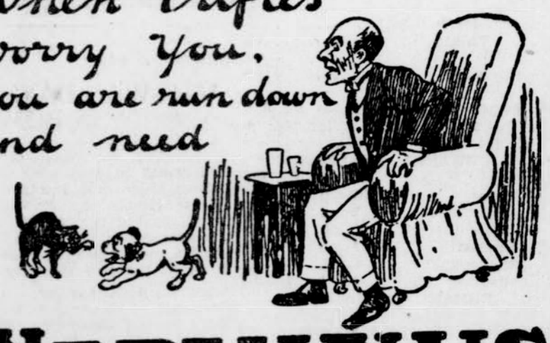

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Selections For To-day's Races

Play On Favoured In Eclipse Stakes

(By "Senex")

The following are the selections for the 2nd Day of the Big Meetings to be held to-day:—

1ST RACE
MONEY ORDER 1
BUICK 2
POPPY DAY 3

2ND RACE
RAGHUBEER 1
CRIMSON RAMBLER 2
IRISH BROADCAST 3

3RD RACE
CARNIVAL 1
SAVONETTE 2
BELLE OF YORK 3

4TH RACE
AL HAMIL 1
NASSIRWAN 2
ACE OF HEARTS 3

5TH RACE
MAYCOCK 1
THE EARL 2
LEICESTER LADY 3

6TH RACE
HERITAGE 1
THERMOMETER 2
BAY MONK 3

7TH RACE
PLAY ON 1
MAS d'ANTIBES 2
RENTENMARK 3

8TH RACE
COUNT ITO 1
OOTMAN 2
RISQUE 3

9TH RACE
CASH SWEEP 1
LINGO 2
POMPIDHOR 3

DAILY DOUBLE
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ANOTHER MEERUT CASE!

Question Of Right Of Prisoners To Interview Counsel

An important application arising out of the refusal to allow Counsel to interview undertrial prisoners in the custody of the police, was made by Mr. Purshotam Trikamdas on behalf of Akbal Singh and Somanth Laheri, two of the four accused arrested in connection with alleged Communist propaganda, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

It was stated that the police had refused to allow Counsel to interview the two prisoners.

Mr. Purshotamdas contended that the Magistrate had jurisdiction to order the interview and direct the police accordingly.

The Magistrate agreed that the prisoners were entitled to such interviews but said the matter was not in his jurisdiction.

On the application of the Police the matter was adjourned until 1 p.m. as Mr. Velinkar had been engaged to appear for the prosecution and he was busy elsewhere.

Later, when Mr. Velinkar appeared he stated that the point would not now arise as the C.I.D. did not want the prisoners any longer in their custody and they might be remanded in jail custody.

Mr. Purshotamdas said if the police had opposed his application he had authorities to show that the Court had the jurisdiction.

The Magisrate in granting the application of the police asked them when they hoped to be ready with the case. He proposed to give 14 days' remand. Mr. Velinkar suggested a longer date.

Mr. Purshotamdas with Mr. M. R. Masani, defending the accused, objected and requested the Court to fix an early date as this was a "simple case."

Mr. Velinkar: So was the Meerut Case!!

Mr. Purshotamdas: Are you going to make this another Meerut trial?

Mr. Velinkar: "You never know!! What does it matter? You are paid, I am paid, the Magistrate is paid by the Government. (Laughter.)

Magistrate: Is this going to be another Meerut Case?

Mr. Purshotamdas: Your Worship will be reserved for the next three years for this case. (Laughter.)

Mr. Velinkar: I do not know yet what the position is.

The case was fixed for hearing on February 20.

REMISSION FOR GWALIOR FARMERS

GWALIOR, February 7.

With a view to ameliorating the condition of the poverty-stricken agriculturists of the State, whose crops have been successively damaged on account of drought, frost and other causes, the Government of the Gwalior State have, it is reported granted remissions in the current year's land revenue ranging from Rs. 12/8 per cent. to Rs. 15/10 per cent.—United Press.

An Allahabad message says a Sub-Committee appointed by the Congress Working Committee with Seth Purshottamdas Tandon, as convener has started collecting facts from all provinces of India regarding peasants' grievances.

RICH ZAMINDAR SHOT DEAD

Brutal Outrage Creates Sensation In Hyderabad Town

KARACHI: Feb. 7.

According to a report from Hyderabad (Sind), great sensation has been caused there by an outrage last evening when on hearing the report of the fire of a gun the Police arrived at a by-lane scene and discovered a wealthy zamindar lying in a pool of blood.

The Police recorded the dying declaration of the victim.

The deceased is said to have stated that a "Mir," who bore him grudge, fired thrice at him, while he was resting on a cot on return from work.

Shortly after giving the statement the zamindar died.

The victim's son corroborated the story.

Vigorous Police investigations are proceeding.

LIFE SENTENCE FOR CLEANER

Stabbed Motor Union Manager & Attempted Suicide

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, Feb. 5.

Sentence of life transportation was pronounced yesterday by Mr. D. D. Nanavati, Sessions Judge, on Dashrath, a motor cleaner, under Section 320 I. P. C.

Dashrath, attached to the Paranjape Motor Union, was dismissed for having secretly sold some petrol. The accused thereafter in the course of an altercation wit hthe manager of the Union stabbed the latter with fatal results. Dashrath then attempted to commit suicide by stabbing himself in the abdomen but after being removed to hospital he recovered. The stabbing affray happened in broad daylight at about ten in the morning in the vicinity of Reay Market.

Notorious Housebreaker Sentenced

(From Our Correspondent,)
POONA, Feb. 5.

Mirdadshah Pathan, who was arrested while attempting to break into a house in Rasta Peth on 6th July last and who had later escaped from the city police lock-up only to be re-arrested after a protracted hunt lasting for about five days, was sentenced by Mr. A. K. Phadkar, Assistant Sessions Judge, to undergo rigorous imprisonment for five years and one year respectively under Sections 324 and 458 I. P. C. respectively.

He was held not guilty under Section 307 . P. C., attempt to murder.

HAILSTORM DESTROYS CROPS IN C. P.

JUBBULPORE, February 7.

According to a Handla message, considerable damage is reported to have been caused to the standing crops on account of severe showers of hailstorm.

The crops in the Jubbulpore district also are reported to have been damaged to a considerable extent on account of the belated and untimely rains.—United Pres.

REMEDY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT

Mr. Warty Advocates Simple Living And Taking Any Job That Comes

"In all your actions, be wise and thoughtful, combine the energetic activism of Arjuna with the wise fore-thought of Lord Krishna, and then only success is sure." In these words, Mr. S. G. Warty exhorted the young men that gathered at the Kanara Brotherhood to hear his address on the "Problems before the Modern Youth" under the presidentship of Mr. R. S. Padbidri, the President of the Brotherhood.

The youth of the country were at all times its greatest assets, said Mr. Warty, and he answered some of the charges brought against modern youth, such as indiscipline, impatience, etc. He thought that these were to be interpreted as signs of their desire for freedom to and to get out of the shackles of age-long custom.

Most Serious Problem

Of all the problems that confronted the youth of the country, un-employment was the most serious. Mr. Warty discussed the various remedies such as industrialization, socialism, sharing the

Lady Phyllis Macrae, sister of Lady Erskine, who arrived by the mail boat on Thursday.

job, etc., but thought that they were either impracticable in the present circumstances or would not bring immediate relief. To him the only remedy, for the present was absolute simplicity of living and accepting any job that comes. After all, the man ennobled the job and not the job the man.

If graduates were to undertake social service in villages on small remuneration, there was work for 20,000 of them just now in the Bombay Presidency alone. We must cultivate a new sense of values and not judge of men by their material assets and bank accounts, said Mr. Warty.

In Mr. Warty's opinion, modern youth had to play a great part in building the nationality of India and the greatest problem they had to solve was that of communalism. The heroic conception of life, according to Mr. Warty, did not consist in dominating other communities, bu in forbeorance and tolerance.

Social Reform

In the matter of Social reform and Social service, great ground was yet to be recovered. Similarly, there was need of cultivating and spreading a true religious temper by studying the truths of all religions and eradicating the evils that passed under the name of religion. Lastly, Mr. Warty asked the young men to cultivate an international outlook and to regard the whole of mankind as one.

The President, Mr. R. S. Padbidri, in his closing speech, advised the young men to think over what the learned speaker had said and further remarked that the population in North Kanara was, as compared to any province in India except for some parts in Bihar gradually decreasing. The young men should, therefore, he observed, go on a tour and visit these parts and carry on economic investigations into the conditions that are prevailing there.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY ELECTION

Mr. L. K. Khare's Candidature

Mr. L. K. Khare is a candidate for election to the Bombay University Senate from the Graduates' Constituency at the forthcoming election.

The Government of India have received a wire from International D'Hygiene Publique of Paris that since the 1st of February, Greece demands from air passengers coming from Calcutta certificates of vaccination against smallpox.

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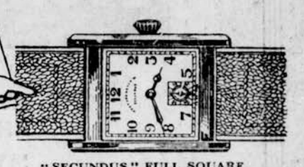

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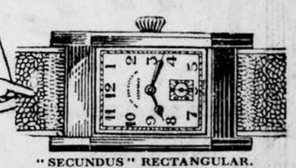

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LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 1, 1992
Muslim: Jilkad 14, 1354
Parsi: Shoherever 5, 1305
Hightide 0-48 12-49
Lowtide: 6-57, 3-7
Sunrise: 7h. 11m.
Sunset: 6h. 35m.

S. S. 'Rajputana' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: Big Meeting, Second Day.
Dr. M. N. Dhalla's lecture on Our Indo-Iranian Heritage, C. J. Hall, 6-0 p.m. Sir Stanley Reed presiding.

MONDAY, February 10.

Bombay Medical Council, Secretariat, 12 noon

TUESDAY, February 11

British and Foreign Bible Society (Bombay Auxiliery): annual meeting, Y. W. C. A. Hall, Mayo Road, 6-15 p.m.

LAL BAVTA PRABHAT PHERI

The "Red Flag Prabhat Pheri" (one of the programmes of the Labour Week) will start from the B.P.T.U.C. Office at Poibavdi Parel at 7 a.m. on (Sunday) and march through Lalbagh to DeLi-le Road maidan where Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, General Secretary of the A.I.T.U.C. will hoist the Red Flag. The members of several working class organisations, volunteers, members of the Congress Socialist Party, the Bekar Kamgar Sangh and workers will join the Prabhat Pheri.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The School of Indian Music will arrange a free concert to the public to-day (Saturday) in their school hall at 5-30 p.m.

THE SWASTIK LEAGUE

A three mile fast walking race for members above the age of 40 will take place to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-15 a.m. (S.T.)

THE REGAL TO-DAY & TO-MORROW at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

Miriam Hopkins, who gave such a vivid and striking performance in "Barbary Coast" now appears in a contrasting dramatic role that will win the applause of audiences and critics alike as one of the finest characterizations of the year! with

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Only A Few Reserved Seats At Rs. 4-8-0.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"First a Girl" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Splendor" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
ROXY—"Wild Cat of Bombay" Daily at 5-45, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Carter the Great" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Mutiny on the Bounty" Time as usual.
PATHE—"Top Hat" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"The Last Days of Pompeii" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Raj Ramni" Time as usual.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE—"Stars over Broadway" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—Dhoop-Chhaon" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Dharmatma" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Savitri" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"De-Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
APOLLO—"Devdas" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Roberta" Daily at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY PROGRAMME

5-30 p.m. I.B.S. Orchestra. 5-40 p.m. "Village Industry." A talk in Hindustani. 5-45 p.m. Rashida Begum (Thumri and Ghazals). 6 p.m. H.H. Chughtai (Sitar Kidara). 6-15 p.m. Rashid Begum (Bhajans and Ghazals). 6-45 p.m. Abdul Waheed Khan Chishti Sabiri (Classical Music). 7-30 p.m. "Italy-kekisan" by Chowhari Mukhtar Singh. 7-45 p.m. Abdul Waheed Khan (Classical Music). 9-15 p.m. News in Hindustani. 9-30 p.m Time Signal and News in English. 9-45 p.m. "Pekin to Kashgar" by Sir Eric Teichman. 10 p.m. Ek Adad Mian By Allama Kaifi, a Comedy (Directed by K. M. Iftikharulla).

Delhi Programme

6 p.m. Time Signal. 6-15 p.m. Classical Music. Prof. Faiyaz Hasan Khan of Baroda. 7-30 p.m. A talk on Village Industries. 7-45 p.m. Classical Music. By Prof. Faiyaz Hasan Khan of Baroda. 9-15 p.m. News in Hindustani. 9-30 p.m. Time Signal. News in English. 9-45 p.m. "Ek adad Mian"—A comedy. By Allama Kaifi. 10-45 p.m. Close down

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The New Georgian Trio. 8-5 p.m. Ireland v. England. A running commentary on the International Rugby Union football match, relayed from Dublin. 9-45 p.m. Dance Music.† 10 p.m. News. 10-15 p.m. Pianoforte Solos.† 10-30 p.m. Close down

*Electrical recording. †Gramophone records.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We have received a copy of calendar for 1936 from Lily Buscuit Company Princess Street Bombay.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, Penang and Japan per S. S. "Kidderpore" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3-30 p.m. on Saturday the 8th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENT

The O.S.K. Steamer "Mantai Maru" left Colombo on February 5 and is due to arrive in Bombay on February 9.

LECTURE ON MENINGITIS

A clinical meeting will be held at the Arthur Road Hospital to-day at 7-30 p.m. when Dr. P. T. Patel will speak on "Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis" and demonstrate cases.

KANARA BROTHERHOOD

Under the auspices of the Kanara Brotherhood, there will be a vocal music programme to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at the Brotherhood Hall.

BOHRA YOUTH LEAGUE

A meeting of the Bohra Youth League will be held to-day (Saturday), at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) When Mr. T. A. Roowalla will preside and Mr. Joakim Alva and Mr. Ashok Mehta will speak on "Modern Revolt".

THE SOUTH INDIAN SANGEETHA SABHA

There will be a Harikatha-Kalakshepam on Sri Krishna Chakrodaya at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) on (Sunday) the 9th inst. at the Bramjee Jeejeebhoy Hall, Matunga, G.I.P.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR WOMEN (SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE) PAREL

Dr. Shridhar V. Oak will conduct a class in "First Aid" for women in Marathi at the above school at 1 p.m. every Saturday commencing from to-day (Saturday).

JAMNADAS MEHTA ON NEW CONSTITUTION

Under the auspices of H. G. Jain Hostel Students' Union, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta will deliver a lecture on "The New Constitution" at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the hall of the Hostel at 148, Lamington Road.

15 MILES FAST CYCLE RACE

The Sports Committee of the Shri Yuvak Mitra Mandal will hold their second 15-miles fast cycle race in March 1936.

The race will be open for any member of the Hindu community. Intending competitors are requested to obtain the necessary particulars and entry-forms at Shri Yuvak Stores, New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi Road, or The Yuvak Industrial Home, Ladwadi, C. P. Tank, or Messrs. Gordon and Company, Kirti Building, Forbes Street, Fort.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondent)

Water Scarcity In Suburbs

With the rainy season off, water scarcity again stares the suburbs in the face. Great inconvenience is, again, the lot of the residents of Khar and already a complaint is heard from the Chuim village near Bandra. No improvements have been effected so far and as usual there is every likelihood that the authorities concerned will again resort to regulation of water pressure during limited hours. It is needless to add that such a step would cause still more inconvenience to the residents of the suburbs. Hitherto it was the practice that water mains were occasionally tapped during morning hours in summer to water the dusty roads in Khar to add to the difficulties. It is essential that the suburban residents should wake up early and get into touch with the municipal authorities, so that regular supply is not curtailed. Already jets in many taps are fading off, and it is to be feared that it is an indication of what is in store for the suburban residents during the next few months, until the monsoon breaks again.

Railway Season Tickets

The question of putting down the addresses of the season-ticket holders, together with their names, in the season-tickets is engaging the attention of the railway authorities at present. There are a number of season-ticket holders, who lose their tickets, and if by chance the finders intimate them through the newspapers they get them back otherwise they are lost. Again all the newspapers do not publish this kind of news gratis and the finders would not care to undergo the expenses for the same. It is desirable that the railway authorities provide a little space in the season-tickets for addresses to be put down by the issuing clerks. The difficulty of finding the owners then will be obviated and the railway administration will make a great improvement in the matter of issuing season-ticket.

KATHAKALI

At Khar

The chilly dullness of the model suburb was broken yesterday night by the Kathakali dancers from Malabar who gave an excellent performance at the C. K. P. Hall. It was a natural and realistic exposition of the great art of Kathakali and unlike in Capitol and other similar theatres, the stage was set in a background fully in keeping with the best and most peculiar traditions of Kathakali. The players were naturally at their best.

Although the technique of Kathakali is too difficult and subtle for an untrained audience, yesterday's performance showed how far these mute dancers could carry the spectators with them.

"Poothana-Moksham" or the Salvation of Poothana, a story taken from the great epic Bhagavata, was so successfully acted by a few hand gestures and facial expressions that one would wonder whether the legend could have been better told using all the wealth and verbosity of language. The picture of the domestic life of the "Gopis" or cow-girls which "Poothana" sees on her way to the infant Krishna was drawn in all its equisite simplicity and detail which really transcends all language.

"Kuchela-Gopala" in which the chief character is Kuchela, also reached its usual level of excellence. The part of Kuchela or Sudama, the old classmate of Krishna was assumed by one who is a master of the art of Kathakali and a preceptor of the Kerala Kalamandalam school. Mr. Kurup is so quite at ease with Kuchela's part that he has earned for him the popular sobriquet of Kuchela-Kurup.

Kiratha-Arjuna which came last is a legend from Mahabharatha immortalised by the great Sanskrit poet Bharavi in his epic poem of that name. The play is capable of great dramatic heights and riot of emotions and the actors splendidly rose to the occasion. The Kalamandalam dancers are steadily drawing to them an ever increasing number of admirers outside their own orbit and which they rightly deserve.

HINDU ANTI-CASTE COSMOPOLITAN DINNER

Under the auspices of the Bombay Zunaka-Bhakar Anti-Caste Dinner Association the Second Cosmopolitan Dinner will be held on (Tuesday) next at the Muzaferrabad Hall, when Bal Gandharv, Vasantee and Master Krishnarao of 'Dharmatma' famie will be present,

The Dinner is open to Hindus only. Untouchables are invited to take part in the function.

The charge for the dinner per head is Annas 4 only.

Tickets can be had at the "Nirbheed" office, Mithabai Building, opposite Sir Harkisondas Hospital, New Charni Road, Girgaon, till Monday the 11th inst.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE'S FUNCTIONS

The functions have been arranged by the Schools' Committee of Bombay Municipality viz. the opening of an Exhibition of the Education Week and the Physical Culture Display under the presidentship of Mr. S. N. Moos, Deputy Director of Public Instruction and the Hon. Sir Pheroze C. Sethna, respectively to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday).

MOVE FOR AN AT HOME TO POET VALLATHOL

At an ordinary general meeting of the Kerala Reading Room and Social Club held on Thursday last the members unanimously voted for the resolution brought in by Mr. U. M. Menon to give an at home to Poet Vallathol and party. A committee of six has been appointed for the purpose.

EVENING MASS MEETING

On Sunday evening a mass meeting of the workers will be held, under the auspices of the B.P.T.U.C., at Lalbagh Maidan at 5-30 p.m. Mr. S. H. Jhabvala will preside. Messrs. Khedgikar, V. B. Karnik Y. J. Meher Ali, D. L. Pathak, Bhise, Bhogle will speak.

MOONLIGHT BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.

The Band of the 1st Bn. G.I.P. Railway, Regiment A.F.I., will play a programme of music at the Victoria Garden, Byculla, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) commencing at 9 p.m. (S.T.)

"UNEMPLOYMENT DAY"

Under the auspices of the B.P.T.U.C. mass meetings of the workers will be held at the following places to-day (Saturday) to observe the "Unemployment Day, one of the programmes of the Labour Week.

Kapidas Maidan at 5-30 p.m. President:—S. D. Patil, Speakers Kulkarni, Bhise, Suryavansi Taldeokar.

Sewri at 5-30 p.m. President:—Bhogle Speakers Chawdhary, Potkar Sharma, Kondvikar, Rane, Amonekar.

Labour-Camp (Matunga, G.I.P.) at 8 p.m. President:—Salvi Speakers Khedgikar, Karnik, Pathak Vaidya.

A CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.

Dr. R. R. Thakkar writes:

A charitable trust dispensary is contemplated to be opened very shortly suggestions from the public are cordially invited, as to where it is required and shold be opened. All communications must be addressed to the following address:—Dr. R. R. Thakkar, Vile Parle, Bombay.

GAMBLING BILL

Police Commissioner Signs Select Committee's Report

Amendment of Gambling Act.—A Bombay Government Gazette notification states:—With reference to the footnote to the Report of the Select Committee on Bill No. XLIII of 1935 (A Bill to amend the Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act, 1887, and the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902), published in the "Bombay Government Gazette", Part V, dated 30th January, 1936, Mr. W. R. G. Smith, M.L.C., has signed the Report of the Select Committee.

Also the Funeral of the Late KING GEORGE V

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1936

AN OBNOXIOUS ACT

Those members of the Legislative Assembly, who voted against Government's motion for the closure of the debate on Mr. B. Das's Bill to repeal the Criminal Law Amendment Act of 1908, deserve to be congratulated on their success in frustrating the reprehensible plan to prevent even a full discussion on one of the most obnoxious Acts on the Statute Book. The repealing Bill was introduced in March last in accordance with the Congress Party's pledge to attempt to repeal all repressive laws. It seeks to repeal an Act which authorises Government to declare unlawful any association which in its opinion "interferes or has for its object interference with the administration of the the law or with the maintenance of law and order" or "constitutes a danger to the public peace." The Act, like all others directed against anti-Government agitation, is so vaguely worded as to bring under its purview almost any institution Government dislike and is itself a menace to public liberties, particularly when Government are not responsible to the people.

Its Misuse

As was to be expected Government opposed even the consideration of the repealing Bill at the Simla session of the Assembly in September last. But, thanks to the support the Congress Party obtained from some other groups, the motion for the consideration of the Bill was passed by 65 votes against 60. It was on this occasion that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai made a very forceful speech, describing the Act as pernicious in its operations and atrocious in all the work that it did. As an instance of the way in which Government suspect and harass the most innocent institutions, Mr. Sri Prakash cited, in the present Assembly session, the case of the Kashi Vidyapith, which, he said, had been searched 150 times during the last 15 years of its existence, but on none of these occasions had a single incriminating article been found in its premises. Several of its students had been detained for months in jail and then found innocent. Mr. Sri Prakash also pointed out how even now a purely educational institution like the Prem Mahavidyalaya had remained closed for three and a half years. The Hindustani Seva Dal still continues to be treated by Government as an unlawful association. Instances like these show to what extent abnormal repressive measures can be and are being abused in India. When the existence of such measures is under discussion Government plead that they are necessary to cope with particular movements. But once they are on the Statute Book, they are enforced against all sorts of nationalist institutions.

A Patriotic Duty

Though Government have been defeated in their indefensible attempt to stifle debate on a vital question concerning the elementary rights of the people, we cannot speculate about the final fate of the Bill. Sir Cowasji Jehangir and Sir H. P. Mody, whose votes against the closure motion turned the tables against Government, explain their attitude by saying that they only wanted to give to the Opposition leaders full opportunity to have their say on the subject. In other words they explain that their voting does not necessarily indicate their sympathy with the Bill. The insulting remarks which some officials are reported to have made to Sir Cowasji show their rage at the slightest refusal to be subservient to them. They had probably regarded him as a safe Government's supporter. It is not a good reputation for an Indian to be regarded as a tool to be used by Government in carrying on repression. Let Government's nominees vote to Government's dictation at the final voting of the Bill though we have no doubt Mr. N. M. Joshi will, as always, vote on the Nationalist side. But elected members owe a duty to the public not to surrender public liberties and the very existence of public institutions to the mercy of a Government not responsible to the people. Mr. B. Das has appealed to absentee members to be present in Delhi on the 13th instant. They will be betraying their country if they fail to respond to this appeal.

A Paradox

In one sense Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's address to a representative gathering of M.P.'s marked a pathetic paradox. For, a foreigner was teaching the essence of democracy to what Englishmen proudly call the mother of Parliaments and nursery of democracy. The paradox is further emphasized by the fact that Jawaharlal was dealing with a question in regard to which the British Parliament has betrayed not only indifference to but a cool and unabashed denial of the very fundamentals of democracy. For the India Act is nothing if not a complete denial and negation of the principles of national freedom and representative government.

The British Parliament being capable of passing such an Act, it is not surprising that its members, especially Tory members, should have sought to defend that outrage on Democracy through questions put to Pandit Jawaharlal. For persons like Lady Astor and Mr. Lenox-Boyd lost in proud admiration of British tutelage—trusteeship of the masses!—and the British Army—they call it too by some characteristically British name—it is impossible to realise that their "India Act" and their questions constitute an insult to Indian national self-respect and a cynical disregard of the economic problems of the unfortunate people of this country. That is the tragedy of Britain, but so far as India is concerned, Jawaharlal did well to explain that "the Congress stood for complete independence, because India wanted to be outside the range of British Imperialism."

Syria Demands Independence

The statement issued by the Nationalist Party of Syria gives the background as well as the details of the present political agitation against France. It recalls how, on the disruption of the Turkish Empire, Syria was handed over to France under a mandate, "as a preliminary step towards the realization of complete independence." Since then, they point out, their country has been groaning and suffering under the yoke of the French Government. The country is being badly and unsympathetically governed, the leaders of the Nationalists are being exiled, the economic condition of the country is becoming worse and unemployment has reached a critical stage. It is, in short, a typical story of imperialist exploitation and the Syrian demand of independence deserves urgent satisfaction. But knowing the League of Nations as we do and the influence that France exercises in its deliberations only a super-optimist could hope for any justice from the trustees of civilization at Geneva.

JAWAHARLAL IN LONDON

A Crowded Programme

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, January 28.
(By Air Mail.)

A long queue outside the Victoria Station on a Sunday afternoon and an equally good contingent of Indians with their English friends inside were the two scenes I noticed. The former was a chain of endless British mourners of King George V wanting to reach the Westminster Hall to file past the catafalque, the latter wanting to greet their fellow-countryman, Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, who was travelling from Badenweiler to spend a week in London. The policemen inside the Victoria station on duty did not know that Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru was a passenger on the train by which several royalties from the Continent were arriving in London to attend the royal funeral. They felt for some time, as did the crowd of English people, that the Indian gathering was on the platform to see the foreign kings and potentates. However, the train arrived and the "Little Man from the East" alighted with two suitcases in his hands without the ceremonial pomp which was being enacted on the same platform as the royal personages signified their arrival. Up and down the platform the Indians and their friends went in search of their guest who was standing in a corner wondering where his London hosts were! In a minute an Indian girl student discovered the "find." "He is there," she said, and the gathering of over 100 Indians and English friends of Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru greeted him one by one. Miss Ellen Wilkinson, M.P., gave her usual smile so did Dr. Pratul Bhandari, Miss Agatha Harison and Mr. Krishna Menon.

Congratulations

"Well, my wife is, I think slightly better" was Punditji's first reply to the anxious enquiries. "But", he said, "I believe before I leave London she will be removed to Lausanne where I will go from this place on the 6th February." When asked what was his immediate programme Punditji said he was ignorant of it inasmuch as it was Miss Ellen Wilkinson, Mr. Krishna Menon and a few other personal friends who were responsible for arranging it. One correspondent was tempted to ask him if he would recommend his countrymen the acceptance of ministerial posts under the new Government of India Act and Punditji was quick enough to say that he could not say anything on the subject until he had reached India and held consultations with his colleagues.

Earlier in the day we had read in the newspapers a message from Bombay that Punditji was unanimously elected President of the forthcoming session of the Congress at Lucknow. Naturally, I conveyed to him the congratulations of your readers. "I do not know why you are congratulating me," he said, "if you think my wife is better you are mistaken, if the congratulations are for the recent statement of the Bengal Government then....." "No, Punditji," I said; "I congratulate you on being elected the President of the Congress. We have this news in to-day's newspapers." "Oh, I see," Punditji interrupted; "but that is news to me. News concerning me seems to travel quicker to you than to me. I have no official intimation from the Congress Committee on my reported election. From what I know of it the election could not have taken place by now and I think I am right that the congratulations are a bit premature.

Punditji arrived on Sunday afternoon and ever since then he has been keeping engagements with different people of various political shades of opinion. He spent the evening in the company of his friends, but went to a political discussion later in the night. On Monday (yesterday) the British, American and Continental journalists claimed him for almost over two hours. Miss Ellen Wilkinson attempted to make a formal introduction of Pundit Jawaharlal. She almost hesitated to do so as she was conscious that the Indian leader hardly needed any introduction. However, she said: "Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru is perhaps the most widely known person in India next to Mahatma Gandhi and he is elected to the Presidentship of the forthcoming session of the Congress. He is now at the mercy of the British Press." Hardly had she uttered these words than Punditji removed the misunderstanding about his presidential election and a correspondent asked him if his election was quite as uncertain as that of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald. This joke at the cost of the ex-Prime Minister of England made the company laugh heartily.

Their Ignorance

"When you meet the leaders of different parties in this country what do you propose to tell them?"

(Continued on Page 8 Col. 3.)

Hitler's Outburst

Nazi Germany Can Learn Much From Indian Civilisation And Culture

By K. F. NARIMAN.
II.

Again our notions of hospitality, tolerance, freedom or religion and conscience, and even of democracy and constitutional rights and privileges are certainly much higher and nobler than the crude antiquated ideas of modern Nazism.

It is both amazing to find repression and persecution, perpetrated in the name of religion and race even in these modern days of enlightenment, progress and education in this supposed land of western civilisation under Hitlerite Nazi regime. Since August 1934, when that venerable symbol of old German tradition, President von Hindenburg, departed from his Fatherland, the only effective brake on Nazi absolutism and autocracy was removed thus letting loose Nazi fanaticism in the most flenzed form on the whole land, regardless either of moral consideration or world public opinion. Within a few months freedom of the press and conscience, local self-government, democracy and, lastly, even the whole constitution ended, transferring all power rights, privileges, responsibilities and duties to one irresponsible Dictator, who is not answerable to any Cabinet, Assembly or Law.

Contrast With East

Modern world in more democratised East, would not tolerate autocracy. The East has got rid of all the antiquated traditions and institutions, as are not suited to more modern progressive time and ideas; but Germany, with a supposed and much boosted superior civilisation and progress, is reviving these ancient notions and ideas of absolutism and autocracy, so long cast off by the East. What is long discarded by the East is now assumed and adopted by the West as a new reform and novel method of Government. Jews are hunted out of the country, though the land belongs to them as much as to Nazis or any other. Even a section of Catholics is persecuted and the modern revived Germany, reminds one more of the old intolerant and fanatical days of inquisitions and religious persecutions.

Nazi Injustice

About a year ago, more than 700 confessional Catholic pastors, were arrested in Germany and sent to prison for their religious belief and faith; even old revered nuns are not spared and some of them had to suffer the indignity and hardships of prison life because they would not change their belief according to Nazi dictation. Most elementary rights of citizenship are denied to the ancient Jewish race, that have contributed much to build up modern Germany. Persecution does not even spare innocent children, depriving them of the elementary human right of education and medical relief; no Jew can own or edit a paper; thousands are compelled to leave the country and have settled down in a new colony in Palestine under British and League mandated territories. They are allowed to take away with them only one-third of their wealth and fortune, the rest two-thirds, is left behind to the transmitted to them in such German goods as the State can spare. Thus though Palestine is distinctly hostile to Nazi State, still imports of German goods, on account of this unfair arrangement, have actually increased, instead of being boycotted. A few months ago Rust, Nazi Minister of 'Culture', declared that complete social segregation of German pupils would be enforced, so that Jewish pupils would not be admitted in Nazi German schools. The result of this anti-Jewish agitation in universities was that the number of Jewish students, is reduced from 91.480 to 656.

All those who refuse to put up Nazi flags on holidays are severely victimized and punished, either dismissed from their employment or deprived of all other amenities and benefits.

Hitler's Autocracy

When Hitler was appointed Chancellor, he swore to respect and obey the New Constitution; still as soon as he came to power, his first act was to pass a decree abrogating the Weimer Constition he had only recently sworn to respect and obey. He was made Feuhrer for life, combining the post of President and Chancellor, and all laws restricting powers of President, and imposing Chancellor's responsibility to Parliament, were repealed; none can depose or indict or even criticise him. This was the magical effect of one empowering Bill in March 1933. There is no written Constitution at present, and Hitler's will is the law of the land in all spheres, departments and activities, including foreign policy, local self-government and Home Department and Church affairs.

No single individual in the modern world has for long enjoyed such absolute and arbitrary autocracy, but all this is justified and defended, with the sole object of reviving a fallen and weakened Germany

India's Higher Civilisation

Now contrast this dark picture of a 'civilization' of modern West, with the much higher moral human standard of life, not only of India of to-day, but of ancient India: Tolerance, broadmindedness and indulgence with regard to different religious faiths and beliefs, absolute freedom of conscience and, above all, the existence of a better and more efficient type of democracy even in ancient India. From times immemorial this very persecuted race of Jews, that find no quarters even in their adopted home-land Germany today, and equally harassed conservative section of Catholics, that find no protection for the Christian religion in the supposed land of Christianity were both welcomed with open arms on the hospitable shores of India centuries ago and both they and their religion found ages ago and even find to-day an absolutely safe asylum, amidst the tolerant and highly civilised, cultured inhabitants of this ancient land. It is a known and admitted historical fact, that when these Christian and Jewish religions were hunted out in ancient times from their intolerant land, they were saved under the protective wings of Indian Princess and people; and even to-day the Indian shore has extended hospitality and protection, to some of these persecuted Jew victims, who have found a safer and more peaceful home in this strange and distant land of India than their own fatherland of Germany. To them at least India has appealed as more civilised than modern Germany. Never in the days of the most fanatical rulers, either Hindus or Mahomedans, we find the pages of Indian history so darkened and blackened with intolerance, repression and persecution in the name of religion as the dark pages of the Nazi German history to-day; and never again

(Continued on Page 10 Col. 5.)

Frankly Speaking

ILL-ADVISED

Prince Starhemberg's earlier declaration undertaking that Austria would not consider the restoration of the Hapsburgs without the consent of the Little Entente had set at rest, as it was bound to do, anxieties about the confusion in Europe being worse confounded through this very difficult and troublesome issue. But that declaration has been modified by Prince Starhemberg who now practically suggests that the question of restoration would not necessarily depend on the consent of the Little Entente. Whether or no the Prince was influenced by Archduke Otto, his later statement will revive suspicions, anxieties and international intrigues. The Prince would have been well advised to let his earlier statement stand. For, sooner or later the German menace would have compelled the Little Entente to purchase protection against it even at a heavy price.

CHIANG'S CHOICE

So China has again been rescued from the recurring Communist menace! A Canton message gives the reassuring news that "The 'Red' threat to Kweiyang has been averted by the rival reinforcements of the Central Government troops from Yunnan and aeroplanes from Nanking before whom the Communists retreated rapidly." General Chiang Kai Shek, alias "the Central Government", would, no doubt, congratulate himself heartily on the victory. But no true well-wisher of China, be he a Socialist or otherwise, can share the Chinese Dictator's joy with any degree of pleasure. The Chinese "Communists" are greater nationalists than Chiang Kai Shek and his followers. They stand for Chinese independence while the record of the Central Government is characterised by progressive submission and surrender to Japan. Considering the situation in China, the primarily duty of any patriot is to conciliate "Communists" and present a United Front to the invader. General Chiang, however, evidently believes that Chinese "Communism" is a graver menace to China than Japanese Imperialism!

MOTILAL NEHRU.

It can be safely asserted that there was not a single word of exaggeration in the tribute paid by Mr. Munshi on Thursday last to the late Pundit Motilal Nehru. He deserved all that was said of him. In fact he deserved more. He was not only a Prince among patriots. A rare combination of the realist and idealist he did not consider any sacrifice too great in the service of the country and the great cause that he espoused. He has placed his countrymen under a deep debt of gratitude which can only be repaid by following in his footsteps. And we earnestly share the hope expressed by Sjt. Nagindas Master that what Pundit Motilal visualised in his life-time would be achieved by the country under the leadership and guidance of his illustrious son, Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru.

WELL DONE.

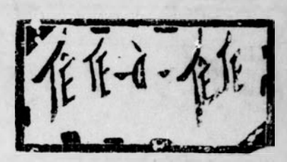
We congratulate Sir Cowasji Jehangir, as also Sir Homi Mody on joining the popular side in the division on Thursday last. The division was taken only on the question whether discussion on Mr. B. Das' Bill should be abruptly choked as demanded by Government. It was thus just an honest and sportsmanlike act on the part of Sir Cowasji and Sir Homi to let the Opposition have a fair chance. Their conduct was unexceptionable which aggravates all the more the offensiveness of the attitude adopted by Sir Henry Craik and Sir James Grigg. We are not surprised at the inability of Government to take a defeat with good grace. But the behaviour of Front Bench officials, coupled with cheap if characteristically bureaucratic gibes flung at Sir Cowasji, is an instructive commentary on the mentality of Government members as regards Congress and what they expect from non-Congress M.L.A.'s. We congratulate, we repeat, Sir Cowasji and we congratulate him particularly on the dignified manner in which he gave the only possible reply to Sir Henry Craik and Sir James Grigg.

FIRING ON CROWDS

Police officers and magistrates in India may with advantage take to heart some of the remarks made by Mr. Huby, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge of Patna, in delivering his judgment in a case in which a Sub-Divisional Officer ordered firing on a crowd for its alleged rioting and disobedience of magisterial orders. Mr. Huby, who claims to have had "some experience of communal rioting" but had "never found it necessary to order firing," remarks that in the case in question firing was not necessary and that the S. D. O. seemed to have ordered firing "to reassert his flouted authority" and directed it at men "who at the moment were not committing any offence." We cannot believe that cases in which a desire to reassert flouted authority prompts firing are quite so few as they seem to be. Firing should not be resorted to till more civilised methods of dealing with riotous crowds, like the use of tear gas, are tried and have failed.

SANITATION IN DHARAVI.

The measures proposed to be taken by the Municipal Commissioner to improve the sanitary condition of Dharavi are commendable so far as they go, but they hardly go far enough. The Commissioner is quite right in stating that the insanitary conditions of the locality are due, among other causes, to the absence of proper roads, the difficulty of scavenging and conservancy, and inadequate drainage arrangements. But it is not enough for him to explain the causes of the insanitary conditions—the causes are obvious—but he should take all necessary steps to improve the conditions. And it will not do to neglect any necessary ones on the ground that the locality is not in a position to pay their cost. It is a wrong principle to extend to any locality only such sanitary improvements as it can pay for. The insanitation of any locality in a city affects the health of City as a whole, and its proper sanitary condition is one of the first charges on the general municipal revenue.



U.P. POLICE.

Economy Measures

ABOLITION OF POLICE STATIONS.

—Headlines.

Let there be no stinting at least in this.

* * * *

The proceedings of the Assembly are becoming distinctly lively, thanks to Sir Henry Craik. The following extract from Thursday's proceedings shows how even Home Members, at moments, lose their self-control and give vent to wholly un-Home-Member-like wisecracks.

There followed a veritable battle between the baronet and Sir Henry Craik. Addressing Sir Cowasji Jehangir who had voted with the Opposition the Home Member, Sir Henry Craik, said: "Why don't you pay four annas and join the Congress?"

Sir James Grigg also added: "I shall lend it to you."

* * * *

Sir James Grigg, however, did not make it quite clear whether he would pay these four annas from his own pocket or would appropriate it from the Government monies under the head "Unforeseen Contingencies."

By the way the suggestion that the Bombay baronet is likely to accept the Home Member's and the Finance Member's invitation to join the Congress is entirely premature.....But we digress.

There was much more of interest in this deliciously diverting conversation. And hence an apology is hardly necessary for quoting further.

* * * *

Sir Cowasji Jehangir replied, "Remember, you played this game before. I wanted to give a fair deal to the Opposition. You cannot have it both ways."

The Finance Member retorted: "No you won't have it both ways."

From the insistence of both the parties that the other can't have it both ways, is it too much to expect that they have come to the parting of the ways?

* * * *

"Soon after," says the report, "both the Finance Member and the Home Member left the Chamber."

No, not for good! The British Democracy (Indian edition) which rules the Assembly takes no notice of Government defeats.

* * * *

This incident, according to our report, is regarded as an affront to the acting Leader of the Independent Party.

Far from it, in fact, it is a positive compliment, coming as it does from Government Members.

* * * *

Bhai Parmanand abstained from voting on the Closure motion during Assembly debate on Mr. B. Das' Bill to repeal Criminal Law Amendment Act.

And so far as we are concerned he is welcome to his fence.

* * * *

The Government, it is understood, propose to extend the life of the Tariff Board for another year.

"Those whom God loves die young"! Those whom Government love get a year's further lease of life.

* * * *

GENEVA, Feb. 6.

The Sub-Committee on substitutes for oil has completed the draft report which will be discussed by the full Committee to-morrow.

The report surveys the whole field of possible substitutes as well as the degree to which they will be accessible in Italy. —Reuter.

But what need has Italy of any substitutes with all the Committees, Sub-Committees and Committees of Experts of the League of Nations doing their job so well?

* * * *

Yet another Arty institution for the city—the Amateurs Art Association!

No doubt confrere Kanaiyalal Vakil welcomes the growing epidemic but we'd soon be requiring an Encyclopaedia to cope with the situation. ("Or rather an asylum", says the junior colleague.)

Invaders' Daily Bombing & Machine Gunning

Abyssinian Claim To Victory Confirmed

Irish Doctor Says Italians Deliberately Bombed Ambulance Units

DESSIE, February 6.

Confirmation of the Abyssinians' claim to a great victory at Tembien, is given by Doctor Brohpil, the Irish Ambulance worker, who after working with his ambulance three miles from Makale, reached here after fifteen days' journey by mule.

Dr. Brohpil who is the first white man to return from the Northern Front told a vivid story of the difficulties under which Ambulance Divisions are working. All of them, including a compatriot, Doctor Hickey and an Indian named Doctor Ahmed, were in good health, but needed supplies.

For the last two months they had no mail, no tobacco, no milk and no salt, and had to work under high pressure, dealing on an average with a hundred seriously wounded cases daily.

He alleged that his camp was almost daily bombed and machinegunned by the Italians.—Reuter.

"RECKLESS AND UNSUBSTANTIATED"

Britain Denies Supply Of Dum Dum Bullets To Ethiopians

GENEVA, Feb. 6

A reference to the "reckless and unsubstantiated nature," of the Italian charges of British complicity in the manufacture of dum dum bullets for Ethiopians is made in a note sent by the British Government to the League, categorically denying that any firm in United Kingdom supplied Ethiopia dum dum or explosive ammunition for military purposes.

The note points out that strictest control is exercised over all exports, as the result of which the authorities are in a position to see that the international regulations and standards are strictly complied.

The note adds that the British Government express no opinion on the accuracy of the Italian charges of Ethiopia's illegal ammunition. They are merely concerned with the charges against British firms.—Reuter.

DIFFICULTIES IN WAY OF OIL EMBARGO

(SPECIAL CABLE)

GENEVA, Feb. 6.

The sub-committee on oil transport to-day completed its work. It is understood its report shows serious practical difficulties in the way of embargo on the transport, notably, in matters of control.

The Committee experts are expected to finish their work next week, when their report will be submitted to various Governments which will be given about three weeks to consider the information, and the Committee of Eighteen will be convened at the beginning of March.

SWEEPING REFORMS IN INQUEST PROCEDURE

Important Rules For Coroners Suggested By Committee

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Feb. 7.

Sweeping reforms in inquest procedure are recommended in a report by the Departmental Committee on coroners.

It is proposed that a coroner should no longer be empowered to commit a person to trial on a charge of murder, manslaughter or infanticide, and that the verdicts of suicide, unsound mind and "felo de se" should be abolished, and a verdict of "died at his own hand" be substituted.

The press should be prohibited from publishing an account of an inquest on a suicide apart from the formal findings.

SIR HERBERT COOKE DEAD

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Feb. 6.

The death has occurred of Lt.-General Sir Herbert Cooke, who was for several years on the Staff of Appointments in India, including four years as D.A.G. and officiating Adjutant-General.

NEW U. S. TAX BILL

(SPECIAL CABLE)

WASHINGTON, Feb 7.

That the relative smallness of the new tax bill might surprise the country, was the conjecture of the leaders of the House of Representatives after a conference with President Roosevelt.

The forecast is substantiated in part by Mr. Doughton, the Chairman of the House of Ways and Means Committee, who declared that no new taxes for meeting the payment of the soldiers' £400,000,000 bonus are indicated.

DEATH OF GEN. SIR ARTHUR WYNNE

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Feb 7.

The death has occurred of General Sir Arthur Singleton Wynne.

He had a distinguished army record in South Africa and was the Keeper of the Jewel House, Tower of London, in 1911-17.

Case Against German Author Postponed

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Feb. 6.

The case in which the German author, Herman Gortz, is charged with offences under the Official Secrets Act was again postponed at the Old Bailey to enable official witnesses to be called from Hamburg to show how a certain cypher came into Dr. Gortz's possession.

WAGES BILL DEBATE IN ASSEMBLY

(Continued From Page 1)

rules as to how this provision would be enforced. This amendment was necessary and would give time to the employee to think twice before resorting to a lightning strike and would promote industrial peace and bring the conciliation machinery to make strike avoidable.

The President ordered postponement of the consideration of Clause Nine pending receipt of a properly worded amendment.

Clause ten was then taken up and approved without any change.

RIGHT TAKEN AWAY.

Mr. Joshi in a one hour speech expressed the fear that the right of the employee to go on strike in an attempt to resist the employer's attacks on his desire to improve the standard of life would be removed from him. If an employer wanted damages from the employee, then the former had the weapon of deducting the latter's wages. But the employee had to go to the Court for recovering his due. And experience had shown that the court generally sympathised with the employer and gave a decree for payments by instalments. Moreover, it was a well recognised right of the employee to get longer notice terminating his service from the employer than he gave to the employer. That was denied in the Bill. Even if ten employees absented themselves with a view to attend the funeral of their colleague, their action could be deemed a lightning strike and their wages could be deducted not for one day but for thirteen days.

Mr. Buss moved an amendment that the Inspector should be entitled to examine not any register or document, but only those "relating to calculation or payment of wages". He said that the power as it stood could be used by the Inspector to secure information having no connection with payment of wages and which would be of value to a competing concern. He did not wish to cast any reflection on officials, but Government could not claim that all their servants were immune from temptations.

Mr. Milligan said similar restrictions were inserted in the Assam Tea District Emigration Labour Act.

Sir Frank Noyce admitted there was good deal of substance in the remarks of Mr. Buss, but left the matter to a free vote of the House.

Government officials and a majority of Opposition members remained neutral.

The amendment was carried by 33 votes to 22.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Thereafter a number of verbal amendments as also Mr. Joshi's amendment providing for the inspection of weights and measures and weighing machines used for ascertaining wages were carried. All Clauses of the Bill were passed except the one to which Sir H. P. Mody moved an amendment.

Sir N. N. Sircar announced that the Public Accounts Committee's report would be considered by the Assembly on February 17.

The House adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

STANDING FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETS

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7.

A meeting of the Standing Finance Committee will be held at 9-30 a.m. on Saturday, the 8th February 1936, in the Council House, New Delhi.

Sir James Grigg will preside.—United Press.

WATER SUPPLY TO MOTINAGAR

Congress R. C. Comes To Municipal Board's Rescue

LUCKNOW, Feb. 7.

Enquiries made by the "United Press" reveal that the resolution of the Lucknow Municipal Board to make arrangements for free water supply and lighting in Moti Nagar, has not brought any change in the attitude of the district authorities as regards the question. The authorities have investigated into it and considering a precedent in such a case have finally come to the conclusion that the Municipal Board cannot provide free of charge the above amenities to the Congress session according to the Municipal bye-laws and if the Board does so in contravention of the rules, it will be liable to make good the losses.

The Congress Reception Committee has, it is understood, deposited in the meantime a nominal sum with the Board to enable it to commence the work of laying down a water pipe and running electric lines in Motinagar

Mr. Chandrabhan Gupta in charge of the Finance Committee and other Congress workers have renewed their efforts to collect more money as the budgeted expense of the session is likely to be increased in view of this emergency expense.—United Press.

BROCKWAY TO RESIGN I.L.P. SECRETARYSHIP

LONDON, Feb. 7.

Mr. Fenner Brockway announces that he will resign from the secretaryship of the Independent Labour Party at the annual conference of the Party at Easter.

Mr. Brockway will, however, remain editor of the I. L. P. organ, "The New Leader," and will continue his present associations with the Party.—Indian Allied News.

WHY THEY VOTED WITH OPPOSITION

Bombay Knights Explain Their Attitude

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir and Sir H. P. Mody in a joint statement regarding their voting yesterday against the closure motion said:

"We voted because the Opposition leaders had made a grievance of the fact that they had not been given an opportunity of having their say on the Clause Two which was before the House. It might be, this clause covered more or less the same ground as the Bill itself. But the President had ruled that very morning that discussion of clause could proceed without limitation or restriction.

It was also felt by the Opposition that the Law Member alone had spoken for nearly six hours on two previous occasions and thereby prevented vote being taken earlier.

Moreover when in the last session under similar circumstances, the Congress Party wanted to prevent the acting leader of the Independent Party from speaking and moved for closure, that motion was defeated with the assistance of Government and other parties because it was felt that it was a course which could not be justified".—A. P.

Import Duty On Precious Stones To Be Reduced

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7.

In view of extensive smuggling and impracticability of devising adequate preventive measures the Government of India have decided to reduce forthwith from 25 per cent. to 10 per cent. "ad valorem" import duty on precious stones imported cut and unset.—A. P.

MEMORIAL FOR KING GEORGE

Madras Move To Perpetuate Reign

MADRAS, Feb. 7.

A largely attended public meeting, convened by the Sheriff of Madras on a requisition signed by leading citizens of the City, was held to-night in the banquetting hall, Government House, the Governor presiding.

Resolutions were passed expressing deep sorrow and poignant grief at the irreparable loss which the citizens of Madras in common with the whole of the British Empire had sustained by the death of King George the Fifth and respectfully tendering heartfelt sympathy to His Majesty King Edward, Queen Mary and members of the royal family and requesting the Governor to forward the condolence resolution to the King-Emperor.

An influential committee was formed with the Governor as president, Lady Marjorie Erskine and leading citizens as members to invite and collect subscriptions for the purpose of raising a most appropriate form of memorial (to be decided by the committee) to perpetuate the reign and name of the late King.—A. P.

Imperial Conference Postponed

LONDON Feb. 6.

Reuter understands that the Imperial Conference which was due to be held in 1936 has been postponed till 1937 in order to meet the wishes of the Dominion Prime Ministers owing to the Coronation which would have entailed visits to London in two successive years.

The date of the Conference will be settled in consultation with the Dominions when the coronation has been fixed.—Reuter.

German Ex-Ambassador Dead

BERLIN, Feb. 6.

The death has occurred of the ex-Ambassador and Colonial Secretary, Herr Wilhelmsolf at the age of 73.—Reuter.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

ing to the question of appointment of a special officer, Mr. Butler said that it would be carefully considered if in any area the services of such an officer appeared necessary.

"EXCELLENT."

Mr. Morgan Jones described the Blue Book as excellent and said that labourites would not raise any objection to the proposed order. But he would have liked to hear the Indians' reaction to it in which connection he referred to the forthcoming debate in the Legislative Assembly on the order to assist him in reaching a conclusion on the proposals.

DISAPPOINTING STILL!

Wing Commander James, acknowledging the thoroughness with which the problem had been reconsidered, said that the alterations made justified the anxiety he and others had expressed. It would be idle to pretend that the results of the inquiry were entirely satisfactory and not in some way disappointing. It appeared to him that there was material in the Blue Book which might well have justified a wider measure of both total and partial exclusion; nevertheless he thought the House would be ill-advised to reject what had been given. But he enquired what safeguards were contemplated to ensure that de-exclusion was not unduly accelerated or delayed.

Sir Walter Smiles urged that Garo Mikir Hills should be totally excluded.

The debate was adjourned at this stage.

The Marquess of Zetland listened to the debate from the Peers' Gallery.—Reuter.

Commons Debate "Backward" Territories

Labour Praises Blue Book: But Would Watch Reaction In India

PROSPECTIVE GOVERNORS FOR SIND AND ORISSA

Sir Lancelot Graham and Mr. J. A. Hubback, whose names have been mentioned in public discussions in Britain as the most likely Governors of Sind and Orissa respectively, were present in the distinguished strangers' gallery, when Mr. R. A. Butler initiated the debate in the House of Commons on the draft Orders-in-Council and the Excluded and Partially Excluded Areas under the India Act.

Labour Support

Speaking for the Labour Party Mr. Morgan Jones described the Blue Book as "excellent" but would like to know the reaction in India as may be reflected in the Assembly debate on the Excluded and Partially Excluded Areas before reaching a conclusion.

Address To King

The debate arose on Mr. Butler's motion for presenting an address to the King praying to make the Orders-in-Council regarding the new provinces of Sind and Orissa in the form in which they were presented.

The debate was inconclusive pending the decision of the House of Lords.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

LONDON, Feb. 7.

Well satisfied with the progress that is being made with the work to be done before the New Constitution can be brought into operation and providing that Sir Otto Niemeyer's report shows that there is no financial obstacle, he hopes to be in a position before the summer recess to ask Parliament to consider bringing Part Three of the India Act into operation early in 1937, said Mr. R. A. Butler in the House of Commons moving that a humble address be presented to His Majesty praying that the Sind and Orissa orders be made in the form of the drafts presented on January 20th.

FINAL STAGE.

Mr. Butler explained that these orders which marked the final stage in the establishment of the provinces of Sind and Orissa were first of a series of orders under the Government of India Act he would present in the next few months. Government thought it essential to bring these provinces into existence before provincial autonomy was established in order that they would find themselves as administrative units and the suitable date seemed to be April 1, 1936.

TRANSITIONAL PERIOD.

Dealing with the length of the transitional period Mr. Butler made the announcement that he hoped to be in a position to bring Part Three of the India Act into operation early in 1937. He said: "We will do our utmost to introduce provincial autonomy in the time I have described; but if by any unhappy or unforeseen chance considerable delay occurred, we will have to ask the House to make some revision in the temporary constitutions proposed.

ADVISORY COUNCILS

Mr. Butler said that a simple form of constitution had been suggested for the interim period for the purpose of settling administrative problems. He informed the House that all Sind members of the Bombay Legislature would be automatically appointed on the Advisory Council; similarly with Orissa. Governors were empowered to add members to the numbers prescribed by the orders.

Mr. Butler mentioned that he would ask that the debate be adjourned to-day before the motion was actually carried so that the House will be free to consider any modification suggested by the House of Lords since the Houses must agree to the text of the draft order before addresses were voted. He concluded with good wishes to both the provinces.

LABOUR SUPPORT.

Mr. Morgan Jones said that without in any way departing from their general attitude to the India Act, the labourites generally accepted Government's proposal on the understanding that it was for a limited period. He wished to inquire, however, what arrangement Government proposed to secure continuity between the interim arrangement and the more permanent arrangement to be established in 1937.

Sir Reginald Craddock said that he was still strongly opposed to the creation of these provinces but, as a contrary decision had been reached, he congratulated Mr. Butler on the orders' sound administrative principle.

Mr. Butler in his reply said that continuity would be secured in the person of the head of the Government and members of the Advisory Council as far as they were elected when the elections were held. He mentioned that the Judicial Commissioner's Court in Sind would be deemed a High Court for the purpose of Chapter Two, Part (9) of the India Act.

The debate was adjourned in accordance with Mr. Butler's proposal.

EXCLUDED AREAS.

Mr. Butler then moved that an address be presented similarly in relation to the order on excluded and partially excluded areas. He recalled the recent investigation in this matter due to the amendment moved by Major Cadogan supported by Wing Commander James and others when the Schedule was considered last year.

Mr. Butler paid a tribute to all who had contributed to the comprehensive survey and said that after careful consideration the Secretary of State had accepted in toto the contents of the Government of India despatch and embodied them in the draft order now before the House. The actual contents of the order appeared to be slightly different from the areas described by the despatch, but the difference was only in definitions and the areas covered were the same.

SPECIAL OFFICER.

Summarising the results of the investigation Mr. Butler said that four new areas had been added to totally excluded list and several to the partially excluded list. He expressed the opinion that this went a considerable way to meet the views of Major Cadogan and Wing Commander James. Referr-

(Continued in Col. 5.)

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *"The Black Abbot"*

THE MOON FLOODS THE SUSSEX COUNTRY-SIDE WITH A GHOSTLY RADIANCE ----
AS WADE AND DONAVAN TRAIL THE BLACK ABBOT
THERE HE IS, INSPECTOR --- GLIDIN' ALONG LIKE A SPOOK!----
HE'S WORKIN' AWAY ON THE STONE ---
FOLLOW ME----WE'RE CLOSING IN!--
HE VANISHED RIGHT INTO TH' ROCK--- BY THE ETERNAL, WADE, MEBBE IT IS A GHOST!--
NONSENSE---THERE MUST BE A----
SUDDENLY THERE IS A FLASH OF FLAME AND A SHARP REPORT FROM THE TOWER ---A BULLET HUMS PAST THEM-----
RUN, MAN!----THIS MOONLIGHT MAKES US A PERFECT TARGET!
LYMAN ANDERSON
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Bhulabhai Desai Explains

Withdrawal Of Adjournment Motions Is Matter Of Mere Tactics

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai has issued the following statement to the Associated Press:—

"I am sorry to find certain press message from New Delhi by special correspondents have given an unfair interpretation of the reasons for the withdrawal of notices of a number of adjournment motions. I am not aware of the alleged indignation in rank and file, on the other hand, the party is working in excellent team spirit. Every one understands the necessity of readjusting policy as occasion demands.

The Government with its resources and constitutional privileges is exploring every source to weaken the Opposition and snatch a snap vote on vital issues. We must give them no opportunity to outwit or to outvote us.

The main issue which determined the withdrawal of the adjournment motions was "would it not be wiser to raise these matters during the stage of voting of supplies, when we would be able to present our case more effectively and have a larger voting strength."—A.P.

PRIVILEGE AT STAKE

Sant Singh Claims For Its Precedence Over All Business

NEW DELHI, February 7.

Claiming that motions on matters of privileges of the House should have precedence over all other business of the House, Sardar Sant Singh informs the Press that he has written to the Secretary of the Assembly requesting him to place the following motion on the Assembly's agenda for the 10th instant. As this procedure has not hitherto been tried in the Assembly proceedings, experts are busy examining its implication.

The motion proposes to raise the same matter which he failed unsuccessfully to raise twice through adjournment motions, one of which was disallowed by the Governor-General, because it did not primarily concern the Government of India and the other disallowed by the President, because the privileges of the House could not be made the subject-matter of an adjournment motion.

Sardar Sant Singh's motion runs: "In view of the action of the local Government in demanding security from "Abhudaya" of Allahadbad for printing the full text of the speech of Pandit K. K. Malaviya made in the Assembly on the sixth September 1935 in Simla during the discussion on the Criminal Law Amendment Bill, the Assembly do proceed to discuss the question of privileges of freedom of speech and its publication in the press enjoyed by the Members of the Assembly.

ASSEMBLY AND OTTAWA

Congress For Termination Of Agreement

NEW DELHI, Feb 7.

Two amendments to the Government's motion on Ottawa Agreement have been given notice of, one by Pandit Nilkanta Das of the Congress Party asking the Government to give notice of the termination of the Agreement and the other by Mr. K. Gauba of the Independent Party, that the Committee to be proposed by the Government should report before 15th July, and that whatever decision the Assembly arrived on the report, whether for continuance, modification or termination of the Agreement, should be accepted by the Government.—A. P.

FATE HANGING IN BALANCE

B. Das Appeals To Absentees To Rush To Delhi To Serve Country

NEW DELHI, February 7.

"My Bill to repeal the Criminal Law Amendment Act was saved yesterday from being torpedoed, but its fate is still uncertain," says Mr. B. Das in a statement to the press. "This is because, there are about dozen absentee members on the Opposition side, belonging mostly to Bengal and Assam. Yesterday's vote was indeed critical, and though my friend Bhai Parmanand thought fit to remain neutral knowing what the Government were doing and how their whips were active since morning, the cause of the nation and the privilege of full discussion on the Bill were saved by the patriotic decision of Sir Cowasji Jehangir and Sir Homi Mody. But the fate of the bill on which, as my leader Mr. Bhulabhai observed yesterday, hangs the liberty of the nation is still in balance. The final vote is to be taken on the 13th instant. Thus only five days remain. If the absentee members desire to serve the nation at this critical juncture, they should be in their seats in the Assembly and prevent the Government from killing the measure which is supported throughout India. The fact that the final vote on my bill will be taken on the day when the Ottawa issue will have been brought forward is causing serious anxiety to Indian elected parties. May I therefore appeal to those friends who are still absent to hasten to their post of duty, and not only save my bill from being wrecked, but register their verdict on the Ottawa issue.

JAWAHARLAL IN LONDON

(continued from page 6)

was the first question put to Punditji who said: "It depends upon their questions and what they say to me. I have nothing special to say to them. I shall be very glad to meet them not with any desire to get anything out of them but it is always good to have personal contacts with intelligent people."

When told that according to the British public opinion with the passing of the Government of India Act of 1935 the Indian question was disposed and if he did not share that view would he tell them the magnitude of the Indian problem. Punditji said that the question was so vast that he had a feeling that even the so-called experts in Parliament on India were stupid in their knowledge of India. The real difficulty arose from one point. "People in Britain start with entire different premises," continued Punditji, "we in India start with different premises. Inevitably we argue and we go on and on on parallel lines The problem as we see is entirely different from the problem as they in Britain see it. Your people talk in terms of communities, castes, languages as the background of the Indian problem. Well, it is very extraordinary how people like even the Secretary of State for India are utterly ignorant of conditions of India. Inevitably they go in wrong channels. It is so difficult to change their background."

One Of India's Biggest Problems

What he thought of the new Government of India Act was another question. "To me constitution of India Act," Punditji replied, "is trivial because it does not touch a single problem of India."

"Will you and your friends work the constitution"? to which Punditji said, "One of the biggest problems of India is unemployment. It is a tremendous problem—the rural class unemployment is appallingly high. You have no conception of it. I cannot estimate figures because millions are completely unemployed and scores of millions are partly employed. The old problem of unemployment is increasing. It began in its present form with almost the coming of the British, with the suppression of old forms of industry and introduction of new forms of modern industry. You cannot imagine the burden on the land. It is too great. The people cannot simply bear it. This problem of unemployment cannot be tackled through the new constitution. In present conditions of India, it is desirable from economic and psychological point of view to solve this problem immediately, which certainly cannot be done under the new constitution."

Vested Interests Protected

Answering another question, Punditji said that the Congress or any other Party in India was out to realise certain ideal, not necessarily political objective. They wanted to raise the standard of living and such other allied problems. How far they could do so effectively under the new constitution was the test as to the usefulness of the Act. The two important problems which faced India were the Land Problem and the Industrial Problem. They could not tackle these problems under the new constitution. "My answer," emphasised Punditji, "is you cannot move a little finger to solve these problems. Under the present Act and I mean the new one, every single vested interest is protected, it cannot be touched by any democratic council or assembly. The City of London, the British Government, the interest of Indian landlords, the Indian Princes and even the interest of Scotch Presbyterian Church in India are safeguarded under the Constitution." The reference to the Presbyterian Church was the second signal for general laughter.

Punditji continued: "When there is no democratic outlet the question of working a constitution does not arise. A Constitution presupposes a democratic constitution. In India the word "constitution" is used freely and simply to mean what is legal for the time being, it means what the Viceroy thinks overnight and issues an Ordinance the following morning. Take it from me that the term "constitutional activity" is incorrectly applied in India. This distinction might be remembered. The only question is whether you break the law or not. The talk of reaching self-government step by step, by precedents, etc., is all nonsense. When you talk of a democratic constitution this question never comes in. You don't call that a constitution which talks in such terms. There is no section of really political opinion in India—I include in this even the most moderate politically inclined people—which has not criticised the new constitution and condemned it in no uncertain language. Nobody has accepted the constitution and even the Right Hon. Srinivasa Sastri has criticised it in very strong language. Of course, he may say that Indians may adopt certain tactics to meet the situation. But one thing is certain and definite. Nobody in India to-day is thinking in terms of this constitution because everyone is agreed that it gives nothing. This constitution cannot be worked, and you cannot get anything out of it. The question is how to oppose it. I cannot say how we will oppose it. It is highly likely that the Congressmen will put up candidates but it is taken for granted that they will not put up candidates and contest elections in order to oppose the constitution. Those who talk of taking office and accepting Ministerial posts will do so to oppose the constitution."

A Magnified Indian State.

"The Government of India Act," declared Pundit Jawaharlal, "is essentially an Act which converts and mortgages India completely to number of vested interests—the main interests being the City of London, and the British Government. The new Federal Constitution converts India into magnified Indian State."

Discussing the question of direct action, Punditji said, "when they—the Congressmen—talk of Direct Action, it does not involve any violent action as in Europe. The mentality of Direct Action is there, perhaps more than it has been in the past. But I do not think it is an immediate issue. This mentality is due to the fact that the background of the government rule in India is the continuance and consistent repression of civil liberty of the people in India even in normal times. Under the present normal conditions existing in India several thousands have been detained in jail, sentenced for sedition from day to day and certain parts of the country are known for the suppression of every kind of civil liberty. Today in normal times. Labour and Trade Union organisations have been banned in several parts of the country. The recently enacted Criminal Law Amendment Act in the teeth of opposition of the elected Assembly even almost interferes with the private life of individuals. This Act is hardly a promising good beginning for the so-called generous measure of the new reforms."

Communal Problem Not A Religious One

Referring to communal problem, Punditji said there were two ways of looking at it. "If the Criminal Law Amendment Act is passed because of communalism, communism and terrorism, do you not think that it is the final condemnation of the present system of Government in India not to be able to govern without such an apparatus?" asked Punditji, who added, "they have in that case utterly failed to govern."

When asked to explain the communal problem of India, Pundit Jawaharlal said, "Communal problem is not a religious problem, it has almost nothing to do with religion. It is partly an economic problem, and partly a middle-class problem in largely political sense. It practically came into existence in the last 25 or 30 years. It grew specially in the last 15 years or so. But remember there is far more religious bitterness in Northern Ireland than there is in India. Not one of the communal groups touches the problem of masses. They are all interested in the problem of jobs. They want to get more jobs. The idea of power coming in the hand of the people under constitutional Acts has led middle class people to think in terms of getting spoils, getting patronage. I do not think it is a very difficult problem to solve. If social and economic issues come to the front communal problem falls into background. My outlook is economic whereas yours—I mean of the British political leaders—is political. There cannot be a simple solution of the complicated problem of India. The balance of social forces from time to time has got to be recognised. Since the Congress came on the scene, the Indian peasantry is influencing the Congress which is no doubt controlled by middle class. As an organisation it has no consistent economic philosophy but it is tending to divide on economic and nationalist lines—the left and right wings of the Congress. A few years ago the Congress passed a resolution on social reforms. You may call it a weak and watery approach to socialism but that was the first approach. My personal attitude is, briefly to put it, socialist attitude completely. How to apply it to India depends on many factors and on time. It depends on peasantry and other forces. The stronger the force the more radical it is likely to be. Take for instance, the land problem of India. It can only be solved by collectivism. Any land reform involves expropriation with or without compensation. In order to have a peaceful settlement of the problem one ought to be careful in the matter of compensation but the compensation cannot be in full because the resources of the country will not permit full compensation."

Referring to the Communal Award and the attitude of Bengal Nationalists Punditji declared the Award of Ramsay MacDonald hit Bengal very hard. Therefore a number of Congressmen in Bengal felt that they could not possibly accept the Award or even the resolution of the Congress on the same. "The Award," he said, "wipes out in Bengal the whole political Hindu class, the whole of intelligentsia is wiped out under it. Although the Congress attitude on it is most statesmanlike and correct, I cannot complain of the attitude adopted by the Bengal Hindus."

In conclusion, Punditji said that the first item on the Congress problem is to put an end to the new Government of India Act, where about 5,000 Muslims had foregathered for prayers.

The prayers being over, a meeting was held wherein they reiterated their demands about Shahidganj. The meeting also passed a resolution asking the police not to violate the sanctity of the mosque and make arrests therein. They proposed to continue the meeting for 24 hours without break.

Nine Muslims who volunteered to proceed towards Shahidganj have been arrested. About 200 police men lined the route from the mosque and the crowd that gathered, raised anti-Government slogans. The C. I. D. are still guarding the mosque precincts for arresting the dictators.—United Press.

20-Year Old Godrej Safe DEFIES Severest Timber-Yard Fire

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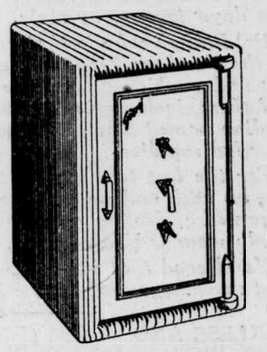

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"Dictators" Play Hide And Seek With Police

DRAMATIC SCENE AT BADSHAHI MOSQUE

LAHORE, February 7.

Dramatic scenes were witnessed at Badshahi mosque to-day when two Muslim "dictators" played the game of hide and seek and baffled all attempts of the C. I. D. police to arrest them before entering the mosque precincts for Juma prayers.

Chaudhury Moula Bux, the first dictator, of the Shahidganj agitation, who had already been convicted and secured his release by executing bonds, appeared in a tonga, dressed as a tonga driver.

Mr. Yasubul Hassan, the second dictator, came in a taxi with screens down and alighted in Hazuri Bagh. He was detected by a C.I.D. Inspector who pursued him and made an attempt to apprehend him before he entered the mosque. He grappled with the police officer, pushed him back and rushed inside the mosque but many saw a tonga driver with a whip in hand entering the mosque.

Suddenly the tonga driver discarded his whip and uniform and mounted the platform as the huge congregation that had just finished 'Jumma' prayers raised slogans of "Maulabux Jindabad." He addressed the gathering exhorting them to support the new movement.

MAULABUX'S THREAT.

Piquancy is added to the situation by the declaration of Maulabux that if the police attempted to arrest him he would jump from the mosque's tallest minaret, rather than be arrested.

At the time of wiring the police are waiting outside, while Maulabux and 200 others are stationed inside the mosque.

Following Maulabux's exhortation, nine Muslims marched to Shahidgunj and were arrested by the police who chased away the crowd following the batch.—A. P.

ANOTHER VERSION

LAHORE, Feb. 7.

Maulabux, against whom a warrant of arrest has been pending since Tuesday and who has been eluding the police, is now inside the Badshahi mosque with two hundred Muslims while a large armed police force is stationed outside. None saw Maulabux enter the mosque. Though the police have been there since noon;

BOMBAY RAIDS ECHO AT CALCUTTA

(From A Correspondent)
CALCUTTA, By Mail).

As a sequel to the arrest of the four Communists at Bombay, the Special Branch of the Calcutta Police have made several raids and arrests at Calcutta.

Reply To Hitler

Messrs Dawoodbhai and Brothers write:—

We beg to inform you that as Herr Hitler, the President of Germany, has spoken against Indians and Indian Trade and has insulted India thereby we have cancelled our order for German goods.

Mr. V. S. Rao, formerly Financial Adviser of the Posts and Telegraphs Department now on leave, has been posted as the Chief Accounts Officer of the Burma Railways.—United Press.

WEST COPIED CHINA & JAPAN

Dr. Weiner On Chief Features Of Buddhist Civilisation

The chief characteristics of the Japanese art in the early times were explained with copious illustrations by Dr. Cohn Weiner on Friday when he delivered the third and last of the series of three lectures on Chinese and Japanese art.

It was the Chinese who brought civilisation to Japan, the speaker said, and Buddhism was to a large extent responsible for this. In 522, Shuma Ta Teng emigrated to Japan with a number of images of Buddha.

The Japanese were, before the advent of Buddhism believers in supernatural beings, demons and nature worshippers. Their temples were wooden structures, and perhaps were once the houses of Japanese chieftains. One of the customs was to demolish such temples at fixed intervals and build them up in the same fashion.

Some of the finest examples of early Japanese architecture were to be found after the advent of Buddhism. The famous Horiuji temple built in 607 was the most ancient specimen of a wooden building of Japanese art, and it has been very well preserved. The roof has received special attention in most of these structures.

Shortly after the ninth century, luxury sets in, and monks and ladies become rulers of the country. The art gets weakened, and the next most important work of art is to be seen only in 1124—the mortuary Chapel of Fujiwara Kiyotura. This is profusely decorated though the construction is simple. The wooden props are decorated with lacquer inlaid with pearls. The Buddhist sculptor had not changed his style even by this time. There is no interest in perspective nor in individual expression. The design of the image becomes more refined.

While Chinese art aimed at expression of the feelings, the Japanese concentrated their attention more on decoration. The brightness and boldness of the strokes characteristic of Chinese pictures are conspicuous by their absence in the Japanese art.

About the 15th century some Japanese monks visited China to study Buddhism and carried away with them the new style prevalent in China at the time. Later we find technique the most important feature in Japanese art.

The Chinese and Japanese arts, the lecturer concluded, were unrivalled in the world's art. The West has copied the style of these pictures. Their influence in the education of taste in the eighteenth century in Europe was immense. Even to-day in the design of furniture in all parts of the world these styles of early times are in evidence.

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Sunday	9th	Feb.	'36	x Round "Dufferin"	6-15	to 7-30

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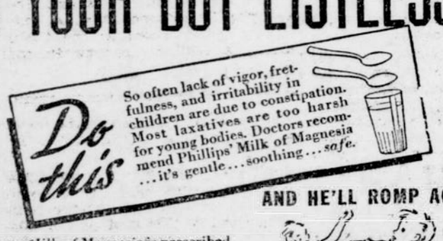
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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Heroes & Hero Worship

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It was, I think more than a year ago that the great Sadhu Vaswaniji, in one of his lectures at the Cama Oriental Institute said, among other things, about his great belief in Heroes and Hero Worship and prevailed upon the present generation to inculcate that spirit of Hero Worship earnestly, as an instance in support of this he cited the present greatness of Italy where the younger generation almost blindly worshipped Mussolini as their Hero. With all due respect to the great Sadhuji I wonder whether he holds the same view of his "Hero" who has trampled under his heels the right of existence and liberty of a just and meeker race. The history of such "Heroes" is a standing evidence of the successes and disappointments, the follies, and the quarrels, of those who engage in contention for Power.

My only regret is that when the time comes to condemn such pigmy "Heroes" like Mussolini our great preachers are ever silent. Will the great Sadhuji give us more "light" on this?—Yours etc.,

R. N. DRIVER.

Bombay, January, 13.

Port Trust Service

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir—The decision of the B. P. Trustees with regard to adopting any rules regulating recruitment on a communal basis will no doubt come as a surprise to many irrespective of caste or creed.

But if one is to take stock of recruitments, it will be observed that some minority communities are over represented. As an ex-employee, my personal knowledge to take the department, of the Docks, shows that the 25 posts in the officers' grade are held thus: Anglo-Indian 11, Europeans 4, Indian Christians 3, Parsees 3, Mahommedans 2 and Hindoos 2. Among the Hindoos, one will shortly retire and the other is temporarily employed.

It will be seen that certain communities received over representation. This is not the only department where particular communities are favoured and I do expect the Trustees will take up this matter.—Yours etc.

Retrenched Hand.

A Dadar Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There are good many high-schools for boys and girls here. The girls, especially, find it difficult to go to school if they are late or when any one of them is not in the group. Some vagabonds make it a point to stand by the stair cases leading to G. I. P. and B. B. & G. I. railways or more about the Tilak Bridge to trouble the girls by mimicing and speaking nasty words. The bridge corners are dangerous spots for girls to cross.

I appeal to the Dadar public to take keen interest in the matter and to do the needful. May I also request the police, who are always keen about such affairs and render good services, to keep the watch during the school going, coming and recess periods.—Yours, etc.

P. T. KANDALGAONKAR.
79, Hindu Colony,
Dadar.

Feb. 6.

Latin Script For India

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am glad to read in the "Chronicle" that, our leader, Pundit Nehru, thinks that the Latin Script should best suit India. You had kindly published on the 12th January my article on the same topic, expressing the same view. Hindustani as the national language and Roman as the national Script will be most suitable for India as a whole.—Yours, etc.,

A. M. SENGUPTA.

Bombay University And Physical Culture

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is a matter of no small satisfaction that the University of Bombay has, slowly but steadily, been awakened to the importance of the question of physical culture of the students of the various colleges affiliated to it, in as much as any as eleven colleges have expressed their willingness to co-operate with the University in this matter and have asked the University to provide them with the trained physical culture teachers and to meet their wishes, the University has canctioned certain amount for the training of these teachers, in the last Senate meeting. The Senate really deserves to be congratulated on and thanked for it.

But when all this is said and admitted, the resolution of the Senate, as it has appeared in the newspapers, is likely to lead to some mis-understanding which it is earnestly requested the mover will kindly try to remove.

The original resolution clearly shows that the Physical Culture institutions which were considered to be suitable for training the teachers were as under:—

(1) The Bombay College of Physical Education, (2) Southern Command Gymnasium, (3) Y. M. C. A. College of Physical Education, Madras, and (4) Baroda Vyayam Mandal.

But when an amendment was moved, the name of only the Y. M. C. A. Madras, was mentioned in the amendment. Is it, therefore, to be presumed that the other three institutions are to be taken as tabooed as unfit for the purpose of training the teachers for physical culture? If so, whether this decision was arrived at after discussing the merits and the demerits of all the institutions concerned or is it only "The One Man's Show," as it usually happens, the others remaining passively indifferent as regards the details of the resolution, so far as the main principle is being accepted?

Without the least prejudice against the Y. M. C. A., Madras, in mere fairness to at least one of the three other institutions, mentioned in the original resolution, viz. the Baroda Vyayam Mandir (wrongly mentioned as Bareda Vyayam Mandal) which has been known to this writer for years, it must be said that it could not only compare favourably with, but even surpass the favoured Y. M. C. A., Madras in the work of training the teachers for physical culture, and it will be grave injustice if its claims are thus summarily set aside. The other two institutions may have their own merits but this writer, having no personal knowledge about them, will not be justified in giving his opinion about them as definitely as he can about the Baroda Vyayam Mandir, which has been continuously rendering real yeomen service in the cause of the Physical Culture of the youths of India, for more than a generation.

It will, therefore, be instructive to know where these rejected(?) institutions have been lacking in the opinion of the senate, to be as fit as the Y. M. C. A., Madras, for the purpose of the training of the teachers for Physical Culture. Will Dr. K. G. Naik, who ought to know more about Baroda than Madras, or any of his colleagues, in the senate, enlighten me on the subject?—Yours, etc.,

V. B. G.

Need Of A Well-Disciplined Party In India

SUBHAS BOSE ANALYSES ISSUES BEFORE LUCKNOW CONGRESS

(From Our Own Correspondent)

BERLIN, January 17.

(By Air Mail.)

Two days back, I had occasion to meet here in Berlin and have a long talk with Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose. Sjt. Bose has practically settled to leave for India in time to be present at and participate in the forthcoming session of the Indian National Congress at Lucknow. Though considerations of health would make it advisable, for him, according to medical opinion, to stay for a while longer at some specially suited cure station in Austria or Czechoslovakia, he has decided to leave for India under the urge of responsibility felt to take part in the Congress meeting, with various important issues coming up for discussion and following recognition of India standing on the verge of a momentous period.

NEED FOR A WELL DISCIPLINED PARTY.

His stay in Europe, indicated Sjt. Bose, has greatly convinced him of the need and value of a well disciplined party towards bringing about the regeneration and all-round advancement of India. He regretted the tendency to mistake and misinterpret expression of this idea as implying the adoption of political ideal or programme laid down by States that have evolved on the basis of disciplined parties in Europe. "The nature of the party for India and its ideals and purpose ought to be determined by conditions in India, path to be covered for comprehensive progress towards the occupation by India of a legitimate position among the nations of the world and thereby make useful contribution effectively for the cause of peace, and forces interested keenly in traversing this course, attention being directed to the securing of the broadest basis advantageously possible. For getting such a basis to an assertive plane, the evolution of a disciplined party is most essential."

ISSUES BEFORE LUCKNOW.

Sjt. Bose considers that the question of acceptance of office by the Congress is likely to come considerably in the foreground at Lucknow and also that a special topic of discussion is likely to be the question of foreign work or work in foreign countries.

About the first, Sjt. Bose projected his being inclined to see the question, with attention on the existing background, more from the point of persons to take charge than of an abstract principle. "In the light of majorities that may be visualised in the provinces and other circumstances of to-day, the question has to be estimated carefully also in terms of prospects of finding capable and suitable persons to take up offices. The advantage this then may bring has to be well considered."

WORK IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

In regard to work in foreign countries, his stay outside, suggested Sjt. Bose, has strongly convinced him of the value and importance of it. In this connection he stated that there existed unfortunately considerable confusion about the conception of foreign publicity work. "Publicity work abroad meant, extending interest and useful information outside about India, developing valuable contacts, correcting wrong accounts, and keeping India in turn informed of trends and currents in different spheres abroad. In this method and personnel no doubt constituted as well important factors. While not under-estimating difficulties, personal experience at the same time has well strengthened the opinion that much useful work in these directions is also possible."

Sjt. Bose arrived in Berlin early this week over Prague from Vienna and is on the way to a trip to cover Holland, Belgium, France and Ireland, before returning to India.

TENSE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION.

"The international situation today remains tense. Important issues keep pressing more keenly. Developments at one centre will have extended reactions and will also carry close significance for India as well as a big and vital unit." This, declared Sjt. Bose, made it extremely important to follow affairs and currents with a realistic attitude.

During his stay in Europe, Sjt. Bose has steadily kept exerting himself in advancing Indian interests in various lands. Though he has had to work under serious limitations he has still been able to do much of value to India. His departure will leave in Europe as far as Indian work is concerned a big blank. There is of course the advantage of his being able for the while to present his countrymen valuable counsel based on study and personal experience. It is to be hoped that this will find deserving attention in India.

Hakim Ahmad Usmani, Principal, Unani Medical College, Allahabad, announces that a training class for 'dais' has been added to the Zanana Tibbia School, an institution affiliated to the Unani Medical College Allahabad. The instruction consists of 50 lectures.

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Indian ladies join the large throng which gathered in the metropolis to witness the funeral procession of the late King George V.

Captured Absconder In Jungle

Chembur Head Constable's Strategy And Villagers' Gallantry Meet With Success After 6 Hours' Battle

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

On Monday last, Mr. Hammond, D.S.P., of Thana, accompanied by Mr. Chaudhary of the Bombay C.I.D. and Mr. Tawde, attached to the Virar Police Station visited Chembur in search of the notorious gangster. They visited the Pinjarapole and some other places and had to go back as their efforts proved fruitless.

But Head Constable Vithalrao Salvi, of Chembur could not be at rest without making a thorough search throughout the village and its surroundings. He went on a midnight round and in the small hours of Tuesday was able to detect the "Wanted" man in the compound of the Pinjarapole. On the approach of the Head Constable the suspicions of the Pathan were roused and he jumped over a wall and made his way into the thick jungle.

According To Plan

As soon as the whereabouts of Umerkhan were known to the vigilant Police Officer, he commenced the operations for the capture of the absconder.

All the strategic points leading to the jungle and railway station were scrupulously, guarded and three batches, comprising police Constables and some gallant villagers, were kept ready to march in the pursuit of the pestiferous Pathan.

After all arrangements were made ready, at the stroke of one on the afternoon of Tuesday, the raiding parties effected a systematic entry into the jungle according to plan.

Soon, one of the members of the raiding party caught sight of Umer Khan, who took to his heels. The police party gave a hot chase and its operations were guided by some villagers in the trees. A fierce game of hide-and-seek ensued over the hillocks when the Pathan made the best use of all available weapons including his sandals, knife and stones to frighten the pursuers. But luck preferred to smile on the pursuers and not the pursued.

Six Hours Fight

The fierce encounter in which Dhondu Guaro, Govind Bhojaji and Ranjitsing Gurkha, the villagers were assaulted by Umerkhan, lasted for nearly six hours when the alleged gangster was overpowered. He was marched to the Ghatkoper Police Station at 10 p.m. when the news of the arrest was communicated to the Bombay C.I.D. and the D.S.P. at Thana who later on repaired to the scene.

It is evident from this account that none but the Chembur Police and some villagers have participated in effecting the arrest of Umerkhan and their services deserve to be highly appreciated.

BUS DRIVER IN TROUBLE

Alleged Breach Of Motor Vehicles Rules

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Feb. 7.

The local police are prosecuting one Gangaram Hari Dhavle, driver of a public motor bus running between Bombay and Poona, before the Bench of Honorary Magistrates for alleged breach of Motor Vehicles Rules.

The accused possessed licence bearing the signature of the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, to carry 22 passengers, which was again required to be countersigned according to the Motor Vehicles Rules by Superintendent of Police of the District through which it passed. In this case the Thana D. S. P. had countersigned it to carry 18 passengers. In spite of this the accused is alleged to have carried 22 passengers, which has consequently resulted in his prosecution.

Mr. G. S. Gaitonde, Advocate appeared on behalf of the accused and argued that a driver under the public vehicles Rules could not refuse to take a passenger at the stand when there is enough space.

Judgment was reserved to Feb. 12.

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THANA TENNIS AND BRIDGE TOURNAMENTS

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Feb. 7.

Under the auspices of the Thana Krida Bhavan, the open tennis and bridge tournaments of the Thana and Kolaba districts began on the afternoon of February 5 last.

In the tennis doubles Messrs. R. D. Potnis and D. K. Deshpande beat Messrs. V. S. Kharker and B. G. Deshmukh by 6—1, 6—1.

In the tennis singles Mr. W. P. Oka beat Mr. S. M. Abhyanker by 8—10, 6—0 and 6—1.

Yesterday morning again in the tennis singles Mr. P. T. Pandive beat Mr. Gangadas by 6—2 and 6—1; Mr. D. K. Deshpande beat Mr. M. D. Hegde by 6—4 and 6—3; and Mr. M. Thanawala beat Mr. M. V. Hegde by 6—3 and 6—2.

BRIDGE TOURNAMENTS

In the bridge tournament Messrs. B. S. Datar and R. G. Pradhan scored a victory over Messrs. B. D. Gangal and M. T. Badle, and Rao Saheb Dr. Tambe and Mr. Jan Karim defeated Dr. T. Wells and Mr. A. V. Chitre.

The American steel industry is interested in the order for 24 locomotives placed by the gigantic United States Steel Corporation, and a further order of 3,000 freight cars, costing over £2,000,000, by the Corporation of Railroad Subsidiaries, says a cable from New York.

The Baroda Students Union at a recent meeting passed a resolution protesting against the arrest of Sjt. Indulal Yajnik and the quit order served on him.

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DUTCH BEER At Its BEST

CASUALTIES IN PLAGUE & CHOLERA

Presidency Health Returns Show Increase

The health conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week ended 1st February were as under:

Cholera:—The presidency cholera figures for the week were 141 attacks and 58 deaths against 79 attacks and 39 deaths in the previous week. Satara district reported 111 attacks and 39 deaths against 30-11 in the previous week; Poona 11-7 against 5-3; Nasik 9-2 against nil; Ahmednagar 6-9 against 33-16; Ratnagiri 4-0 against 0-1 and Bijapur 0-1 against 6-6.

Plague:—In the presidency 15 attacks and 17 deaths from plague were recorded as against 24 attacks and 13 deaths in the previous week. Bijapur district reported 9 attacks and 5 deaths against 6-5; Satara 4-9 against 8-4; Kanara 1-2 against 4-0; Dharwar 1-0 against 0-1 and Bombay city 0-1 against 1-0.

SMALL POX

Small-pox figures for the week are:— Bijapur district 94 attacks and 14 deaths; Surat 83-30; Kanara 2-12; Belgaum 62-8; East Khandesh 35-1; Dharwar 25-0; Panch Mahals 17-4; Satara 12-1; Ahmednagar 12-1; Thana 10-2; West Khandesh 10-0; Sholapur 7-4; Broach 7-3; Ratnagiri 6-0; Poona 5-0; Ahmedabad 3-4; Kolaba 2-0; Bombay suburban 1-1; Dadu 22-0; Karachi 8-2; Larkhana 3-1; and Bombay city 38-19. Total 537 attacks and 107 deaths against 619-115 in the previous week.

CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER

Twenty-seven attacks and 18 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the presidency during the week against 28 attacks and 16 deaths in the previous week. Ahmedabad town reported 3 attacks and 7 deaths; Bombay city 19-10; and Poona town 1 death only.

MALARIA

The touring medical officers appointed on anti-malarial duty in the presidency proper visited 252 villages and treated 5,793 persons. Of these 4,209 were treated for Malaria. The number of children and adults examined for spleen was 6,466; of these 2,038 were found with enlaged spleen.

One death from influenza was recorded in Bombay city during the week.

KURLA MUNICIPALITY'S AG. ADMINISTRATOR.

(From Our Correspondent.)
KURLA, Feb. 7.

Mr. Y. R. Parpia, Collector of Colaba District, is to act as an Administrator for the Kurla Municipal Borough from February 12 vice Mr. J. G. Simms who is to officiate as the Collector of Ahmednagar vice Mr. Mr. J. B. Irwin I. C. S.

A Pleasant Cruise

A pleasant and brief out-and-back cruise lasting for about two hours was organised by the Society for the Promotion of Shipping Knowledge on Friday evening. This was the second social gathering of the Society which was celebrated on board "S. L. Laxmi" in fine weather.

About 100 people were present on board.

HITLER'S OUTBURST

(Continued from Page 6.)

shall we find either in the pages of Indian history or that of any other Oriental country such autocratic and arbitrary one man's rule, opposed to all modern principles of democracy, justice and fair play, as is existing in the so-called modern civilised Nazi regime of Dictator Hitler. Is it not under the circumstances rank presumption on the part of this Dictator, to pose as a representative of a superior race and civilization, offering to carry the torch of light of modern progress and, development to the already highly civilised and morally purified and enlightened shores of India? The reverse proposition would be more appropriate. It would be to the advantage and for the benefit, of the present-day Germans, as well as to the prestige and status of European civilization, to emulate the noble and morally high standard of Indian life and culture, and learn to live like Indians as sensible, kind, humanitarian, broad-minded and tolerant human beings. Let us hope we will hear no more of this cynical nonsense from these modern messiahs of the West, Mussolini and Hitler.

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BAREILLY	JALGAON	MOMBASA	SUKKUR
BELLARY	JALPAIGURI	NAGPUR	TRICHINOPOLY
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"Dharmatma" Fights For Harijans

"The Mahant," as the high-priest of orthodoxy and degenerate religiosity, dictates his fiats to the timid Brahmins.

Features, Characterization And Acting In "Dharmatma"

It can be said almost as a truism that the story is the backbone of a picture. The strength of a story lies in its simplicity and its universal appeal. The story of the "Mahatma" is based upon the incidents from the life of a great man who was the very spirit of equality and fraternity. The incidents are so linked that they form a homogeneous whole, leaving upon the mind of the spectator an impression of complete unity. Just as a sea-wave goes on gathering strength till it breaks ultimately on the shore, every single incident grows in intensity till at last it reaches the climax. One incident leads to another and like the consecutive tidal waves they further the march of the story. Thus the story comprises of a series of climaxes in an ascending order till it reaches the major or the central climax in the most stirring scene in which Eknath accepts the invitation of Champa, the untouchable girl, to go to her house and take food with her.

It is generally difficult to sustain interest in a story after the climax has passed. The latter half of a story which generally consists of the denouncement is its most difficult portion to be handled. In this story however it will be found that the latter half is even as gripping and as interesting as the former. Eknath's momentary doubt of the sagacity of his inner-voice was no sooner dispelled by the prophetic words of Champa's song, than he is confronted by his son who is about to leave his father's house on account of his disagreement with him on grounds of principles. The intensity of emotions and the sublimity of natures of the various characters participating in it, lift the whole scene to such a high level that the audience is sure to remain spell-bound while witnessing this Scene.

All the material of the story is drawn from the ordinary life of average men and women and the relations of the various characters are such as would hold a mirror to our usual experiences in life. The element of sex which plays a prominent part in the majority of our Indian Pictures is conspicuous by its total absence in this story. The more sublime and subtler feelings are exploited to their utmost possibility. Sympathy, charity and universal brotherhood are the key-notes of the theme and the whole story is full of human element and emotional appeal. Although the subject matter is highly philosophical, its treatment is completely free from any kind of metaphysical abstractions.

CHARACTERIZATION

As for the characterization of the various individuals of the story it could be noted that, although the personality of Eknath is the main objective of development, other characters also are well defined and typical. All of them together serve the purpose of providing contrast and relief to Eknath, who is the central and the most prominent figure of the story. He is free from all kinds of prejudices and earthly considerations. He is a humanitarian and an advocate of universal fraternity, who has the courage to translate it in his own action. He is a liberal-minded man, who can suffer others having views differ-

Eknath is acted by Syt. "Balgandharva" of the Marathi Stage fame.

ent from his. Tolerance and sufference are his chief characterizations. He is a perfect man with an acute sense of justice. This can be noted in the scene in which he has to argue with his son.

Hari Pandit, the learned son of the saint, makes his first appearance with the declaration that he considers it a matter of shame to acknowledge Eknath as his father owing to the latter's unorthodox behaviour. In the middle of the story we find him slapping the untouchable girl for entering the house of a Brahmin and behaving on terms of equality with him. At a still later stage he is bidding good-bye to his parents to follow the distastes of his conscience and religion. Further he is found staunchly accusing his father of irreligiousness, in the inquiry conducted by a Sanyasi from Benares.

Here we see orthodoxy at its worst—the "Mahant" is not exactly a Mahant here.

—Eknath, a Maratha saint and poet was born in the year 1533 and died in the year 1599. He was a great humanitarian and a preacher of the gospel of equality and universal brotherhood.

Chief amongst the opponents of Eknath was his own son. He was a great pundit well-versed in scriptures.

Besides Haripundit there were others who were actuated to oppose Eknâth Mahant Sachidanand was a representative of this group. He was a shrewd and unscrupulous man. With his peculiar persuasive methods he had managed to make friends with the Zamindar of that place and to recruit his help for furthering his plans against Eknath.

In the same town there lived a little untouchable girl whom Ek-

Ratnaprabha depicts the typical Hindu wife as "Girija."

nath had once saved while she was separated from her mother in a big fair and found herself lost. This girl whose name was Champa loved Eknath as if he were her god father, and Eknath in return was also deeply attached to her. He took special care not to allow any body to spoil the haven of her innocent joy by giving her an idea of her untouchability.

The first step that the Mahant took for bringing down Eknath on his bended knees was to prevent the priests from attending certain religious ceremonies at Eknath's house, which could not be formally complete without the elting of Vedic hymns by professional priests and their taking food with him. Eknath who had no idea of the Mahant's plan made all the necessary preparations and

Here you see the "Mahant," in his plaster-saint attitude.

stood waiting for the arrival of the priests. He waited and waited anxiously but no priests came. Outside the porch a number of ragged untouchables had gathered with the hope of securing a few crumbs left over from the sumptuous feast of the Brahmins. They were waiting there since morning. Their hunger and despair brought forth wailings which reached Eknath's ears piercingly. He was moved. He served the food prepared for the Brahmins to the untouchables.

When this news reached the Mahant and the priests they were exasperated. But the Mahant finding his plan frustrated embarked upon hatching another more mischievous and more sinister than the first one. He decided to cause a split amongst Eknath's admirers themselves. He approached the younger section of the untouchable community and told them that Eknath's charity was a mere hoax, a selfish attempt to put them under his obligations and thus to buy their support dirt-cheap. He further advised them to test the honesty of Eknath's preachings by inviting him to dine with them. The younger element naturally got enamoured of the suggestion but the older generation was appalled at the idea of putting their benefactor in such a ghastly predicament. Champa who overheard the conversation was all joy and idea of inviting her beloved Eknath to her own house and inspite of her parents protests to the contrary, she enthusiastically proceeded on the errand of inviting Eknath herself. The wily Mahant then managed to spread the news in all quarters that Eknath was going to dine with the untouchables. The gossip spread over the town like wild fire. It took very little time to reach Haripundits ear. He was startled out of his wits to hear the news. He rushed home savagely to give a piece of his mind to his father.

While he was haranguing over the matter before his father Champa reached the place. Her appearance there added fuel to the flame. Haripundit told her that she was an untouchable and had no right to enter his house. The girl in her childlike innocence asked him awkward questions about the sanity of caste distinctions, which all his knowledge of scriptures could not help him to answer with reason and self possession. He got so wild that the little passage at arms ended in his furiously striking that little strip of a girl across her face. When however he found her staggering under his blow he became ashamed of himself. He had no courage left to argue with his father any further. He left the place in shame and disgrace.

When Eknath went near Champa to comfort her she recoiled as if in horror from his affectionate caresses. She would not allow him to touch her. That one slap across her face made her grow in

The "Mahant" is wily and is played by Chandra Mohan.

an instant—she was no longer an ignorant child. She realised, now only too vividly, that she, an untouchable, was a person on the lowest rung of the social ladder, while her godfather, whom she had come to invite to dine with her, with not only a hope but a certainty of his assent, was a person on the top rung of the same ladder. What a cheek on her part to dare so high! She felt herself a criminal. She wept bitterly and disappointedly. How could she expect a Brahmin to dine with her, an untouchable? No, she would not request him to come now when she knew. How could he be different from others of his own caste and status even though he was her god father? Do you want to know whether he was different or not? If you do, do see it on the screen for yourselves.

In the end we find him completely converted and asking forgiveness of his father with the words whether it was ever possible for him to be worthy of being called the son of Eknath. The various psychological stages through which he passes are worthwhile noting.

The character of Girija, the wife of Eknath, is another important study of human nature. First and foremost she is a mother, but when her duty towards higher aims comes in conflict with her affection for her son, she rises above the common level and renounces the latter in favour of the former. She is a perfect and dutiful wife but does not follow her husband blindly. She has her own individuality and her own convictions. When her son wants to leave her, obeying the dictates of his own vanity, she warns him that he is committing an error in choosing the path he is taking. She assures him that there is nothing wrong in erring, that it is merely human weakness, but one must have the honesty of acknowledging one's errors when one is convinced of them. At the end we find her son, coming back to her on his knees and acknowledging his mistakes.

The untouchable girl Champa will be remembered as a creditable creation. She is a simple child of nature as may very well fit in any poem of Wordsworth. In her blissful ignorance of the social distinctions she is a blythe spirit that flits about in joy, unmindful of her low birth. When, however, the social difference are brought to her knowledge so cruelly by Hari Pandit she flares all too suddenly into consciousness of her real position. Her role in the story will delight as well as move to tears every man in the auditorium. Smile will melt into tears as she speaks her heart rendering words and they would again laugh with her when the clouds of sadness will be lifted from her brow.

Shreekhans the servant of Eknath is a type of his own kind. He plays a definite role in the furtherance of the story and is not a useless appendage but part and parcel of it. Though his humorous observations supply a good relief to the serious portions of the story, it can as well be noted that his ironical remarks serve the most effective purpose of exposing the social humbug and hypocrisy.

The Mahant who serves as an opposition and a contrast to Eknath is a man who will use any means, fair or foul, for furtherance of his personal gains and self aggrandisement. He is cunning, silver tongued, and knows how to play on the sentiments of those who he wants to use as tools in furtherance of his plans without incurring any responsibility upon himself. This particular characteristic of his, can be well marked in his conference with the untouchable youths to whom he represents the spirit of Eknath's charity in altogether a distorted form alleging a motive of selfishness to him.

ACTING

While seeing the picture it will be observed that every single player has done adequate justice to the role he or she is interpreting. Every one of them has at least one scene where he or she can be seen at his or her best. e. g. The lapping scene for Champa, the parting scene for Girijabai and Hari Pandit, the scene of interview with the young untouchable for the Mahant. Even the small parts will be found to be the typical representatives of their prototypes whom we meet in our every day life. The realistic way in which they are interpreted is indeed a matter of credit to the Director. The boycott scene provides substantial proofs of the director's mastery over details of characterization.

PHOTOGRAPHY, SOUND RECORDING ART DIRECTION AND SETTINGS

Whatever be the importance and quality of story direction and acting their proper representation ultimately depends upon the efficiency and the quality of the work of the Cameraman and the recordist. The Photography of the "Dharmahatma" will be found throughout pleasing to the eye and maintaining an even grade of light and shade contrast rendering it as lifelike as possible. Conscious attempts at achieving psychological effects and advancement of mood and atmosphere will be noticeable in some of the scenes, and shots in such places as the conversation between the Mahant and the untouchable youths, passing of Haripundit through the door after his bidding goodbye to his parents, his sitting despondently in the Mahant's Math after the scene of the fracas, Champa's approaching Eknath while he is sitting in despair after his son's departure, and many more similar ones.

The quality as well as the cadences of the actors' voices are faithfully reproduced in the recording. A remarkable instance of clever recording can be noted in the scene where the talks of the audience almost amounting to whisper are clearly recorded together with the words of the sermon in louder voice in the background.

Prabhat is usually expected to provide gorgeous settings but this picture is markedly free from gorgeousness. The settings are meant to serve as suitable back grounds for the action of the pictures and it will be noted in this connection that the settings of this picture create a thoroughly suitable atmosphere for the actions and the sentiments of the story. Inspite of the lack of gorgeousness the artistic quality of the setting is in no way deteriorated but on the contrary its simplicity gives an enhanced charm and grandeur.

HIGH QUALITY MUSIC.

The high quality of the music of Mahatma, both vocal and background, speaks for itself. Most of the tunes selected for the songs are the original compositions of the music director, and are chosen to suit the mood and atmosphere of the situation quite appropriately where they occur. The background music is such as enhances the effect of the actions they accompany.

It will thus be found that every possible attempt is made to make the picture as perfect as possible in all respects. After all it's a human creation and it may have its own faults; but it can well be said that no pains are spared to attain the best possible results.

"Vasantee" is a child that has captured the imagination and sentiment of the cine-fans.

THE DIRECTION OF "DHARMATMA"

From the point of view of direction it can be noted that there are a number of places where his skilfulness is manifested to a marked degree. The very opening of the picture is a remarkable example of it.

The scene opens in the Math of a Mahant where he is seen being bathed ceremoniously by his devotees. He is eating a banana while the bath is in progress. He throws it away half-eaten, with a

Syt. Balgandharva, as you see him in mufti—as it were.

belittling remark against Eknath, and one of his devotees not only catches the banana but the clue of his sentence as well. The banana passes from hand to hand and lips to lips and so does the talk against Eknath, till at last the Zamindar finishes the banana and throws away the skin through the window. No sooner does the skin touch the ground than a broom is seen sweeping it away. The camera follows up and an untouchable who is engaged in the work of sweeping the yard of the Mahant's math is seen. The trend of the conversation has so far been against Eknath but with the change of the treatment to the banana the trend of the topic of conversation is also changed in his favour. This subtle and symbolical treatment of the introductory incident is certainly one of the most creditable devices that a director could think of.

From the technical point of view the picturization of the scene in which the news of Eknath's intention to take food with untouchables flies from lips to lips and causes its consequent reaction on Haripundit, is creditably treated. So also is the scene in which Champa goes on telling the glad tidings to each and every body she meets in the street and in the untouchables' quarters. The last scene in which the proceedings of inquiry against Eknath on the charge of irreligious behaviour are shown, consists of a hitherto unseen shot in pictures indigenous of foreign. Two persons are standing opposite to each other with a curtain in between them. The spectators see one of them through the shadow of the other falling on the curtain. The persons concerned are the father and the son standing in opposition to each other as the accused and the accuser. The psychological significance of this shot needs no comments for the critics who are sure to be beside themselves with joy when they see it. Over and above all these things it will be found that the director has taken utmost care regarding the treatment of the tempo and the rhythm of the picture for maintaining continuity of motion. The picture in spite of its serene atmosphere is kept throughout dynamically progressive.

The best example of economy and suggestiveness is to be found in the scene where the young Mahars are shown to have changed their hearts. The effect is achieved without a single word. Their simple and direct action of going out where Eknath's shoes are kept and putting the dust underneath them on their heads effectively carries home to the audience the completeness of their change of heart.

This however is not a solitary example of its type. Everywhere the picture will be observed to be notably spiced with touches of human interest and details minutely and sympathetically observed from daily life. The behaviour of the little children in the scene in which the untouchables take their food at Eknath's place, as well as the little incident showing a baby girl administering a bath to her little sister in the scene depicting the cleaning of untouchable quarters, deserve a worthy mentioning. There can scarcely be any one in the auditorium who will not be filled with delicate feelings when he sees a little girl awkwardly making her bow to Eknath when he sees her elders bowing to the great man. With all due deference to the histrionic abilities of the artists it may be observed that the greater portion of the credit of their performance is due to the efficiency of the direction, more especially so in the cases of Eknath and Champa.

Vasantee would be a great champion of the Harijans—she brings the Hindus to the Harijans.

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More Japanese Troops For China

Permanent Garrisons To Be Increased This Spring

TIENTSIN, (By Mail.)

Japan, which normally maintains a larger permanent garrison in China than any other power, will further increase the permanent garrison this spring.

Agreement on this point has been reached between Maj.-Gen. Tada, commanding the Japanese troops in China, and the General Staff. No provision is made in the Boxer Protocol for limiting the number of foreign troops in China, and staff officers do not anticipate objections "in view of Japan's special status in North China."

While Japan's normal garrison on the permanent basis numbers only 1850 as against Britain's 1810, in fact the garrisons have been more than doubled in most towns. In Shanhaikwan, where the Great Wall joins the sea, the normal complement is only 160 Japanese soldiers. But recently there were 4,000 troops massed in this frontier city inside the Wall.

The Kwantung (mainland) army has drafted large numbers of troops to Kupeikow. This army totals 95,000 and could draft 50,000 troops to North China from Manchukuo in one week. In an emergency, one or two divisions could be drafted from Korea.

Despite all this, the Japanese are determined to increase their permanent garrisons.—Indian Allied News.

"URGENT MARITIME WORKS"

Italy To Spend More Than £2,000,000

ROME, (By Mail.)

A decree authorising the expenditure of 140,000,000 Lire on urgent maritime works was published in the "Official Gazette" in Rome on January 14th. This is the equivalent of £2,350,000 at current rates.—Indian Allied News.

FRENCH POPULATION FALLING

PARIS (By Mail.)

The population of France continued to fall last year as a result of a decline in marriages and births and an increase in deaths.

The number of marriages has steadily fallen since 1931 and during the first nine months of 1935 marriages were 10.000 fewer than during the corresponding period of 1934.—Indian Allied News.

MME. STAVISKY FOR UNITED STATES

PARIS, (By Mail).

Mme. Arlette Stavisky, widow of the dead financier, received a visa for the United States in Paris on the 21st January.

She may sail on the Ile De France to fulfil a theatrical engagement in the United States.—Indian Allied News.

GERMAN & ATLANTIC AIR LINE

WASHINGTON, (By Mail).

An official German air mission is to visit the United States in February to discuss the plans for a German service by air across the north Atlantic, it is announced by the Department of State in Washington.—Indian Allied News.

GERMAN BID FOR RUSSIAN OIL

Lenin's Telegram To Stalin

MOSCOW, (By Mail).

An exchange of telegrams between Lenin and Stalin, revealing that in July, 1918, the Germans promised to stop the Turkish drive towards the oil centre of Baku, if they were assured of part of the oil at Baku, has just been published in Moscow on the twelfth anniversary of Lenin's death.

Lenin, it is shown, agreed to the German conditions and informed Stalin, who at that time was in command of the south.

At the same time Lenin sent a telegram to Stalin saying, "Be merciless against Social-revolutionaries," to which Stalin replied: "Rest assured that our hand will not tremble. We treat enemies as enemies."—Indian Allied News.

THE GOLD RUSH

Treasure Of "Black Fox Of Ethiopia"

ADOWA, (By Mail).

A "gold rush" is in full swing throughout the Takkaze and Tembien regions of Abyssinia, where it is believed that Ras Seyoum, the "Black Fox" of Ethiopia," has buried some of his treasure.

Already Askaris (Italian native levies) and bands of irregulars have unearthed barrels of thalers and chests of jewellery, which contained some gold earrings so large that a silver mesh headgear is required to support their weight.

Rewards are being given to the finders by the Italian authorities, who seize all the finds.

Some English silverware was found in a hole ten feet below a Tucal (native hut) on the outskirts of Adowa.

It is reported that Ras Seyoum never allowed any living person to know the location of his treasure, which he either hid himself or with the aid of prisoners whom he afterwards executed. For this reason, large quantities of treasure would never be recovered should he suddenly die.—Indian Allied News.

BRITISH CAPITAL FOR TWO COUNTRIES

Hotel Undertaking And Railway Development

VIENNA, (By Mail).

Negotiations to secure British capital for an hotel undertaking in Hungary and railway development in Yugoslavia are reported to be under way.

According to the Hungarian newspaper "Magyarorszag" plans are being made for a new hotel to cater for the increased tourist traffic. Such an hotel with 450 rooms, it is said, may be built by British interests with money due to British people which cannot be removed from Hungary because of transfer regulations.

Even larger British investments in Yugoslav railway and highway developments are reported to be possible. A project involving the expenditure of £9,000,000 is stated to be under examination. Such prospective development would include a railway from Cattaro to the Rumanian frontier and a motoring highway between Zagreb and Belgrade.—Indian Allied News.

DECLINE IN GERMAN FILM INDUSTRY

Only 94 Films Produced In 1935

BERLIN, (By Mail).

Germany, once the leading European film producing country, only produced 94 films last year, compared with 151 in 1931.

She now ranks below France in the number of films made.

With the decline in domestic films more foreign films have been imported.

The experts say that the main reason for the decline is the lack of suitable actors, and in this connection it is recalled that many of Germany's most accomplished and popular actors and actresses have been forced out of Germany by the Nazi racial creed.—Indian Allied News.

U. S. OIL EXPORTS TO ITALY

Sharp Rise While Other Exports Fall

WASHINGTON, By Mail).

While other exports from the United States to Italy showed a sharp fall in December compared with the previous month, oil exports were nearly doubled.

Exports generally during the month totalled the equivalent of £1,532,700 as compared with £1,810,980, indicating a partial success of the Administration's efforts to suppress abnormal war trade.

Exports on petroleum products, including petrol and fuel oil, rose to £459,200, compared with £250,500 in November and £84,080 in December 1934.—Indian Allied News.

DIVORCE—BY ORDER

New Nazi Plan

BERLIN, (By Mail).

Divorce by official order, without the desire or consent of a husband and wife, is expected to be a feature of the new German marriage law which is now being drafted by the Academy of German Jurisprudence.

This is revealed by Baron Max Duprel, a member of the Academy, in a newspaper article. He declares that the Nazi plan is to give the State Attorney authority to exercise the prerogative of requesting the dissolution of a marriage in face of opposition by both husband and wife in cases where he considers the maintenance of the marriage is no longer compatible with Nazi ideology. This would especially operate if couples were leading an indecent or criminal life together.

"Marriage," writes Baron Duprel defining the Nazi view, "is the lifelong companionship of two racially equal and hereditarily sound people, based on mutual fidelity, love and respect, for the purpose of safeguarding and furthering the common weal by harmonious cooperation, as well as for propagating racially equal and hereditarily sound children and educating them to become efficient members of the people's community."—Indian Allied News.

KHADI'S BID FOR SUPREMACY

Its Evolution To Be Displayed In Lucknow Exhibition

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

The Khadi and Gramodyoga Exhibition which is expected to be opened on the 25th of March at Lucknow in connection with the Congress session will be the first of its kind in many respects. For instance, exhibitions so far have been more like Swadeshi Bazars where the demonstrative aspects of exhibits were almost neglected. For the first time at Lucknow special attention is being paid to the demonstrative side of the exhibition, and more than half the area has been reserved for practical demonstration in order to show the uses and utility of cottage industry implements.

The exhibition will cover an area of about a lakh and half square yards. About 78,000 square yards have been reserved for demonstrative sections while the rest will contain stalls of pure Swadeshi articles. The exhibition will be on non-factory basis and will provide no room for machine made goods of any description, for instance, even machine-made soap has been excluded.

KHADI BHAWAN.

A look on the lay-out indicates that Khadi will be the key-stone of the exhibition. The organisers have made the 'Khadi Bhawan' a centre of the whole show. Here the evolution and development of Khadi, since Gandhiji made it the main plank of his platform, will be shown. Adjoining the 'Khadi Bhawan' will be a demonstrative section where the process of Khadi making from ginning to finished cloth will be exhibited. The idea underlying this section is to provide evidence as to how Gandhiji's scheme of self-sufficiency is being worked to success. The section will attempt to prove that Khadi can now satisfy the most fastidious taste of a modern woman in texture, fineness and in colour schemes.

The silk section will face 'Khadi Bhawan' and will provide room for exhibits from Murshidabad and Assam as also its manufacturing demonstration. There are four other sections in which demonstrations of the manufacturing process of metal-wares, wood-work and carving, ivory and marble, work, pottery, clay-moulding, glass-blowing, willow-work, lacquer work, minakari, cutlery, etc. will be given.

A Swadeshi Bazar outside the exhibition grounds is being laid for those articles only which cannot be produced without machine aid and which are regarded essential for a villager.—United Press.

DR. POPAT UNIVERSITY OF AYURVED

Successful Candidates

The following are the names of the successful candidates of the different Ayurvedic Institutions, who appeared at the Prabhuram Ayurvedic College Examinations conducted by the Dr. Popat University of Ayurved, during January 1936.

BHISHAGVAR Examination:—Chheda, Ratansey Virjee, Bombay.

VAIDYAVARA Test:—Vaidya, Kamlashanker Manishanker, Kharsad.

BHISHAK Examination:—Chheda, Ratansey Virjee, Bombay; Bhatnagar, Prem Lall, Gujranwala; (Passing in 'Arogya Shastra' only) Icewala, Cavasji Khurshedji Shapurji, Bombay.

RASAVAIDYA Examination:—Patel, Dahyabhai Goculbhai, Samarkha; Maharaj, Tokarshi Nyaysagar, Bombay; (Passing in 'Rasayan Shastra' and 'Vanaspati Shastra' only) Vaidya, Prabohchandra Madhavlal, Palanpur; (Passing in 'Vanaspati Shastra' only) Parekh Gordhanbhai Girdharbhai, Kathor; Naik, Bhimbhai Naranji, Navsari.

UPAVAIDYA Examination: Vaidya, Prabodhchandra Madhavlal, Palanpur; Patel, Dahyabhai Gokulbhai, Samarkha; Gadgil, Hari Shanker, Bombay; Parekh, Gordhanbhai Girdharbhai, Kathor; Gajiwala, Shantilal Maganlal, Surat; (Passing in 'Upavaidyak' only) Naik, Bhimbnai Naranji, Navsari.

The result of Mr. Trivedi, Natverlal Girdharlal of Bombay, who was declared to be successful in various examinations held during July 1935, is now revoked until further notice.

The next session of the examination shall commence from Thursday 23rd April, 1936. The college term shall commence from 1st February, 1936.

Bombay Chronicle
SUNDAY EDITION
LEADING FEATURES OF
SUNDAY, 9th FEBRUARY, 1936

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RAS DASSITA'S SOLDIERS AMBUSHED?

Italians Claim 4,000 Were Killed By Them

(From Our Correspondent.)

DIRE-DAWA, Jan. 23.

Mr. Bololakis, proprietor of the famous Hotel of Dire-Dawa, Hawash and Imperial Hotel, Addis Ababa, was very ill for the last 10 days. As he was a very rich man. Dr. Zervos, the Greek Minister, was called by an urgent telegram. In the meantime, three Doctors were busy here night and day to keep up his strength; as it was found he was fast sinking. As Doctor Zervos was with the Emperor in the Northern front, he came by aeroplane to Addis Ababa, and arrived here on 20th inst. by the evening train. He was able to speak with Mr. Bolorakis for about two minutes. Some injection was given which enabled him to speak very slowly, after which he expired.

Nearly 600 Europeans of both sexes, many Catholic and priests of other denominations, and several chiefs of Dire-Dawa came to take him to his last resting place. He left only one brother as he was fabulously rich, He has left big amounts for Greek church here and in Greece. Two French officers came in their uniform and brought a squad of the Abyssinian police to take him to the burial ground, where a tomb is ready, which he had built himself in his life time. He was a well-known figure in Dire-Dawa. He made thousands of pounds lately as nearly all the British and American journalists stopped in this Hotel.

ABYSSINIAN AMBUSHED.

Through Italian sources news have arrived here that the Italians lately ambushed and killed nearly 4,000 soldiers of Ras Dassita. The Abyssinian soldiers wanted to destroy the Railway line which the Italians had built there lately, because in the rainy season it is impossible for them to advance, and the Abyssinians wanted to attack and destroy this line. Somehow their spies informed the Italians who made arrangements to ambush these soldiers. Guns and machine-guns were hidden and bombers were kept ready. A sudden attack was thus made from all sides, and according to the Italian version the Abyssinians left 4,000 dead on the field.

After this the report says that they have advanced 70 kilometres in the Abyssinian territory. Of course, we have no news from the Abyssinian Government sources about this yet.

A TRIP TO HARRAR.

I made a trip to Harrar yesterday morning. I found 77 Abyssinian under treatment for wounds. They were all wounded by Italian bombers but are now on the road to recovery. I also inspected the Egyptian Red Cross Hospital, I saw the four Egyptians who were wounded at Dagahbour in the recent air-raid by the Italian aeroplanes. The account given to the world about there being no casualties was not true. My former report is thus confirmed. All their wounds, are healing.

The Catholic missionaries from Jigjiga and Maltese missionaries from Funya-Bira have been ordered to vacate and more than 80 of them have arrived in Harrar.

About the recent claim of Italian victory against the troops of Ras Dassita no confirmation could be got. The only news one could gather was that the Italians had only succeeded in burning 300 to 400 tents and kill 44 men.

But the Italian attack is expected any moment in the southern front, and all preparations are made everywhere in anticipation.

BRISK RECRUITMENT.

The French officers of Harrar are busy recruiting new men every day and teaching them outside Harrar. More than 30 fresh men get enlisted every day. These men are kept in camp outside, and have no permission to come to Harrar.

In Addis Ababa, every day arrival of the Italian bombers is expected, and here in Dire-Dawa some people have become so nervous that they go and live outside at night.

Mr. Abdul Hamid Saeed, a prominent Egyptian, President of All-Young Muslim Associations in Egypt, has arrived here. He went to Harrar at once, because there was some trouble between the Egyptian Muslims and Qibts, who have come with the Red Cross. He was repeatedly cheered at Harrar by the whole Egyptian unit, and has started investigations. It is understood that he will be able to make peace between them.

Fair At Afzulkhan's Tomb

(From Our Correspondent.)

MAHABLESHWAR, Feb. 2.

On Friday evening and Saturday a mammoth fair was held at Dargahs of Afzulkhan and that of Sayed Banda at Ambenali, a distance of about eight miles from here

Several thousand Muslims along with their purdah ladies and children thronged the serpentine ascent along the rough mountain road of the Pratapgad Fort—celebrating this annual fair and festival with great enthusiasm.

They also took the opportunity of visiting the famous fort of Pratapgad of Raja Shivaji, his glorious temple of Goddess Bhawani and the Afzul Buruj there.

BIRTH CONTROL

Why Indian and European Judges, Magistrates, Doctors, Professors, High Court Advocates, etc., after 10 years' use call "F. P. Pills", the best of all birth-control drugs, country made or foreign? Because they say, "it controls birth infallibly and at the same time keeps monthly flow normal and thus improves health in each and every case used". Read their opinions. 4 months pills Rs. 2/4. Dr. M. Bose, B.A., M.D.H., B.L., Saidpur, (Rangpur), Bengal.

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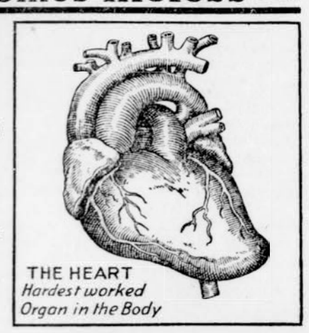
When Work-time lacks Interest
When Playtime lacks Pleasure
When Life becomes lifeless—

THINK OF IT!
The Human Heart
PULSATES 100,800 TIMES EVERY DAY—
PUMPS EIGHT TONS OF BLOOD EVERY DAY—
USES 14 POUNDS OF PRESSURE FOR EVERY CONTRACTION—


THE HEART
Hardest worked Organ in the Body

The duty of the Arteries is to convey the Blood to every part of the Body and thus feed the vital Body cells. The Blood is always moving—in some cases as fast as 16 inches per second—and upon its normal flow, life depends. If the blood is restricted in some way, the Health suffers immediately because the constantly wearing tissue composed of blood cells is deprived of new nourishment. The Heart causes the Blood to circulate and any disorder of the Arteries must lead to disorder of the Heart.
During middle life, though often before, lime salt deposits in the Arteries render them narrow and brittle. This means that greater force is required to pump the blood through the narrow arteries, thus producing heavy pressure and extra work upon the heart valves. This disorder is known as High Blood Pressure and in simple language means that your Heart is protesting because the blood cannot flow through the Arteries in a normal easy manner.

Fallacies Concerning High Blood Pressure.

There is a widespread belief that High Blood Pressure is due to 'too much blood' or 'blood that is too rich.' Actually the quantity or quality of the blood has nothing to do with the 'pressure.' It is, therefore, unwise to deprive yourself of foods known to make blood or enrich blood if you are a victim of High Blood Pressure. The sensible treatment is, without question, a course of 'Phyllosan' Tablets.

What are 'Phyllosan' Tablets?

The chief constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets is a vegetable extract which eminent scientists have described as being 'the most wonderful substance in our world.' It is extracted from the green leaves of Nature and in its concentrated form, supplies a vitalizing, rejuvenating substance upon which every living thing in this world depends. Dr. Buergi, M.D., of Berne University, Switzerland, under whose personal supervision 'Phyllosan' Tablets are made, spent 15 years critical research before he succeeded in isolating this wonderful substance without detriment to its vitalizing power.

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Renewed Blood Stream within 14 Days.

A course of 'Phyllosan' Tablets quickly builds up the supply of red cells (the lack of which results in Anæmia) rejuvenates your Arteries, corrects your Blood Pressure, fortifies your Heart and INCREASES ALL YOUR PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES IRRESPECTIVE OF AGE. It has been established beyond all doubt that 'Phyllosan' Tablets renew the Blood-stream *within 14 days.* For Men, Women and particularly Children (suffering with Anæmia) there is no finer remedy in the world to-day!

IMPORTANT.

'Phyllosan' Tablets are perfectly harmless and can be taken by the youngest and most delicate persons with complete confidence. 'Phyllosan' Tablets contain neither drugs nor glands nor animal extracts and in their preparation, are untouched by hand throughout.

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"I have taken many medicines before but can honestly say that nothing I have ever taken has done me so much good and in such a short time."—E.S.

Benefit in 3 Days.

"I got a small bottle on Tuesday and by Friday following I could feel the benefit. My friends say how well I look."—H.U.

Pain Vanishes after Half a Bottle

"I had suffered agonies with my head through blood pressure. Before I had used half the bottle, all pain and dizziness had left me."—W.L.

Thought She would never Live.

"I was so ill with Syncope of the heart I never thought to live and now after only six days taking the tablets I feel well, young and strong."—E.B.

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Sold by all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

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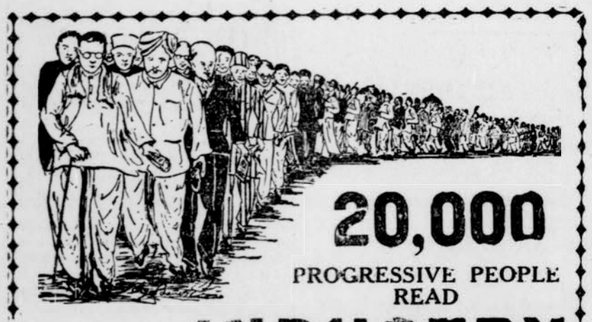

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Assembly Questions

No Change In India's Fiscal Policy

GOVT. DO NOT THINK IT IS INADEQUATE

Foreign Trade Exchange Pool Not In Country's Interests

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5.

The following questions were asked in the Assembly on Tuesday:—

Mr. Satyamurti asked questions about the effect on India's trade position by Britain having entered into agreements with Germany and other Powers.

Sir Zafrullah Khan said that the Government of India had no reason to think that His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom had been unmindful of India's interests or that these interests had been in any way prejudiced by any of the agreements recently concluded between the United Kingdom and other countries.

Mr. Satyamurti enquired if there would be any facilities afforded to the Assembly to discuss the recommendations of the Hammond Committee relating to the provinces in as much as the provincial legislatures are made constituencies for indirect election to the Federal Lower House.

Sir N. N. Sircar suggested to him to put a short notice question to enable him to give an answer.

Mr. Satyamurti: When are provincial elections to take place according to the time table of the Reforms Office?

Sir N. N. Sircar: The dates have not been fixed yet.

NO CHANGE IN FISCAL POLICY.

Sir Zafrullah informed in an answer to the same member that no change is contemplated in the fiscal policy laid down in 1923 as the Government believe that it is as suited to the requirements of India to-day as it was in 1923. No doubt Government were aware that certain Indian Chambers of Commerce as well as some members of this House complained of the above policy being inadequate.

RAIL-ROAD COMPETITION.

Sir F. Noyce stated that the question of amending the Indian Motor Vehicles Act of 1914 and other questions whereon the Transport Advisory Council had made subsidiary recommendations has been taken up. It is too early to say whether the recommendations of the Transport Advisory Council require a review. The meeting of the Transport Advisory Council will be held in July or August next when matters relating to road-rail co-ordination will doubtless be discussed. The Government of India are doing their best within the limits of constitution to evolve a policy co-ordinating rail and road transport.

INDIA'S FOREIGN TRADE

No Exchange Pool

Sir Zafrullah was asked a series of questions based on the speech of the President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber in July last.

A suggestion had been made that there should be a system of licences both for imports and for exports or in other words an exchange pool in order to assist the export trade of India by agreeing to place orders for some of their requirements with those countries which are capable of supplying them and which are also in need of Indian produce.

Sir Zafrullah said, the Government of India are of opinion that the adoption of this suggestion would not be in the interests of India. It is true that the value of imports from the United Kingdom into India exceeds the value of imports into the United Kingdom from India. But it was not due to the factor that some of those countries had been obliged to place restrictions on Indian exports to them.

EMPLOYING 'DUFFERIN' CADETS

No Instructions To Shipping Companies

Several questions regarding the employment of the ex-'Dufferin' cadets were put and replied by the Government.

Sir Mohammad Zafrullah replying to the questions of Pt. Krishna Kant Malaviya said, it is not within the powers of Government to issue instructions to shipping companies regarding whom they should appoint as officers but the influence of Government had been constantly used to extend opportunities of employment of ex-'Dufferin' cadets. An attempt to bind the companies to find employment for all apprentices trained by those companies could only result in the companies restricting the numbers whom they would be willing to train.

Sir Mchammad Yakub: Is Government aware that the Governing Body of the "Dufferin" is not satisfied with the arrangement for employment of those who pass out of the "Dufferin"?

Sir Zafrullah: It is correct that a larger number of cadets is not coming out for training.

Sir M. Yakub: Will Government consider the question of withdrawing the concessions from those shipping companies which do not follow the instructions of Government in taking more cadets?

Sir Zafrullah: If he will let me know the concessions he suggests to withdraw.

EXCISE DUTY ON PALMYRA SUGAR.

Answering Pt. Krishna Kant Malaviya, Mr. Lloyd of the Central Board of Revenue stated that those Governments concerned in the matter of Palmyra sugar were of opinion that the imposition of an excise duty on it would probably result in the extinction of the industry and this would throw a large number of workers out of employment. The position will be reviewed when the figures of production during 1935 become available.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai: Are there any sugar factories which don't pay the excise duty?

Mr. Lloyd: Yes, the smaller class of factories are exempted and to the best of my belief they are all Indian.

NO JAP. DUMPING OF GLASS.

Sir Zafrullah informed Pt. K. K. Malaviya that Government had no reason to believe that Japan was dumping window glasses into India. The question of glass research had engaged the attention of the Advisory Council for Industrial Intelligence and Research and certain investigations relating to glass industry were in progress.

The Commerce Member answering the same member said, there had been no serious variations in the Rupee-Yen exchange rate since the Indo-Japanese Trade Convention and Government did not consider any action necessary to correct its effect on glassware imports by imposition of any special customs duties.

INDIAN TROOPS FOR STATES

Sir Aubrey Metcalfe stated, there are no set rules or conditions according to which Indian troops are lent for service in Indian States. Requests for military assistance are complied with if political authorities are satisfied as to the need for such assistance.

Sir Cowasji: Who pays the costs?

Sir Aubrey: The State concerned.

Sir J. Grigg answering Mr. Satyamurti said, the question of preventing leakage of British Indian Customs revenue through Indian maritime States is receiving the careful consideration but he was not in a position to make a statement with regard to the arrangements made with individual States, for the action in regard to all States was not complete yet.

Mr. Satyamurti: Is there any political consideration requiring slow action?

Sir J. Grigg: No political consideration.

LENIN DAY IN MOSCOW

Sidney Webb's Tribute

MOSCOW, (By Air Mail)

In a special message to the "Moscow Daily News," on the anniversary of Lenin's death, Sidney Webb says:—

"The anniversary marks the greatest triumph of Lenin's policy in the general plan of production for community consumption."

To-night the Bolshoi Theatre will be packed with leading revolutionaries, among whom Stakhanovites will be prominent.

To-day workers have been making excursions to the Museums of the revolution.

In many factories meetings have been held with the life of Lenin as the subject.

From factories and farms numberless parties have gone to pay visits to Lenin's tomb.

"Izvestia" writes: "The Dictatorship of the Proletadiat, Marx's basic historical prognosis, became a reality in the hands of Lenin.

"What was left by Lenin to be accomplished has been fulfilled by Stalin."

The whole Soviet Press publishes tributes to Lenin, together with letters not previously printed.

In a few day stime a Gentral Lenin Museum will be opened in Moscow. All exhibits which have been scattered in other museums will be concentrated here.

It will have twenty exhibition halls and a big conference hall, where pictures in which Lenin was filmed will be shown. A great sound film "Lenin" has just been completed in the Moscow Studios.

It is based on historical film documents on Lenin from 1918 up to the days of 1924. It closes on the victories achieved by Socialism in the third year of the Second Five-Year Plan.

"Pravda" has a moving passage on the anniversary.

"Decades will pass," it says, "and a new person, a citizen of the world Commune will bow his head in these frosty January days before the eternally fresh grave of Lenin.

"To him will come down in songs and legends of the men who were shrouded in the smoke of the October battles, engraved in unfading Bolshevik deeds, the living figure of Lenin, his own stirring image which will never fade.

"If only Lenin could rejoice now in the fruits of his labours, in the fruits of the efforts of our Party led by Stalin. If only he could see millions of people heading for the mighty edifice of Socialism, if only he could hear the joyful songs of the people in creative labour, remaking their own nature!"

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NERVOUS BREAKDOWN due to GASTRIC NERVE

The terrible Stomach Pain which nothing seems to benefit is not ordinary Indigestion. It is Nervous Dyspepsia—or Inflammation of your Gastric Nerves. It needs Nerve Treatment—not Indigestion Mixtures. Build up strong Nerves with Dr. Cassell's Tablets and you will banish the pain and also avoid Nervous Breakdown which threatens every sufferer from Gastric Dyspepsia.

Read This Letter:—

"I suffered from Indigestion and Flatulence for 3 years. I spent pounds on Powders, Antacids, etc. I used to go to sleep standing up and had terrible gastric pains. My nerves were terrible and I lost 20 pounds in weight. I felt I had nothing to live for. I took Dr. Cassell's, and now I feel 20 years younger; I can eat, and sleep like a top!"
—C. B.

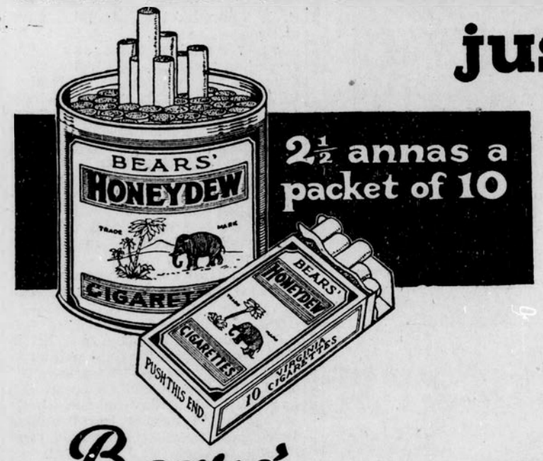
Dr. Cassell's Tablets contain Glycerophosphates, Hypophosphites and Phosphates (nerve and brain materials) Kolæ Semina, Caffeine and Theobromine (vegetable extracts) for immediate nerve strength—Pepsin and other Digestives—Iron, Calcium and Manganese to make new blood—also Sedatives and Blood Purifiers.

Watch for the BLUE SEAL on every Package

Sold by All Chemists and Stores

Dr. CASSELL'S TABLETS
The Nerve Tonic that gets at the CAUSE of your Trouble

An Established Favourite — just TRY a packet!



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THIS WEEK
NEW THEATRES
EPOCH MAKING
PICTURE

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OF
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SAT. the 8th to TUES. the 11th
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At Night a Fiend
DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE
With the incomparable star of "The Royal Family," supported by cast of over 500.
Fredric March
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Daily at 5, 7-30 & 10 P.M.
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SHAKTI BHANDAR, P.O. Auliabad (Sylhet), ASSAM.

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IN A TOPICAL
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THE GREAT PICTURE
DHARMATMA
—A BALGANDHARVA-PRABHAT PICTURE—

in
10th GLORIOUS WEEK
DHARMATMA
AT
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Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
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ROBERTA
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An R.K.O. Radio Musical
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FRED ASTAIRE
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GINGER ROGERS
AT
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TO-NIGHT: 3-30; 6-30 & 9-45 p.m.
SPECIAL NEWS REEL
showing scenes of passing of Late KING GEORGE and the Proclamation of
KING EDWARD VIII
will be shown from TO-DAY.

EPIC CREATION!
OF 1936-'37.

IT CAN COMPETE WITH AMERICAN FILMS EVEN
NEW THEATRES LTD.'S
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Directed & Photographed By:
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WE POINT WITH PRIDE
to radio's famous JIMMY MELTON as one of the finest new stars brought to the screen in months! See him first in Warner Bros.' big new-style musi-comedy, with a host of other stars and 4 swell Warren & Dubin songs.
STARS OVER BROADWAY
And What Stars!
PAT O'BRIEN JANE FROMAN
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DAILY 3-30, 6-30 AND 10 P. M.
Book Early. There's a Rush
ALL SEATS CAN BE BOOKED IN ADVANCE EXCEPT As. 4 seats. 'Phone 21200.
Also showing complete impressive scenes of the FUNERAL OF HIS LATE MAJESTY KING GEORGE V in a Special Film by Air Mail.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Bombay C.I.D. have arrested another man, named Mohan Krishna, in connexion with the alleged fraud practised by a Mucadam and others on the Bombay Municipality in respect of Import Town Duty refunds.

The Police allege that the accused was assisting Dagdooji, an exporter, who has been arrested, by removing the bogus forms from the office-records and later destroying them.

The Presidency Magistrate, third Court, remanded him in custody for eight days.

Before a car came to a stop last night after knocking down a pedestrian along Sandhurst Road, it is said to have travelled 50 yards dragging the pedestrian all the way.

The injured man whose name was Vishram Narayan was removed to the hospital and the driver of the motor car Haji Abdul Sakharam Ebrahim was immediately put under arrest by the Dongri Police.

He was placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day and ordered to be enlarged on bail in the sum of Rs. 150.

In applying for bail, the officer stated that the accused drove the car in a dangerous manner and at great speed.

Because a Mahar touched a Maratha mill-worker in the Simplex Mill yesterday, the latter got incensed and struck him with a bottle.

Pandoo Shiva, a Maratha mill-worker, was placed before Mr. I.S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day, on a charge of causing grievous hurt.

In applying for remand of the accused, an Agripada Police Officer stated that Aba Rama, the Mahar worker of the mill, touched the Maratha when the latter was working at a machine

The accused flying into a rage, at the act of the complainant, was stated to have picked up a bottle, lying nearby, and hit him with it. Aba Rama sustained injuries and fracture of a bone. He is now lying in the J.J. Hospital.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded to Police custody for a week, pending further Police inquiries.

A palmist living in Prabhudas Building, Grant Road, busy distributing sweets at a Pinjrapole, little knew that his room was being ransacked and two Rs. 100 notes removed.

When he returned home he found his room locked and learnt that Abdu Majid, his servant had handed over the key to a neighbour and left the place. He opened the room and discovered his loss.

Exactly one month after the incident the Lamington Road Police arrested Abdul Majid last evening at the Sandhurst Road.

He was remanded to-day to police custody by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, till the 20th instant.

Stated to have accidentally fallen from the window of a house at New Mangaldas Building, Rasiklal Mulji aged 5, was removed last night to the G. T. Hospital suffering from multiple injuries. He expired soon after admission.

At the inquest held to-day on the body of the deceased, Mr. C. L. Thanghavi a banker, gave evidence to the effect that at about 7 p.m. last night, the deceased was playing with some children in the passage of their flat. Witness also noticed a cot which was placed next to a window. Soon after, he heard shouts from the compound of the building, and upon investigating found the lad lying in the barement, in an unconscious condition. It was obvious that the deceased had climbed on to the cot, and unfortunately slipped and fallen through the window.

A verdict of death from an accidental fall was returned by the Coroner's jury.

A verdict of "death from Nitric poisoning" which he had evidently administered to himself was recorded by the Corner's Jury at the Inquest held to-day on the body of a Muslim named Fazali Abbas Hassanali, aged 30 who was admitted to the J. J. Hospital on the 29th of December last, where medical analysis showed that he was suffering from Nitric Acid poisoning.

It was stated in evidence given by Police Constable Ramchandra Vishram, that on the night between the 29th and 30th of December last at about 1-15, he found the deceased lying unconscious at Trimbak Parashram Street. Witness had him removed to hospital where he eventually expired.

During the course of evidence Tayabali Peerbhai stated that the deceased had been doing business as a provision merchant in Madagascar. Witness also mentioned that he knew the mother and wife of the deceased to be at the place mentioned, but was unaware as to when the deceased came to Bombay.

A letter found on the person of the deceased, and addressed to him, bore the cryptic word "Nitric" in Gujerati.

MR. CHUDASAMA'S TRANSFER.

(From Our Correspondent).
THANA, Feb. 7.

It is learnt that Mr. M. M. Chudasama, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Dharwar, is transferred to Broach and is to act as D.S.P., vice Mr. C. M. S. Yates, who is to come to Bombay as A.D.C. to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay. M. M. M. Chudasama will take over the charge, and relieve Mr. C. M. S. Yates on February 9.

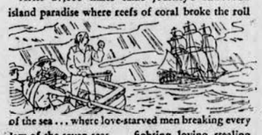
OWING TO INSISTENT DEMAND
OF OUR PATRONS
WE ARE COMPELLED TO CONTINUE
FOR A SECOND WEEK!

The $2,000,000 SCREEN MASTERPIECE

OUT of the idyllic peace of the English countryside, and out of his Mother's heart, walked young Midshipman Byam to join the motley crew of the "Bounty"... All his voyages had been made in books—now he was to embark on the grim reality of one that proved to be the most perilous in history.

Days when the frail craft was lashed in the fury of tropical typhoons; days of flat, hopeless calm, sails inert and lifeless...a flaming sun in a cloudless sky beating down on ship and sea... the fires of hate smouldering in the hearts of an angered crew driven to the breaking point by a steel-hard captain and officers hardly less inhuman.

After 27,000 miles came journey's end... an island paradise where reefs of coral broke the roll



of the sea... where love-starved men breaking every law of the seven seas... fighting, loving, stealing an Island Paradise in a south sea Eden... found romance and forgetfulness.

The saga of the "Bounty" and the romantic adventures of its intrepid crew on an enchanted tropical isle, have been transferred to the screen in a sincere and moving dramatization.

With the same arduous research and preparation that Charles Nordhoff and James Norman Hall applied to their famous book, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer have faithfully and authentically re-created the story for the screen. An exact replica of the "Bounty" was built from original plans loaned by the British Admiralty. For actual actings of much of the stirring action, Producer Irving Thalberg sent Director Frank Lloyd and a complete production unit on a fourteen thousand mile journey to south Pacific waters. On Catalina Island, picturesque Portsmouth Harbor was re-created just as it was in 1787 when the "Bounty" embarked on her historic voyage.

Charles Laughton was brought from England to surpass all his previous performances in the role of Captain Bligh, harsh taskmaster who ruled the "Bounty" with an iron hand and a cat o' nine tails. Clark Gable is seen as Master's Mate Fletcher

Christian, leader of that fearless band of reckless romantic devil-may-care mutineers.

Franchot Tone, as Midshipman Byam, will excite the sympathy and admiration of all. Supporting this notable triumvirate is an enormous cast which includes Herbert Mundin, Eddie Quillan, Dudley Digges, Donald Crisp, David Torrance, Francis Lister and Henry Stephenson.

Nearly two years in the making, produced at a cost of more than two million dollars, all that has been learned during 20 years of outstanding motion picture production has been poured into "Mutiny on the Bounty" to achieve the miracle of transporting you to the deck of the "Bounty"—sailing where the "Bounty" sailed—living the hardships and exultations of her crew.

MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY
CHARLES LAUGHTON · CLARK GABLE · FRANCHOT TONE
with Herbert Mundin · Eddie Quillan · Dudley Digges · Donald Crisp
of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture · A FRANK LLOYD PRODUCTION · Albert Lewin, *Associate Producer*

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BOOK SEATS EARLY. 'PHONE 27787.

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NEAR ALBLESS BAUG—CHARNI RD.—OFF QUEEN'S RD.
Also showing Universal British Newsreel containing scenes of the FUNERAL OF HIS LATE MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIFTH

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It Is Splendid You Will Remark
THIS IS ALL-ABOUT
SAVITRI
Saraswatee Cinetone's MARATHI MUSICAL SUPER
Director:
BHAL G. PENDHARKAR
Music Director:
Prof. SURESHBABU
Starring:
LEELA
Supported by
SARASWATEE, (BARODEKAR)
VIJAYADEVI
M. KALE,
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and others.
It's a Music Talkie
Savitri Bears this Hall-Mark of Quality Entertainment
Now in
2ND WEEK
AT
MAJESTIC GIRGAUM
Daily 5-15, 8 and 10-30
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. & Holidays

NATIONALISTS WALK OUT

Thana D. L. B. Members Protest Against Majority Party

(From A Correspondent.)
THANA, Feb. 5

A quarterly general meeting of the Thana District Local Board was held at Thana on 4th inst. under the presidentship of Mr. Divakar. A resolution regarding the adoption of the School Board budget was moved by Mr. D. W. Raut.

Mr. G. D. Vartak, leader of the opposition party moved that as the copies of the budget were received only on that day, consideration of the budget be postponed to the next meeting.

The motion was lost and an understanding was arrived at by the House that general discussion on the Budget should be held on that day and the amendments if any should be moved later on.

But no sooner had discussion on the receipt side begun when Mr. D. J. Junjarrao, one of the members of the Non-Brahamin Party moved for closure.

Several members protested that the closure motion even before discussin on the item had commenced would deprive the House of the fundamental rights to draw attention to objectionable items in the budget and to move amendments. But the motion was carried.

At this stage the National Party consisting of 15 out of the 34 members staged a walk-out as a protest against this alleged high-handed policy of the majority party.

FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"Splendour" At Regal—"Last Days Of Pompeii" At Wellington—"Top Hat" At Pathe—"Stars Of Broadway" At Opera—Carter At Capitol —"Roberta" At Plaza

"Last Days of Pompeii" second week at the Wellington.

"While Parents Sleep" Forthcoming Release.

"Mutiny on the Bounty" runs second week at the Central.

"SPLENDOR" GREAT NEW YORK FAMILY

At The Regal

A new type of vanishing American—the fabulously rich and socially prominent leaders of New York's '400'—is immortalized by Rachel Crothers in "Splendor" her thrilling romantic drama for Samuel Goldwyn starring Miriam Hopkins at the Regal Theatre.

Fifth Avenue, that glamorous thoroughfare which in recent years has watched the decay of great wealth and social leadership and bade farewell to this class of people that is rapidly fading out of the American scene, is the background against which this sophisticated and unusual story unfolds. "The Street of Splendor" as it was once aptly dubbed, has long been a hobby of the famous American play-wright. "I can remember going over there on Sunday as a youngster and watching the great and the near-great parade up and down in their finery," says Miss Crothers. "It was a marvellous pageant-and today it is all gone. Most of the great families who once lived there have been wiped out or in some other way disintegrated. "In Splendor" I have tried to picture the last stand of such a family. The fight to keep up appearances. Their refusal to swallow their pride and face the inevitable. To my mind, this is as thrilling an incident of American life as I can recall in any period of our history."

This sophisticated romantic drama casts Miriam Hopkins as a pretty Southern girl who marries into a once-great New York family, whose sole remaining assets are their name and fifth Avenue mansion, and is ruthlessly sacrificed to their mad craving for lost luxuries. Joel McCrea plays the husband Helen Westley plays the selfish domineering mother-in-law and Paul Cavanagh is seen as the "other man." Billie Burke, David Niven, Katherine Alexander and Ruth Weston are also prominent in the cast of "Splendor" which Elliott Nugent directed. The film is released through United Artists.

"MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY SECOND WEEK

Charles Laughton, who probably received more hisses from picture audiences than any other person, wants to play a lover's role.

"It may surprise you to know," said Laughton as he basked in the sun on the aft deck of the H.M.S. Bounty, "that I have never received more than twelve fan letters a week since I became a motion picture star.

"During "The Barretts of Wimpole Street" I was a complete nonentity in so far as the fan-letter writers were concerned: I received none.

"Then when I eventually played a comedy role in "Ruggles of Red Gap" an avalanche of letters began to swarm upon me—one and two a day—which seemed remarkable to me.

"This role was followed by that of Javert in 'Les Miserables'. Again the fan letters stopped, and I actually heard myself hissed in the theatre, a most unusual experience for me.

"It isn't the fact that I want more fan mail but I would appreciate it greatly if some kindly producer or director would permit me to play the role of a lover in some good picture. I enjoy diversity in characterization. It is the dream of every actor—and I consider myself one—that he will escape becoming a type. So far I have escaped being typed. No character that I have portrayed can be related to its predecessor."

And if you see this film running for the second week at the Central you will know what Charles Laughton means. You must not miss it.

Carter the Great Magician appearing at the Capitol.

"FIRST A GIRL"

At The Excelsior

A New Jessie Matthews' film is always an event but here in "First A Girl" shown from this night at the Excelsior Theatre we have something to offer which for sheer audacity, sparkling humour and fascinating spectacle has never been surpassed. The story is full of piquant situation—such situations as only Jessie Matthews can escape from with exquisite grace. As in several other films, she begins life as a poor, unnoticed maiden whom life has cheated of most of its good things. By sheer determination and a good deal of cheek—supported by a dazzling talent—she acquires those things for which her courageous little heart has always craved. In this instance Jessie's audacity leads her into a situation in which she is compelled to masquerade as a man in real life in order that on the stage she may appear as a female impersonator. This little ruse answers very well until romance makes its appearances in the form of a rich and handsome young man. Imagine Jessie's concern when, in order to preserve her identity and to continue her career she is compelled to let the desirable young man alone! Like all worthwhile lovers, however, Robert pursues his lady-love for whom he had "fallen" at his first glimpse of her on the stage where, in exquisite gowns, she dazzles an enraptured audience with her dancing.

Jessie goes through many vicissitudes before she is finally found out and rescued from trouble by an ardent lover.

The film provides opportunities for some of the most dazzling spectacles ever seen on the screen. In her big numbers Jessie, as the female impersonator "Victoria," is supported by a troupe of lovely dancing girls whose disciplined movements make a fantastic background for the principal dancer. Among these is the famous "Birdcage" scene which was such a success when it was given on the stage at the Royal Variety Performance in London.

Throughout the picture Jessie is supported by Sonnie Hale, whose engaging personality adds so much to every film in which he appears. He is of course very much to the fore in all the most amusing parts of the picture. His scenes with Jessie when he leads her, dressed in cap and suit, to take his place at a music hall performance when his own voice is ruined through a cold, have that irresistible type of humour which keep one on the chuckle.

"ROBERTA" AT PLAZA

The sensational musical comedy "Roberta" starring Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers is now revived at the Plaza, (Tilak Bridge, Dadar).

"Roberta" is a musical production of the highest order. Combined with a highly entertaining story, it has pace, humour, excellent song-numbers, and above all, some elaborate and spectacular dance-numbers with hundreds of girls, headed by that famous pair Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers whose original and peppy dances have been the craze among dance-enthusiasts all over the world.

"TOP HAT"

At Pathe

Gay, romantic tuneful and altogether delightful, "Top Hat" which is this week's attraction at the Pathe, must be marked as another crowning triumph for Fred Astaire, Ginger Rogers and RKO Radio. Unquestionably, the star team and studio which gave the screen "Flying Down to Rio," "The Gay Divorcee" and "Roberta" has delivered another smashing entertainment hit.

Hooking up the superlative dancing abilities of Astaire and Miss Rogers with the melodies of Irving Berlin proves to be a master stroke of concentrated entertainment values. Berlin never has written more catchy, ingratiating songs than he did for "Top Hat" and the way that Astaire and Miss Rogers put over the numbers, both in dancing and in singing, leaves nothing to be desired.

Perfect support is accorded the co-stars by a grand comedy cast. Edward Everett Horton, Helen Broderick, the brilliant Broadway ting nineteen hundred years ago. Eric Blore are simply priceless in tailor-made roles. Indeed, only stars with the talents and magnetism of Astaire and Miss Rogers could keep from having a picture stolen right away from them by such entertainers.

The story of "Top Hat" is light, absorbing and thoroughly plausible, the ideal sort of vehicle for a musical comedy which is concerned only with sparkling entertainment kept strictly within the bound of realism. It concerns Jerry Travers, American dancing stars, and Dale Tremont, a beautiful young country-woman, who meet under romantic and unconventional circumstances in London and in Italy.

The various song and dance numbers all are novel and brilliantly executed. Because of the colour of its setting and the fact that it is hailed as a successor to the "Carioca" and the "Continental," the feature dance, the "Piccolino," deserves special mention. A dance of haunting Italian rhythm, it is done with superb grace by Astaire and Miss Rogers, against a background embracing canals with drifting gondolas. An ensemble arrangement of the number is also done by a large mixed chorus. Other brilliant numbers are: "No Strings," "Cheek to Cheek," "Top Hat," "Isn't This a Lovely Day?" and "Get Thee Behind Me, Satan."

Mark Sandrich directed this Pandro S. Berman production.

"THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII"

Remains At The Wellington For The Second Week

Recreating the Lavish Splendour and grandeur of classic Rome, "The Last Days of Pompeii" the great attraction at the Wellington remains from to-day for its second week's triumphant run, and brings to the screen a story as timely today as it was in its Roman setting ninteen hundreds years ago. In this film, R. K. O. Radio presents an impressive drama of a hero who symbolizes both the strength and weakness of all mankind.

The story is laid in Pompeii which was at the foot of Visuvius, on the Bay of Naples; the time is the first century. Marcus, a young black-smith, embittered when poverty costs him the lives of wife and child, determines to make the acquisition of wealth his goal. Sacrificing all ideals, he rises to riches and power only to discover that, although the lack of gold had cost him the life of one son, the possession of it must cost him the life of another.

The battle between the forces of good and evil—as typified in the man's struggle against himself—provides the drama, which is staged against the background of a city abruptly torn by earthquake and lighted by the lurid glow of a volcano in flames.

In gentler vein is the brief, perfect love of Marcus and his wife, and the self-sacrificing love of the son Flavius for the tragic little slave girl he adores.

Preston Foster who won such acclaim for his portrayal in "The Arizonian" returns to the screen in this dynamic role, which offers him one of the greatest opportunities of his career.

"RAJ RAMNI"

Ranjit's Romance At The West End

Ranjit's "Raj Ramni" is going strong at the West End. It is a picture that entertains. Everybody finds it interesting. It has appeal for all. Jayant Desai has directed the whole picture with his skill and it never flags. The fast tempo of this picture grips everybody. The story is full of suspense and thrills, especially the last twists are clever and most engaging. Miss Madhuri gives a polished piece of acting and E. Billimoria shoulders the theme ably. It is full of pep and zep. Now it is playing to the packed houses and is running second week.

RETURN OF CARTER THE MAGICIAN

At The Capitol

Bombay should welcome the brief return visit of the wonder Magician, Carter The Great to the Capitol, commencing Saturday, 8th February. He will once again thrill audiences with his company of clever assistants, 31 tons of magical accoutrement and his variegated assortment of new and startling illusions, thaumaturgic marvels and conjuring conceits.

'The Elongated Chinese Maiden' is one of Carter's late wonders and consist in apparently stretching to impossible lengths, the neck, legs and arms of a demure daughter of the Celestial Empire, without disturbing in the least the oriental calm of this extraordinary Miss.

'Do Spirits Return' is a strange seance in which Carter supersingly demonstrates the wonders of the occult and marvels of the spirit cabinet. Houdini's ghost is said to frequently manifest herein!

'Cherchez La Femme' or 'Find The Woman' is another of Carter's latest. A Young lady costumed to represent the Queen of Hearts, most tantalizingly appears and disappears at will, while shielded by one of three large life-size playing cards suspended from a board in the air.

'Cheating The Gallows' depicts a live person undergoing a sea change and fading into thin air after being suspended by his neck from the gallows tree. A most incomprehensible mystery!

'The Torture Cell Of Spikes' wherein a young girl's body is to all intents and purposes, penetrated by seventy-two sharp steel spikes without injuring or inconveniencing the performer.

'Shooting The Woman' is another of Carter's new sensations, where in a marked bullet is placed in a gun and shot completely through the body of a young girl, piercing a marked card and carrying with it a piece of red ribbon which is pulled backwards and forwards through the body of the subject.

The above are only a few items from this wonder man's repertoire, he promises us many more, the like of which the East has never seen before.

OPERA HOUSE OPENS

With "Stars Of Broadway"

On Wednesday evening those who were invited to the pre-view of the "Stars of Broadway" found the Royal Opera House changed, in colour, construction and entertainment. The interior of the House was in a colour scheme of silver gray and the proscenium relieved a drop" that was one of the most pleasing features of the radically renovated theatre. The seating accommodation has been re-planned, scientifically the sloping gradation of the poor and the alternating seatings ensuring maximum undisturbed view to the spectator. The compound has been cleared for parking cars and there is ample provision for refreshments.

The Royal Opera House is now a complete talkie house. But it has not sacrificed the amenities of the legitimate theatre. It will be dircted by the Ideal Pictures Ltd., and will exhibit the Warner Bros., scheduled plays for which they have obtained exculusive rights. One must expect entertainment and comfort at the Royal Opera House that one hopes would set the pace for exhibitors in the city.

The "Stars of Broadway" is preceded by one of the most unusual of the "shorts". It is a review of the "middles" who imitate with an amazing effectiveness the dance not abilities of the screen.

"Stars of Broadway" is a musical comedy strengthened by a delightful story, the music alternates between quite modern jazzy strains and operatic airs. Both Jean Muir and James Melton are possessed of faculties that are a revelation. Their songs are real entertainment.

WADIA MOVIETONE PREPARES

Thrillers And A Rustic Theme

Wadia Brothers' first animal thriller "Hind Kesri" has finished its run of eight weeks at the Super. It was so very well received by the public that it would have gone for a couple of weeks more, had it not been for the booking of another picture.

Their 'Pahadi Kanya" or "Maid of the Mountains" directed by Harshad Roy Mehta the well-known director of Mehta Luhar productions has been selected by the management of the Lamington Talkies as their opening programme. Fearless Nadia of "Hunterwali" fame and Sardar Mansoor of "Hind Kesri" play the chief roles supported by a cast including Sharifa, Master Mohammad, John Caves, the strong man of Wadias. Harshad Roy Mehtad has spared no pains to make the picture entirely different from every point of view.

Homi Wadia the youngest yet the most popular didector has started work on "Frontier Mail" in right earnest. The other day his stunt queen Nadia smashed to pieces a brand new Mercedes Benz while actually shooting a scene! as she dashed into a tree she saved her life by a hairbreadth! So this is the beginning! God alone knows how many more ordeals the "Frontier Mail" team will have to go through before making this one the greatest of the diamond thrillers produced so far by Homi Wadia the mail-a-minute thrill producer.

The script of Mewad-Ka-Mawali" has also been taken up as the second annual thriller featuring the wondedr-horse "Punjab-Ka-Beta" of "Hind Kesri" fame.

"Splendour" at the Regal this week.

I CAN TELL YOU YOUR

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Gives Monthly and Weekly Forecasts for 1936 describing with exact dates your Profession, Finance, Health, Home, Love, Luck, with favourable and unfavourable dates for every month of the year. Send your date of Birth.

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This little book contains the daily position of the Moon for every day of 1936 and shows you the auspicious days and dates for important undertakings in your life. It also contains detailed Predictions on INDIA FOR 1936. Highly Useful and interesting.

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Does it trouble you? If so, please get a free particulars to know about the safe, sure, guaranteed specific of the day—Mooktae, Healing Home, Kaliyaganj E.B., India.

MIND YOUR EYE

Try "CHATTO'S" mustard Honey. Safe and sure remedy for Incipient cataract and other all eye-troubles. Success guaranteed. Free Booklet. Small Phial Rs. 3|-.

THE CHATTO & CO.,
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Mothers Here Are Delighted With New Cold Remedy

Just Rubbed on Throat and Chest at Bedtime, It Ends Most Colds in One Night

MOTHERS of young children, especially, are delighted with Vicks VapoRub, the world-famous "external" cold remedy which has just been introduced here.

They like VapoRub because it brings relief so quickly and because there is nothing to swallow—no risk of upsetting a child's stomach and thus lowering his resistance at the time he needs it most to fight the cold. You simply rub VapoRub on the child's throat and chest at bedtime.

Acts in Two Ways at Once

Almost before you finish rubbing, he feels a comforting "glow" on his chest as VapoRub begins to act direct through the skin, "drawing out" the tightness and pain.

At the same time, warmed by the body, VapoRub releases medicated vapours which the child inhales with every breath. They clear the air-passages, make the breathing easy again, and permit restful sleep.

This powerful two-way action goes on for hours. By morning, the worst of the cold is over. Adults' colds are relieved just as quickly.

FOR A FREE SAMPLE—Send this ad, your name and address, and ½ anna for postage to Muller & Phipps (Asia) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay. Or you can get VapoRub at all good chemists and bazaars. (111)

"Just Rub It On" B

VICKS VAPORUB

CULTURAL PROGRESS OF TURKEY

Consolidating Turko-Afghan Relations

ANKARA, January 16.

Within the first week of the year 1936 two important events have taken place in Ankara: namely, the opening of the Linguistic, Historical and of the Geographical faculty, which will constitute the basis of cultural life in Turkey. The second is the visit of Feyz Muhamed Khan, Minister of the Afghan affairs, to Ankara.

ANOTHER ACADEMIC FACULTY

The solemn inauguration of the Faculty of Linguistics, History and Geography has taken place in Ankara in the presence of the President of the Turkish Republic, of members of the Government and in the presence of a large body of diplomats.

From the time Ankara was regarded as the capital of the Young Turkey, great efforts have been put forth in order that this city might at the same time be rendered an important cultural centre. These efforts have been crowned with success, for in so little a time were founded a faculty of Law, institutions for agricultural and for veterinarian purposes, the most perfect establishment in the Balkans and in the Near East, together with laboratories and institutions intended for hygienic purposes—the first stepping stone to a future university in Ankara.

The literary school and the school of political sciences shall with the scholastic year 1936-37, be transferred to their new abodes in Ankara.

The recently inaugurated Faculty of the Linguistics, History and Geography constitutes one of the chief phases of this vast activity. This faculty is meant to pursue and complete the work undertaken by societies on their researches of linguistics and of history. These societies have been organized by President Ataturk himself.

AFGHAN MINISTER'S VISIT

Sardar Feyz Muhammed Khan, the Minister of the Afghan Foreign Affairs, has been on a visit to Ankara to get in touch with the authorities of the Turkish Republic, and in this manner further to consolidate feelings of solidarity and of fraternity existing between the two peoples. This visit on the part of the Afghan Minister has been a new testimony of the sentiments of respect and of friendship that the two nations bear for each other.

Soon after his arrival in Ankara the Minister was immediately brought into contact with the President. He was, thus, given a chance to interpret His Majesty the King of Afghanistan's respects and amicable feelings towards President Ataturk. The latter, in turn, requested the Minister to convey the same feelings of friendship and of deep respect that he well nourished for His Majesty's person.

During his sojourn in Ankara the Afghan Minister has had interviews with Ismet Inonu, President of the Counsel of the State as also with Tevfik Rustu Aras, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

From the official communiques issued relative to this matter, it appears that during those interviews the two parties have emphasized with importance their deep attachment towards a politics of peace. Their discussions have centred entirely on the pursuit of the politics of peace and on the establishment of cordial relationship with all the countries, particularly with those of bordering countries.

Both Ministers, of Turkey and of Afghanistan, noted with satisfaction the ever close relationship of the two sister nations and have come to a full understanding upon the aim common to both, that is, to concentrate their efforts on developing Turkish-Afghan relationships for the welfare of the two peoples.

A COMMERCIAL AGREEMENT.

The Turkish-Spanish commercial relationships of late years, did not lie on any definite basis and were looked upon as a question hanging between the two countries. Due to the Commercial agreement, signed at Madrid, by delegates of both the Spanish and the Turkish Governments on Dec. 31, 1935, these relationships have entered into a phase entirely new.

This agreement, the outcome of good-will and of a desire of understanding among members of the delegates, will be put into action beginning January 2, 1936 opening a vast field of activity for the future commercial relationships of the two countries. This agreement is, besides, a new and formal testimony of the friendly feelings that have always existed between the two nations.

The Clearing and the Commercial agreements, exclusive that of the signature of the protocol, consist of fourteen letters, the point of which is to adhere to the external commercial principles to which Turkey feels bound.

With the agreements referred to there is a large possibility for the development of the commercial relationships between both countries, Spain and Turkey.

IMPROVEMENTS IN TAXES

By a law recently passed, the Kamutay has once more, reduced taxes on cattle varying between 20 and 66 per cent.

This reduction is a new testimony to the desire of the Government to relieve the tributaries of the much too heavy taxes. It is necessary to note here that that which has led the Government to rectify the sources of its income, is precisely due to excellent results obtained by the reductions, made in the year 1935, in taxes on salt and sugar.

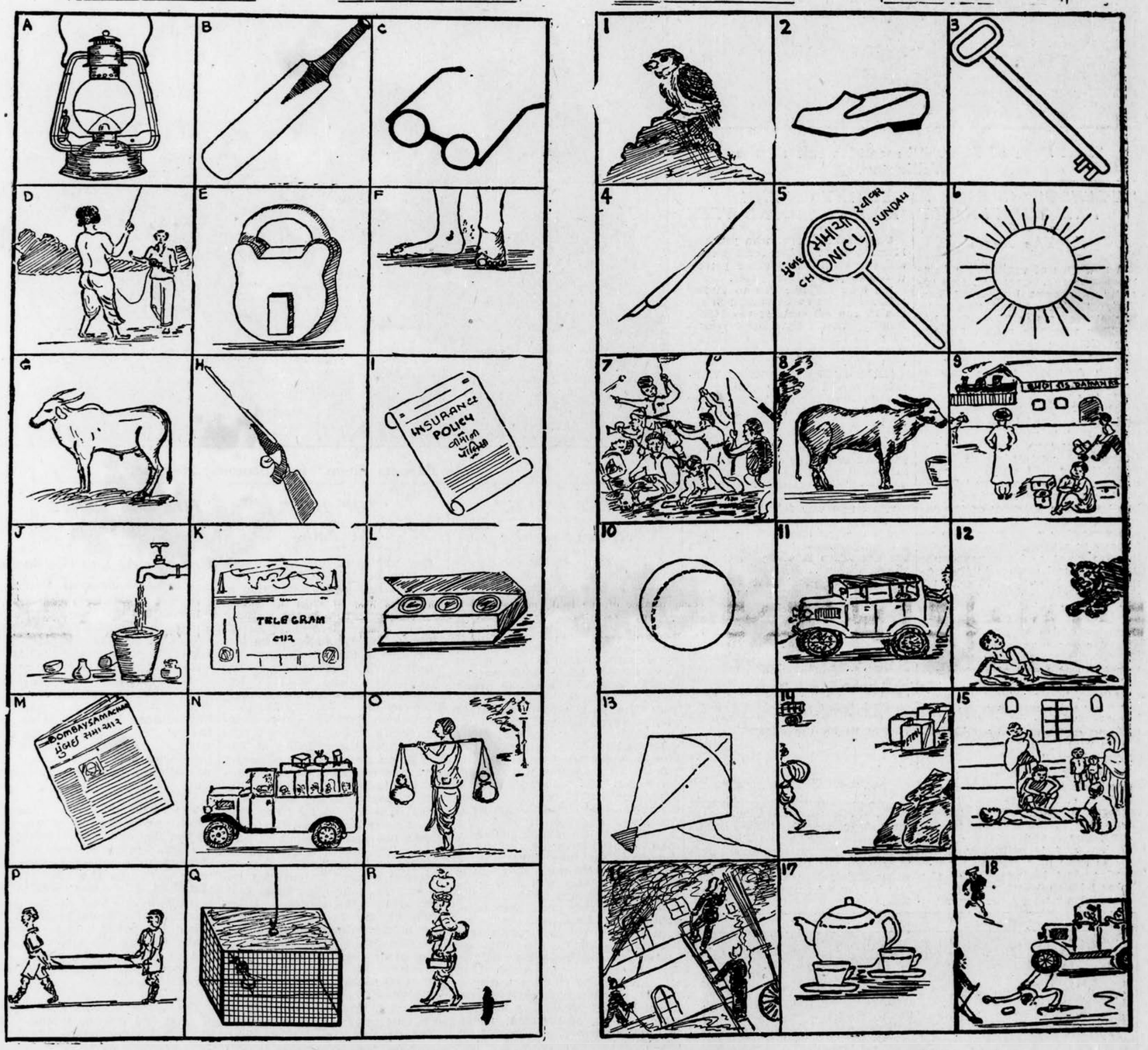
One of the economical principles of the Government is the reduction of prices of the main products of consumption. In reducing taxes on salt and sugar the Government allows a sacrifice of 7 million pounds on its budget.

However, an inspection of the income of the state of the last six months, has shown that this deficit in the budget will easily be filled up by the end of the year. For, the reductions in question will add to the purchasing capacity of the people, assuring likewise consumption of products on a wide scale.

In fact, the income of the budget year 1935-36 in the first six months records a surplus of 2.5 million pounds as compared to previous budget of the same period.

Rs. 3,000 Suggestions Competition

1st Prize	2nd Prize	3rd Prizes	Consolation Prizes
Rs. 1,500	Rs. 750	Rs. 250	Rs. 500



The articles, persons or animals as shown in the series of pictures marked A, B, C, on the left are useful in various ways and the purposes for which they may be meant are SUGGESTED by illustrations in the series numbered 1, 2, 3 on the right.

You have to find out the use or the purpose for which each of the illustrations A, B, C, is meant.

For instance illustration "L" shows an inkstand. Ink is useful for the purpose of writing. This is SUGGESTED by the pen in illustration No. 4. You have, therefore, to enter No. 4 against "L" in the coupon which will be available from the "Bombay Chronicle" Sunday Editions.

Entry Coupons will be found in Sunday Issues of 26th January, 2nd and 9th February, 1936.

CLOSING DATE 12TH FEBRUARY, 1936.

BIRTH CONTROL HAS COME TO STAY

But Need Of Instruction Is Greater In India, Says Margaret Sanger

Mrs. Margaret Sanger writes:—

Before leaving India for China, Japan and U. S. A., I want to send my word of thanks and appreciation to all the friends, both old and new, throughout this delightful country who have assisted in making my visit not only pleasant, but to a large extent amazingly successful.

I have found everywhere a fine reception on the part of the public for the idea of Birth Control. The middle class population especially are eager for this knowledge. To say that Birth Control has come to stay is no indication of prophecy for I found it already here, in one form or another among various classes.

I have been in India two months within which time I have travelled over 10 000 miles to the North, South, East and West. I have had over 61 meetings and many private small ones. I have been interviewed by hundreds of women for personal consultation and I am convinced that the need of Birth Control instruction here is even greater than the Western countries.

My only plea on leaving is that those in authority, those in charge of public health, those advancing the cause of social and mental health take up a firm stand and include contraceptive knowledge and its practice, where it is desired and needed. It is a responsibility that can no longer be evaded or shirked and one which the masses have a right to expect from those directing hospitals and other health activities. May I say to all, Hail and Farewell, Farewell and Hail.

Mr. Andrews Anxiety To Help Orissa

CUTTACK, (By Mail)

The following letter has been received by Swamy Bichitranand Das from the Rev. C. F. Andrews from Pembroke College, Cambridge.

I have been so sorry to have been unable to come, as I had intended, to Orissa, during my last visit to India, as time did not permit me, and I had to leave without it. The cause of Orissa and the permanent solution of the flood problem are constantly before me, and if at any time I am able to do anything to help forward either the one or the other I will certainly do so.

I desire specially to be able to come among you now that you are soon to become a separate province.

During the hot weather months this year I shall be in Australia, New Zealand and Fiji. If I am able to come back via India in the cold weather I will certainly do so and in that case I shall hope to come to Orissa.—A. P.

It is reported that the peasants of Radhanpur State have described their difficulties to the Hon. the A.G.G. of the Gujarat States in a memorial submitted to him recently.

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CHIT FUND
AT
BOMBAY OFFICE

We have pleasure to announce the starting of our popular monthly Auction CHIT FUND at our Bombay Branch on
8th FEBRUARY, 1936

CHIT FUND is a better kind of Prudential Deposit. It forces you to make a saving and it helps you to raise ready loans for emergency repayable in monthly instalments.

For detail rules and application forms please apply to Local Office.

Bombay, 6th January, 1936. S. NARASIMHAN, Manager.

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LIMITED

Head Office:—Alleppey.

Branches:—TRIVANDRUM CHANGANACHERRY, COCHIN QUILON, KOTTAYAM, KAYENKULAM & ERNAKULAM

(Under the patronage of the Government of His Highness The Maharajah of Travancore).

CHAIRMAN:—Mr. K. C. PANDALAI, B.Sc. (ECON.)

Fixed Deposits are now received at the following rates:—

For six Months	.. ..	4 per cent. per annum
For One Year	.. ..	5 per cent. per annum
For 2 Years or more	..	5½ per cent. per annum

The interest is payable half-yearly. The Bank has made arrangements at Madras Bombay, Calcutta and Bangalore for receiving and paying the Deposits At PAR. For further particulars apply to:—

C. KRISHNA MENON, M.A., Manager, or
THE CHAIRMAN, COLLEGE BUILDINGS, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

TRADE AND FINANCE

Suspension Of Sales Of Treasury Bills

ERRATIC FLUCTUATIONS IN FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Good Offtake For Ready Silver

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)
Bombay, Feb 7

MONEY

There was no change in the monetary situation during the period under review, call loans being available at 1/2 per cent. Government have repaid to the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 3 crores borrowed against ways and means, thereby reducing the balance under this head to nil. Tenders for Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 243.50 lacs, of which Government accepted Rs. 1 crore at the average rate of Rs. 0-12-0 per cent. Maturities on the other hand amounted to Rs. 4 crores, and about Rs. 46 lacs were put on the market by the purchase of sterling by Government. Government have suspended the sale of Treasury Bills from this week probably because their revenues are coming in faster. Fixed deposit rates were unchanged: 3 months at 3/4 to 1 per cent and 6 months at 1-1/4 to 1-1/2 per cent.

RESERVE BANK

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended January 31, 1936, shows an increase of Rs. 26.67 lacs in the total notes issued against a corresponding increase of Rs. 26.64 lacs in Rupee Coin. Notes in circulation have declined by Rs. 51.24 lacs while these held in the Banking Department have risen by Rs. 77.91 lacs. The item of Sterling Securities remains unchanged at Rs. 66.18 crores whereas Rupee Securities have slightly risen by Rs. 0.03 lacs. Government Deposits are down by Rs 98.97 lacs, and Banks' deposits and Others are up by Rs. 2.69 lacs and Rs. 3.99 lacs respectively. Balances held abroad have improved by Rs. 131.33 lacs to Rs. 19.38 crores. Loans and Advances to the Government have decreased by Rs. 3 crores to nil. Investments and Other Assets recorded a fall of Rs. 1.06 lacs and Rs. 1.55 lacs respectively. The Bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK

The Imperial Bank of India statement as on January 31, 1936 shows an increase of Rs. 91.37 lacs in the total cash balance of the bank, now standing at Rs. 25.44 crores. Total securities have declined by Rs. 122.13 lacs to Rs. 40.66 crores. Loans, Cash Credits and Overdrafts and Bills discounted have risen by Rs. 6.75 lacs, Rs. 37.61 lacs and Rs. 12.18 lacs respectively. Deposits on all accounts are up by Rs. 35.92 lacs to Rs. 78.78 crores.

Gilt-edged were steady on cheap money and in the absence of sellers of medium and long-dated loans, 3 1/2 per cent Paper after an early recession from Rs. 96-7 to Rs. 96-5 improved and closed at Rs. 96-12. In London the price of 3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Stock was almost stationary at £97 1/2. 3 per cent 1941 loan improved from Rs. 104-4 to Rs. 104-5; 3 per cent 1951-54 New Loan from Rs. 102-8 to Rs. 103-1; 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan from Rs. 106-3 to Rs. 106-10; 4 per cent 1943 bonds from Rs. 109-7 to Rs. 109-12 and 4 per cent 1960-70 loan from Rs. 111-3 to Rs. 111-13. 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan rose from Rs. 117-10 to Rs. 118-4. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan moved between Rs. 109-5 and Rs. 109-3, and 5 per cent 1940-43 loan between Rs. 111-5 and Rs. 111-2. 5 per cent 1945-55 (Tax free) loan spurted up from Rs. 118-13 to Rs. 119-8 and 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan was stationary at Rs. 108-10

EXCHANGE

Continued cheap money and relatively small fresh business in gold for export coupled with inquiry for remittances in connection with silver imports caused slightly easier tendency in sterling. Sellers of ready T T quoted 1s 6 3/32d at the close with good buyers at 1s 6 1/8d, for all deliveries. The turnover was small both for near and forward. Tenders to Government were small amounting to £245,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. which were allotted in full.

Inflationary sentiment prevailing in the U. S. A. was largely responsible for erratic fluctuations in foreign exchanges in the London market. The London/New York cross rate moved between dol 5.02 3/4 and dol 5.00 3/16 and Paris/London cross rate between 75.09 and 74.82 francs. The Belga and the Guilder fluctuated between 29.42 and 29.32 and 7.31 and 7.28. The Italian Lira was quoted at 62.18.

GOLD

Gold was easier at the opening following the weakness of the dollar, and the price for ready dropped to as low as Rs. 34-8-3. Since the quotation for gold in the London market did not however, show a proportionate fall, and there was a fair enquiry from banks for export, prices firmed up, ready closing at Rs. 34-11-3. The total turnover for export was, however, small although a fair amount of inter-bazar business was done at the opening. Arrivals average about 15,000 tolas a day and stocks on hand are estimated at about 1½ lacs tolas. The daily offtake is unchanged at about 2,000 tolas. Last week's shipment of gold per S. S. 'Comorin' amounted to Rs. 54.26 lacs. The price of gold in London after improving from 140s 8d to 141s on last Saturday declined to 140s 6d on Tuesday and again improved and closed at 140s 11d. The price of sovereigns after declining from Rs. 22-3-9 to Rs. 22-2-3 early in the week, both for ready and forward, rose and closed at Rs. 22-5-6. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 34-11-3 and Rs. 34-8-3 both for ready and 8th February settlement and Rs. 34-10-3 and Rs. 34-7-3 for 9th March settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 48,041 in bar and coin.

SILVER

Silver was quite steady during the early part on continued good offtake for ready in the local market, and the quotation ranged between Rs. 49-15 and Rs. 49-6. On the resumption of forward trading in the London market on Wednesday, 5th instant, there were evidently more selling orders in that market causing a drop of 5/16d in the price of spot, forward being 1/8d under the spot (19 5/16d.) As a consequence the price in the local market dropped to Rs. 48-5 and closed at Rs. 49 2. The average daily offtake during the week was about 400 bars, and stocks including last week's arrivals amount to about 7,000 bars, and silver "at sea" is valued at £676,600. The total importduring the week amounted to 3,223 bars and Rs. 84,906 in coin. In London spot silver after improving from 19 9/16d to 19 13/16d declined and closed at 19 7/16d. and forward at 19 3/8d. The Shanghai dollar showed little or no change at 1,2 13/32. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 49-15 and Rs. 48-5 for ready, Rs. 49-14 and Rs. 48-4 for 12th February settlement and Rs. 49-12-0 and Rs. 48-2 for 13th March settlement.

SHARES

The share market was easy on profit taking in all sections, particularly steels. The turnover was fair-sized. Tata Iron ordys after declining from Rs 148 to Rs. 142-8 closed at Rs. 143, and Defds. eased off from Rs. 572-8 to Rs. 527-8. Among cotton mill shares, Bombay Dyeings dropped from Rs 676-4 to Rs. 665; Centurys from Rs. 165-10 to Rs. 158-12 and Central Indias from Rs. 231-4 to Rs. 228-2. In Hydro-electrics, Andhra Valleys after improving from Rs. 1607-8 to Rs. 1615 dropped and closed at Rs. 1607-8 and Tata Powers from Rs. 1520 to Rs. 1536-4, closing at Rs. 1522-8. Among Bank shares, Imperials fully paid rose to Rs. 1550 on investment demand and Bank of Indias at Rs. 128-8. Cement group of shares were easier. Bundis closing at Rs. 33-14 and Katni ordy at Rs. 352-8. In miscellaneous, Belapure changed hands at Rs. 166-14; Industrial Investment shares at Rs. 33 and Scindia Steams at Rs. 14-9.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Feb 7

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from London to-day:

Names of Company	Latest prices £
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy Stock	86 0 0
Bengal Iron 7 1/2 per cent Preference	0 12 3
Bengal Nagpur Railway Ord Stock	103 0 0
Burma Corporation Ltd	0 11 0
Cables and Wireless 7 1/2 per wcent Ord A Stock	30 10 0
Calcutta Electric Sup Copn Ord	3 3 3
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy)	1 14 9
Cawnpore Electric Sup Ord	2 6 0
Delhi Electric Sup Ord	3 1 0
Foreign Railway Inv Trust 5 per cent Prf Stk	35 0 0
Genl and Coml Invest Trust Defd Stk	95 0 0
East India Distilleries and S F Ord	1 3 9
Eastern Bank Ltd	7 6 6
Hongkong and Shanghai Bankg Corpn	105 0 0
Imperial Airways Ltd Ord	3 6 0
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord)	0 3 3
Indian Iron and Steel 7 1/2 Debs	106 0 0
Rangoon Electric Tram and S Ord	2 1 0
Roan Antelope Copper Mines Ord	1 15 0
Shahdara Saharanpur L Railway 4 1/2 per cent Deb	94 0 0

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Feb 7

Java ready	13 8 6
S S Kohinoor	4 2 0
January shipment	4 0 0
February March shipment	4 2 6
Kesar ready	14 0 0
Saraya ready	13 7 0
Spot Java	F. 4.00

COPPER QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Feb 7

London market—	
Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£34-12-6
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers)	£34-13-9
Standard Copper 3 months	£35-0-0
Electrolytic copper	£38-15-0
New York market—	
Blue Eagle	9 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	8 1/2 cents
Bombay market—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 32-14-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 37-6-0
Tone: Steady.	

SCHEDULED BANKS

Consolidated statement of the position of the Banks scheduled to the Reserve Bank of India Act as at the close of business on Friday, the 31st day of January 1936.

(i) Demand Liabilities in India	121,17,03,000
(ii) Time Liabilities in India	99,79,09,000
(iii) Cash in India—	
(a) Notes	4,80,39,000
(b) Rupees	67,05,000
(c) Subsidiary Coin	23,68,000
(iv) Balances with the Reserve Bank of India	34,33,50,000
(v) Advances in India	86,22,99,000
(vi) Bills discounted in India	4,71,53,000

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GENUINE FRENCH EXTRA VIRGIN
OLIVE OIL

Guaranteed 100% PURE

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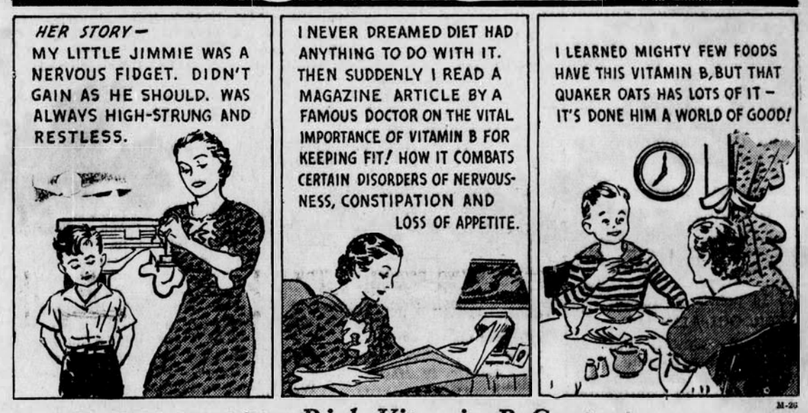
HER STORY—
MY LITTLE JIMMIE WAS A NERVOUS FIDGET. DIDN'T GAIN AS HE SHOULD. WAS ALWAYS HIGH-STRUNG AND RESTLESS.
I NEVER DREAMED DIET HAD ANYTHING TO DO WITH IT. THEN SUDDENLY I READ A MAGAZINE ARTICLE BY A FAMOUS DOCTOR ON THE VITAL IMPORTANCE OF VITAMIN B FOR KEEPING FIT! HOW IT COMBATS CERTAIN DISORDERS OF NERVOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION AND LOSS OF APPETITE.
I LEARNED MIGHTY FEW FOODS HAVE THIS VITAMIN B, BUT THAT QUAKER OATS HAS LOTS OF IT—IT'S DONE HIM A WORLD OF GOOD!
M-36

QUAKER OATS WITH ITS *Rich Vitamin B Content*
WORKS WONDERS IN BUILDING STRONG, STEADY NERVES

Now available in Quick-Cooking form—Cooks in 2½ minutes.

The peculiar thing about the nerve-nourishing Vitamin B is that it can't be stored up in the body. We must have it every day, or serious disorders result. Nervous troubles, constipation, poor appetite and run-down condition often follow.

Quaker Oats abounds in Vitamin B. In addition, it is rich in body-building minerals, carbohydrates and protein. It is Nature's finest energy food. It builds strong bones, sturdy muscles, firm teeth. Serve Quaker Oats daily to all your family. Delicious—it blends perfectly with your favourite foods.

QUAKER OATS
Gives you the Vitality to keep you fit

EXPERTS SELECT QUAKER OATS FOR DIONNE QUINTS

With the whole world of food science to guide them, experts in charge of these little wards of H. M. The King, put them on Quaker Oats even before their first birthday.

Made from plump Dominion grain.
50% richer in muscle-building value.

BEAUTY and PURITY

PERFECTION from first to last, in the selection of materials in the method of compounding through every process of manufacture and packing,
PURITY of ingredients and cleanliness in handling are constant watchword: in the preparation of

OATINE

No animal fat enters into their composition and throughout the whole process of manufacture they are untouched by hand.
OATINE CREAM nightly. Oatine Snow daily. These two pure products are all that is necessary for flawless purity and beauty of complexion.
For pure complexions massage nightly with Oatine Cream. It cleanses, nourishes and refreshes the tired tissues and purifies and beautifies the skin while you sleep. To protect that purity by day from Sun, Wind, Dust and Rain use OATINE SNOW, the cooling, soothing OATINE VANISHING CREAM.

THE OATINE Co.
GRAHAM'S BUILDING
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Trade Buying And Short Covering In Cotton

Continued Fixations Of March And May

MARKET OVERSOLD BUT OPPOSITION TO NEW AGRICULTURAL PLAN

General Sentiment Mixed

BOMBAY, Feb. 7.

Buyers on the New York cotton market were timid owing to somewhat familiar uncertainty with regard to Washington's programme but the market being well-liquidated and with less transference from old to new crop, there was a rise of 50 cents per bale on trade buying and short covering.

It was rumoured that the New Agricultural Plan would be passed by the U. S. Congress on Friday although some opposition is shown. The general sentiment continues mixed and the situation entirely depends upon political developments. It is too early to form any reliable opinion we think it will.

The New York Cotton Market was quiet but firm in the absence of selling, influenced by favourable Liverpool cables and buying on the reaction theory. There was trade buying and short covering. Buyers were timid owing to somewhat familiar uncertainty with regard to Washington's programme, but the market appeared to be well-liquidated and with less interference from old to new crop changes were more uniform, the average rise being 50 cents per bale.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York Cotton Futures Market opened at a rise of 5 points with July 10-45. There was scattered business and prices declined one point from the opening level and July was quoted 10.47 which was the lowest level for the day Later on there was active buying and prices advanced to 10.57. The market closed at a rise of 12 to 9 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 15 points at 11.60.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton Futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 14 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices improved to 14 points at 11.49c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool Cotton Futures Market opened at a decline of 6 points with July 5.57. There was Bombay, London and Continental selling and later there was some reactionary buying. Later on prices advanced on rumours of the probable passage of the substitute Farm Bill by the Congress on Friday. There was heavy short covering and the market closed unchanged to 1 point up. Middling American Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged at 5.99d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

Eastern Indian Cotton futures market was steady and closed unchanged at the close. March was quoted 5.27. May 5.25 and July 5.17.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton futures market was fairly steady. Sakels futures closed 5 to 3 points up and Uppers futures gained 2 to 9 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria Cotton market was quiet and irregular with a limited turnover. Sakels closed unchanged to 4 pts. up while Ashmouni futures closed 2 pts. down to 5 pts. up.

OVERSOLD MARKET.

Dr. Monath of Messrs. E.J. Schwaback and Co., states:—

"It appears that local New York operators have oversold the market, especially the new crop months. As we stressed in our cable of Feb. 4th, these short-sellers expect an increase in acreage far in excess of what our farmer will be able to finance and to handle above the acre of last year. During May, June and July prices are affected by the many enemies facing the new crop. A long position carried through these months can usually be liquidated profitably during July and August. The proper investing policy is to buy new crop months now and during the intervening period upto the beginning of May."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest (2-37)	10.57+14
New York July lowest (10 a.m.)	10.47+04
Liverpool July highest	5.64+01
Liverpool July lowest	5.54—09

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market steadier on reports of announcement of substitution legislation to-morrow but sentiment very mixed

New York: New crop—Think it a good time to buy around present level and on the scale down.

New York: Market firmer owing to trade buying and shorts covering. There is some improvement in sentiment. Cotton goods market—yarn market—steady and more active but only for immediate need.

New York: Continued fixations March and May. Spot houses bought May and sold distants. Japanese interests credited selling distants.

New York: There are indications that market is oversold. Fairchild thinks acreage will be increased to 3,26,50,000. Opposition to new Agricultural Bill continues. We are inclined to recommend buying distant months on a further decline.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York February 6.

March	11.08—11
May	10.77+12
July	10.55+12
October	10.2.+09
December	10.24+10
January	10.24+10
Middling Spot	11.60+1

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York. February 6

March	11.09+14
May	10.73+09
July	10.55+11
Middling Spot	11.49+14

NEW YORK
New York, February 6

New York 10 55 A.M.—	
March	11.03
May	10.71
July	10.50
New York Noon Call—	
March	11.01
May	10.70
July	10.50

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York February 6

	Bales
Days receipts at all U S ports	17,000
Day exports to Great Britain	10,000
Day's exports to the continent	30 00

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, February 6

February	5.80
March	5.78
April	5.75
May	5.71
June	5.67
July	5.6 +01
August	5.26+01
September	5.49
October	5.42
November	5.59
December	5.56
January	5.58
February	5.38
Middling Spot	5.49
To-days 10-12 A.M Quotations	
March	5.71
May	5.64
July	5.57

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, February 6

G F SAKELLARIDIS	
March	8.85
May	8.62
July	8.46
October	8.35
November	8.13
January	8.02
F G F Spot	9.39

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, February 6

Fine—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.05
Fine (Good Staple)	5.23
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.38
Fine—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.18
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.33
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5. 8
Bengal—	
Good	3.85
Fully Good	3.95
Fine	4.05
Crude—	
Fully Good	4.15
Fine	4.25
Superfine	4.37

SEEDS
London, February 6

Linseed La Plata Hull c. i. f. for Feb sellers £10 18-9

Linseed Calcutta London, c. i. f. for Feb Mar sellers £12 15-0.

Linseed Bombay London c. i. f. for Feb Mar sellers £12-18 9

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Continent c. i. f. for Feb/Mar sellers £14 1-3.

Castorseed Bombay Hull c. i. f. for Feb/Mar sellers £12 2-6

LINSEED OILS
London February 6

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt Feb sellers 26/ 1 1/2

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt May/Aug sellers 26/6.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Feb 6

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars.
Electric Bond Common	19
Amr Water Works 6 per cent Pfd	99
Int Tel and Tel	18
American Tel and Tel	170
Western Union Telg	83
Chesapeake and Ohio	59
New York Central	35
Baltimore and Ohio R R	20
Erie R R	14
Pennsylvania R R	
Union Pacific R R	124
Great North Pfd	36
New Y New Heaven Hartford	14
United States Steel	51
Int Nickel of Canada	49
Anaconda Copper Mining	30 1/4
General Motor	58 1/2
Kelvinators	19
Socony	16 1/2
Chase Bank	39 1/2
National City Bank	26
Sun Life of Canada	490
Canadian P Railway	13

Market steady. Brokers loans down 4 million dollars

Total business: 2 3/4 million

LONDON SILVER
London, February 6

Spot	19-7/16
Forward	19-3/8

LONDON GOLD.
London February 6

Gold Bars, Fine per oz	£7/0 11

LONDON METALS
London February 6

Copper Brazier	48-3/4
Yellow Metal	40-1/8
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	13-7/8
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool F O B	202 1/4

LONDON RUBBER
London February 6

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb 7-3/16 sellers

NEW YORK COFFEE.
New York, February 6

Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality) 6-3/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London February 6

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9 16 per cent to 9/16 per cent

Bank Bills 4 months market rate 5/8 per cent. to 5/8 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent. to 2 1/2 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent

Interest Day to Day Loan 3/8 per cent. to 1/2 per cent

Interest 7 days Market Loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON PRODUCE
London February 6

Wheat Rozario Semi Fe nominal

Wheat Barletta Russian nominal

Wheat South Australians Feb sellers 30 9

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.
London February 6

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta Feb. Mar Nominal per cwt 7/0

C & F Bombay — Feb Mar Nominal per cwt 6/9

C & F Karachi — Feb Mar Nominal per cwt 6/9

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, February 6

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent	71 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	85-1/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent 1931 or later	97-1/2
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent 1950-55	115
Consols 2-1/2 per cent	86-3/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent 1961	108
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent 1952	106 5/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	118-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	116 7/8
Chartered Bank of India A and China	14-3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	104-3/4
National Bank of India	45 1/4
P. & O Banking Corporation	10

LONDON EXCHANGES
London February 6

London on —	
New York closing rate	5.01-7/16
Paris	74.91
Berlin	12.29 1/2
Madrid	36.16
Amsterdam	7.39-1/4
Brussels	29.39-1/2
Milan	82.18
Berne	15.15 1/2
Prague	119.37

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: March 104 May 121 July 129 at Cross Rate 5.01 1/2

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 193 Liverpool May 5.73 Rs. 58 1/2 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach July/Aug 194/8 Liverpool July 5.66 Rs. 51 1/2 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York. Broach A/M 193 New York May 10.57 Rs. 45 3/4 at Cross Rate 5.01 1/2

Bombay New York: Broach July/Aug 194/8 New York July 10.55 Rs. 36 3/4 at Cross Rate 5.01 1/2

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Feb 7

B C Rate T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D Feb-Dec	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1 6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1 6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1 6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	267 1/4
Banks selling T T	265 1/4
Banks buying T T	262 1/2
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	562
Banks buying T T	572
JAPAN	
Banks selling T T	77 3/8
Banks buying T T	77 1/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	54 3/4
JAVA	
Banks selling D D	54 1/2
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	88 1/2
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	80 3/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 6th instant	5.01 5/8
Japan/London 7th instant	1/2 1/32
Java/London 7th instant	7.25
Hongkong/London 7th instant	1/4
Shanghai/London 7th instant	1/2 13/32
London/Paris 6th instant	74.91
London/Belgium 6th instant	29.39 1/2
London/Switzerland 6th instant	15.15 1/2
London/Berlin 6th instant	12.29 1/2
London/Stockholm 6th instant	19.39
London/New York 6th instant	5.01 7/16
London/Amsterdam 6th instant	7.29 1/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—	Quiet
Gold 5th instant	£7-0-10
Gold 6th instant	£7-0-11
Silver London Ready	
5th instant	19 7/16
6th instant	19 7/16
Silver London Forward	
5th instant	19 5/16
6th instant	19 3/8
Silver New York Ready	
5th instant	45
6th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos	
5th instant	9/16 p.c.
6th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 Mos	
5th instant	5/8, p.c.
6th instant	5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c
Money:—Call	1/4 p.c.
3 Mos	1 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 1/2 p.c

Tone:—Easy.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Feb 7

The local silver market was quiet but steady with a moderate business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range of annas two only. To-day Teji mandi was settled at Rs. 49/1 for Magh delivery. The gold market was steady with a scattered demand. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 13/16

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	49 3 0
Magh	49 1 0
Fagan	49 0 0
Ready gold	34 11 3
Magh	34 11 3
Fagan	34 9 6

MONTREAL SILVER

Montreal, Feb 6

March	44.85+85
May	44.75+75
July	44.75+70

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Feb 6

Broach A/M opening 192; highest 192 1/2; lowest 189 1/2; closing 192 1/2

Broach J/A opening 194 1/4; highest 194; lowest 190 3/4; closing 194

Oomra March opening 174 1/4; highest 175 3/4; lowest 172 3/4; closing 175 3/4

Oomra May opening 173 1/2; highest 174 3/4; lowest 171 3/4; closing 174 3/4

Bengal March opening 135; highest 136 1/2; lowest 134 3/4; closing 136 1/2

Bengal May opening 133 3/4; highets 135; lowest 133 1/4; closing 135

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-3-36) Rs. 12 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach J/August (30-6-36) Rs. 21

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-2-36) Rs. 6 3/4

COTTON ARRIVALS

	Bales
Receipts into Bombay on 6th February	20,424
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	1,032,462
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	892,332
Increase	140,130

OSAKA SAMPIN

Osaka, Feb 7

	opening
February	190.40+180
May	189.40+80
August	188.90+60

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Feb 6

March	74 1/8d.
May	73 3/4d.
July	74 5/8d.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb 7

Following a rise of 12 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 193 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs 192/4 At this level there was active buying by professional operators and in the absence of any offerings prices advanced to Rs. 194/8. The undertone of the market was steady.

Later on prices advanced to Rs. 195 but at this level there was some liquidation. Liverpool market opened at a rise of 3 points and later on was quoted 4 points up. In the local market Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 194/4. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M.	194 0 0
Broach J/A.	195 8 0
Oomra March	177 0 0
Oomra May	176 0 0
Bengal March	138 4 0
Bengal May	136 0 0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.
Bombay, Feb.7.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good.
M. G.—					
Bengal U. P.	...	147	143	139	136
Punjab	...	147	143	139	135
Rajputana	...	...	...	...	...
Oomra No 3	188	185	182	179	...
C. P. No. 1	203	200	197	194	...
C. P. No. 2	195	192	189	186	...
Broach No. 2	...	...	...	...	...

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Feb.7.

	Old.	New.
Bengal Superfine	...	153
Bengal Fine	...	149
C. P. 1 Fine	...	195/197
C. P. 2 Fine	...	189/191
Arvi Fine	...	190/192
Ellichpur Fine	...	185/186
Berar Fine	...	182/184
Khamgaon Fine	...	184/186
Mulkapur Fine	...	179/181
Khandesh Fine	...	175/179
Jalna/Sailu Fine	...	179/181
Burwah Sanavad Fine	...	183/185
Mathia Fine	...	169/174
Broach Fine	...	195/198
Punjab/American	...	203/208
Sind-American	...	203/208
Cambodia	243/248	...
Cambodia 2nd crop	213/218	...
Cambodia 2nd crop	213/218	...
Compta Good	213/218	...
Westerns	203/213	...
Kampala	305/308	...
Jinja	291/293	...
New Manza	...	283/288
Jagadia Ankleshwar	...	233/235
Surat-Navsari	...	241/243

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, Feb. 7.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year
Khandesh	2,064	132,796
Central India	2,942	113,719
Barsi and Nagar	439	81.181
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	15,592
Berar	1,593	128,606
Central Provinces	1,134	42,180
Total Oomras	8,162	514,074
Dholera	270	30,439
N.-W. Provinces	61	50,079
Rajputana	575	35,125
Sind-Punjab	3,625	258,182
Broach	612	6,034
Coompta and Dharwar	...	10,722
Westerns-Northerns	180	15,992
Cocoanada	...	39
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	8,028
Persian	...	8
American	...	16,514
Egyptian and African	231	100,482
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	460
Total	13,716	1,046,178

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 30th Jan.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year
Europe	3,770	172,228
Japan and China	8,764	393,826
Coast Ports	...	11,621
Up-country by Rail	...	90,849
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	45,854
Total	12,534	714,378

COTTON TEJI MANDI

Bombay, Feb 7

Broach J/A	21 4 0
Teji on Rs. 220	3 8 0
Broach A/M	13 0 0
Teji on Rs. 205	3 0 0
Mandi on Rs. 180	3 0 0
Monthly	6 12 0
Difference Rs. 5	1 12 0
Difference Rs. 10	0 12 0

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Feb. 7.

May	0.99 1/4c.
July	0.89 3/c.
September	0.88 1/2c.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Feb 6

May	2.38+08
July	2.40+08
September	2.42+07
January	2.17+04

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 6-2-36	6662000	3787000
Receipts Yesterday 6-2-36	17000	17000
Exports to date 6-2-36	4225000	3050000
Stock at Ports 31-1-36	2607000	2839000
Stock at Interior Towns 31-1-36	2249000	765000
Stock at Liverpool 31-1-36	741000	897000
Visible Supply 31-1-36	6573000	6394000
Quantity in sight 31-1-36	1020000	6513000
Quantity out of sight 31-1-36	6742000	5437000

Reactionary Buying In Tata Steel Shares

Market Steady With A Moderate Turnover

GENERAL SENTIMENT MIXED

BOMBAY: Feb. 7.

The local Share Bazar was again open to-day for one hour during which period there was some buying on the reaction theory and short covering in Tata Steel shares, which resulted in moderate improvement in prices.

In other sections, there was sympathetic steady feeling with scattered buying. Otherwise the business was slow, with somewhat mixed feeling.

In some quarters it is generally believed that the recent decline in Steel shares was mainly due to heavy selling by professional operators despite favourable position of the Steel Industry. Now it is for bulls and investors to show their strength by supporting the market. There is utter absence of any important outside speculative activity and those who find themselves in a wrong position grumble, but speculative markets are never run with charitable motives. It is always a fight between bulls and bears and, as long as, the general stability of the market remains undisturbed, there is no question of any interference by the Stock Exchange authority.

It is true that the state of our various industries is satisfactory, but there is also the other side of the question. It will be advisable to look into heavy losses in Silver and the big drop in Cotton prices. These things must tell to some extent on Stock Exchange prices, as very often we find same class of operators having large interest in several markets.

TEXTILE MILLS.
Bombay, February 7.

100	Ahm. Advance	285 0
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	672 8
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	163 12
100	Central India	230 0
100	Colaba	119 6
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	340 0
1	E. D. Sasoon	0 2 6
100	Finlay	110 0
100	Gokak	158 2
1000	Hindustan	1750 0
100	Indore	53 12
100	Khatau	74 6
100	Kohinoor	194 6
250	Laxmi	585 0
100	Madhavji	6 12
250	Madras United	40 0
1000	Morarji	785 0
250	Model	41 0
50	Mysore	91 4
200	New Great	108 12

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE
Bombay, Feb 7

Century 161 163/12
Bombay Dyeing 672 671 675 673 675 672/8
Kohinoor 193 194/6
Central India 228 229 228 230
New Great 108
Simplex 63 64/8
Swadeshi 150 151/4
Bundi 34
I Cement 430 429 431
Punjab 24
Shahabad 441 443 445
Andhra 1612 1610 1613 1612/8
Tata Hydro 165/5
Tata Power 1532 1530 1535 1533 1532/8
Tram Ord 150/5
T Steel Defd 531 532 528 535 531 541 538/12
T Steel Ord 143/8 143/12 144/12 144/8
Tata Steel 2nd pref 164/8
Bellapur 166/14
B Steam 270 268/12
B Burma 390 388 390 391/4

100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	267 8
25	Sassoon Silk	35 0
1000	Sholapur	2400 0
50	Simplex	64 6
100	Swadeshi	151 4
100	Swan	86 4
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1275 0
1000	Western	750

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda	104 8
25-50	Central	53 6
500	Imperial	1548 12
125-500	Im. Con.	378 12
50-100	India	129 8
130	Reserve Bank	130 12
5	Union	5 5

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	34 0
70	Gwalior	111 4
160	Indian	431 4
40	Katni Def.	1995 0
100	Katni Ord.	354 6
75	Okha	248 12
100	Punjab	24 2
100	Shahabad	445 0
100	United	112 0

INSURANCE.

15-100	Jupiter	11 6
15-75	New India	42 0
200	Oriental	4855 9
10-100	Vulcan	7 1

MISCELLANEOUS

100	Ahmedabad Old	160 0
1000	Andhra Valley	1612 8
10	Ajmer	13 6
50	Bombay Tram	150 5
100	Bombay Suburban	170
10	Broach	11 12
100	Karachi	245 0
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	175
100	Tata Hydro	165 5
1000	Tata Power	1532 8

RAILWAYS

500	Ahm Prantij	907 8
100	Amr. Patty	120 0
100	C. Province	94 0
100	Dhond Baramati	98
100	Gujarat	77 0
100	Mandra Bhon	96 8
100	Pachora Jamner	93 4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Feb 7

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	97
3 1/2 per cent G P N Settlement	96/14
3 per cent 1941	104/6
3 per cent 1951/54	103/2
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	106/8
4 per cent 1943	109/11
4 per cent 1960/70	111/14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	118/4
5 per cent 1939/44	109/5
5 per cent 1940/43	111/7
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	108/10

TAX-FREE

3 per cent 1945/55 Loan	119/9
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	109/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	122/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	108/10

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974	106/10
4 per cent M Deb 1974	105/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959	115/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954	128/4
6 per cent K P T 1956	128/8
5 1/2 per cent B P T 1937	105

Note: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 96/11 and improved to Rs. 96/15/6 on improved demand.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Feb 6

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	97 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59	106 3/8
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53	110
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55	115
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68	117
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47	114
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38	101 7/8
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1949/52	99 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	108
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	106 5/8

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN
London, Feb 6
This week.

	£
Total Bullion	201,200,000
Public Deposits	11,000,000
(a) Other Deposits	139,900,000
Government Securities	79,400,000
(b) Other Securities	28,300,000
Notes and Coins	61,400,000
Notes in circulation	399,800,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	40.66 p.c.
(a) Other Deposits include bankers	102,900,000
(b) Other securities include, discount and advances	14,400,000

100	Sara Sirajgunge	94
500	Tapty Valley	770 0

MININGS

10	Shivrajpur	30 3
30	Tata S. Def.	538 12
75	Tata Steel Ord.	144 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100	Alcock	188 2
50	Belapur Sugar	166 14
250	Bombay Steam	268 12
125	Bombay-Burma	391 4
50	Bom. Burma Cont.	120 0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	4-6-6
50	Bombay Telephone	103 0
100	Indian Bleaching	93 12
100	Indian Radio Def.	515 0
100	Ind Radio Ord.	482 8
1000	Port Canning	577 8
15	Scindia	14 10
30	Premier Construction	74 8
25	Tata Oil	14 15

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1435 0
6	p.c Bombay Steam	293 12
7	p.c Bombay Trams	87 0
5	p.c Central India	527 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	145 0
7½	p.c Punjab Cement	14 12
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	150 0
7-1/2	p.c Tata Power	1507 8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	138 12
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	164 8
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	13 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	647 8

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And You'll Jump Out of Bed Feeling You Could Push a Bus Over

The liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

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Tasty Meals at Mr. Bright's

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YES, MY COOK IS QUITE GOOD, BUT THEN I MAKE COOKING EASY FOR HIM.
WHAT DO YOU MEAN?
I HAVE INSTALLED AN ELECTRIC COOKER WHICH SIMPLIFIES COOKING BY USING AN ELECTRIC COOKER THE FOOD CAN BE DONE JUST TO THE RIGHT DEGREE TO MAKE IT TASTY AND YET PRESERVE ALL THE VALUABLE NUTRITIVE PROPERTIES
THAT SOUNDS VERY GOOD Mr.BRIGHT, BUT I HAVE ALWAYS BEEN TOLD THAT COOKS PREFERRED THEIR OLD CHARCOAL STOVES
ONLY BECAUSE THEY HAVE NEVER TRIED AN ELECTRIC COOKING STOVE ONCE THEY HAVE ENJOYED THE BENEFITS OF AN ELECTRIC COOKER, THEY WONT CHANGE BACK AGAIN TO THEIR OLD METHODS
TAKE MY ADVICE AND GO STRAIGHT DOWN TO THE BEST SHOWROOMS AND HAVE A LOOK AT SOME ELECTRIC COOKING STOVES THEY WILL ADVISE YOU WHICH IS THE MOST SUITABLE FOR YOUR PURPOSE
WELL THAT CERTAINLY SOUNDS A GOOD IDEA
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Latest Commercial News

N. Y. COTTON CLOSING PRICE UNCHANGED

Minor Fluctuations In Crossrates

GOLD EASY BUT SILVER FIRM

Wheat Fairly Steady But Linseed Quiet

BOMBAY, Feb. 7.

On Friday crossrates ruled quiet with minor fluctuations.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY.

New York cotton maintained a fairly steady undertone. Traders and operators however acted cautiously. The closing price was unchanged.

GOLD EASY BUT SILVER FIRM.

London gold was easy but silver was firm.

WHEAT FAIRLY STEADY.

Wheat was fairly steady. Linseed was quiet. Jute was unchanged but rubber was firm.

SECURITIES IN BETTER REQUEST.

The London Stock Exchange displayed general tendency to improve on better demand. Giltedged securities were in better request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1936

New York, Feb. 7.

Previous closing	10.55
To-day's opening	10.51
Difference	—.04
To-day's closing	10.55
Difference	unchanged

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1936

Liverpool, Feb. 7.

Previous closing	5.64
To-day's opening	5.67
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	5.66
Difference	+.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 194-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Feb. 7.

Cotton continued to maintain a fairly steady tone on better overseas cables with trading moderately active while the cessation of transferring positions gave uniform steadiness to the market.

Private intentions indicate the acreage of 32,650,000 acres but the uncertainty with the New Farm Bill continues to hamper speculative activity with traders operating with extreme caution pending its further clarification.

At the opening July was traded in at 10.51 i.e. 4 points lower than previous closing. Prices early eased on scattered selling and liquidation but later the market began to rally on good local support and covering purchases under the influence of which July gradually rose to 10.57 although further activity was checked by the cotton loan uncertainty.

The New York cotton market finally losed unchanged at 10.55

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Feb. 7.

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (11.02/11.02) 11.09/11.09
May (10.68/10.47) 10.75/10.75
July (10.48/10.47) 10.52/10.51

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Feb. 7.

The following were the rates at 2.45 p.m.

American March (5.75) 5.83
American May (5.69) 5.76
Egyptian March (8.84) 8.96
Egyptian May (8.58) 8.70

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 7.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 183-8 and Rs. 194-12 at night. The rate at 11 p.m. was Rs. 194-8 with New York futures about unchanged.

JUTE SHARES FAIRLY STEADY

Coals Unchanged And Teas Neglected

CALCUTTA, Feb. 7.

Jutes ruled fairly steady and only limited business was put through. Coals were unchanged. Teas were neglected. In miscellaneous electricals continued to find fair support at hardening rates while others were more or less unchanged. Government securities were firm. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Three per cent paper 90/5 three per cent new loan 1951/54 10/5; three per cent new loan 1947/50 three and a half per cent loan 1960/70 106/12; four per cent loan 1960/70 111/15; five per cent loan 1945/55 119/13.

Banks:—Reserve Bank 129/12.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan Railway 65.

Cottons:—Kesoram 3.

Coals:—Bokaro and Ramgur 9, Sendra 10/14.

Jutes:—Anglo India 389, Auckland 181, small lots, Barnagore 138/8; Champdany 159; Gourepore ordy 695; Gourepore pref 133; Howrah 49/2; Kamarhatty 497; Kamarhatty pref 137; Kankanarrah 400 small lots; Presidency 4/7.

Miscellaneous:—Agra elec. 127; small lots; Bengal telephone ordy 17/8, odd lot; Bengal telephone pref 13/15; Dishergarh power supply five per cent pref 107; Jubbulpore elec. 13; Mirzapore elec 7 small odd lot; Muzaffarpore elec 10/6; Patna elec. 19/5; Burn and Co. ordy 267/8 small lots; Burn and Co. seven per cent pref 137; Indian Iron and Steel 6/10; B. I. Corporation ordy 3/10; Dunlop rubber pref 131; Indian wood products 26/4; Walford transport 1/12; Midnapore Zemindary 60.

Sugars:—Basti 225; Murree Brewery 218/8; Nawabganj 190 small lot.

Teas:—Kyang Tea Seed 6/6; Tezpore ordy 9/12.

Debenture:—Three and three fourth-per cent 1935/65; Calcutta Port Trust 103.—A. P.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

I. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Feb. 7.

Previous closing	5.01 1/2
To-day's opening	5.01 5/8
To-day's closing	5.02

I. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Feb. 7.

Previous closing	5.01 7/16
To-day's opening	5.01 1/2
To-day's closing	5.02 1/16
Difference	+.00 5/8

FRANC RATE

London, Feb. 7.

Previous closing	74.91
To-day's opening	74.90
To-day's closing	75.01
Difference	+.10

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Feb. 7.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.01 1/2 and then eased to 5.01 7/16 subsequently the rate improved to 5.01 15/16 on better enquiry.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 5.02 1/16.

Franc opened at 74.90 and moved in a narrow range eventually rising to 74.94.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 75.01

LONDON SILVER

London, Feb. 7.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	19 7/16d.	19 9/16d.
Forward	19 3/8d.	19 5/8d.

The market was steady.

LONDON GOLD.

London, Feb. 7.

Gold per ounce (£7-0-11) £7-0-7 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Feb. 7.

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Feb. 7.

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(5.65 7/8) 5.65 7/8
New York on Bombay	(37.94) 37.92
Berlin on Bombay	(0.92 7/8) 0.92 7/8
London on Milan	(62.18) 62.18
London on Shanghai	(1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
London on Kobe	(1-2) 1-2

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Feb. 7.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 4 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 4 6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 4 0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 4 6

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Feb.7.

	Cwts.
Wheat	3,119
Linseed	16,309
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	719
Gingellyseed	3,599
Poppyseed	34
Groundnuts	16,495
Castorseed	682
Rice	71,616
Myrabollams	4,479
Cottonseed	2,402
Gram	1,903
Joowar	99
Barley	429
Bajree	1,998
	Tons.
Coal	2,021

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Feb. 7.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with March at 7/4 1/8 and May 7/3 7/8. Prices improved on smaller Argentine weekly shipments and slightly better technical position.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Feb. 7.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.99 3/8. Prices kept fairly steady on some outside support but the demand was generally slow in the absence of better overseas reports.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Feb. 7.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£202 3/4 buyers £202 7/8 sellers. Barely steady) £202 3/4 buyers £203 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£15 1/2 buyers £15 7/16 sellers. Steady) £15 9/16 buyers £15 5/8 sellers. Very steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£38 3/4 to £39 1/4) £38 3/4 to £39 1/4.

Glasgow Iron (£74) £74

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-1) 2-1

SILVER CABLES.

Bombay, Feb. 7.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India and speculators bought and sold."

JUTE.

New Crop February March (£19 sellers) £19 1/4 paid and sellers.

Dunlop February (£23 sellers) £23 sellers.

Lightning February (£21 1/4 sellers) £21 1/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (7 1/16 paid and buyers) 7 3/16 paid and buyers.

April June (7 3/16 paid and buyers) 7 5/16 paid and sellers.

LINSEED

Casterseed Bombay February March (12 1/8 sellers) £12 1/8 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta February March (£12 3/4 sellers) £12 13/16 sellers.

Linseed La Plata February (£10 15/16 sellers) £11 sellers.

Groundnut Coromandal February (£13 3/8 sellers) £13 11/16 sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Feb. 7.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat May	4 5 6
Wheat September	4 6 0
Linseed May	7 4 6
Linseed September	7 7 6

The market was quiet

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Feb. 7.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 49/3, 49/1 and 49. The market was showed active on better local enquiry influenced by steadiness abroad with evidences of some upcountry support while better London cables induced more speculative purchases and covering. Prices closed steady at Rs. 49/12, 49/10 and 49/8.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/11/3, 34/11/3 and 34/10/3. Prices early advanced on scattered buying and covering influenced by steadiness of foreign exchanges but as subsequently dollar showed weakness the rate here also eased sympathetically closed quiet at Rs. 34/11, 34/11 and 34/10/9.

Stock Exchange Fairly Active

GILT-EDGED SECURITIES QUIETLY FIRM

Commodities Firm On Trade, Continental And American Demand

PERSISTENT PROFIT-TAKING IN WALL ST.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Feb. 7.

The Stock Exchange was fairly active though somewhat irregular. Gilt-edged securities were quietly firm. In industrials, foreigners presented main improvements but internationals and oils tended to fluctuate. Commodity markets continue to be firm on trade, continental and American demand.

Wall Street opened steady but turned irregular owing to persistent profit-taking.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Feb. 7.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 5/8

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Thursday, January 30, £97 1/2
Friday, January 31, £97 5/8
Monday, February 3, £97 5/8
Tuesday, February 4, £97 1/2
Wednesday, February 5, £97 1/2
Thursday, February 6, £97 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Feb. 7.

3-30 p.m.

Apart from increased pressure to sell in Kaffirs markets were generally firm and fairly active. Giltedged and Indian Loans were firmer. Industrials were generally steady to firm.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 3/8) £85 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108) £108
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£118 1/8) £118 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 5/8) £106 5/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£117) £117

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (23-0) 23-0
Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£5 1/8) £5 7/8
Hydro Electric (£9 1/8) £9 1/2)
Musical Industries (27-3) 27-3
Princhin Johnson (45-0) 45-0
Imperial Chemical (37-6) 37-6
Imperial Chemical Ord (9-0) 9-0
Woolsworth New Ford (121-7 1/2) 121-7
Realisation 1930 (£90 1/4) £90 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (41-3) 41-3
University Ordinary (33-9) 35-3
Ford Motors (35-3) 35-3
Cable Wires (£9) £9 1/8
British American Tobacco (125-0) 128-1 1/2
Camera A (£9 1/4) £9 1/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (155-0) 155-0
P and O S N Company Defd (22-0) 22-0
Distillers (100-0) 102-6
Bred and Dyers (9-3) 9-3
British Celanese (14-0) 14-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (65-3) 65-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (59-7 1/2) 59-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-9) 7-9
Western Limited Ordinary (25-0) 25-0
Inter Nickels (48 7/8) 49 1/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-6) 5-6
Tata Iron and Steel (£102 1/2) £102 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Feb. 7.

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97 1/2) £97 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£115) £115 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£117) £117 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£109 1/2) £110
5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£110 3/4) £110 3/4
5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1964-52 (£106 1/2) £107

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£114) £114

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (21-6) 21-6
Donara Tea (41-10 1/2) 41-3
Empire of India Ceylon (31-3) 30-9

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (29-1 1/2) 29-6
Gula Kelampong (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (33-7 1/2) 33-7 1/2

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (60-0) 60-10 1/2
Burma Corporation (10-7 1/2) 10-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£20 3/4) £20 3/4
East Rand Proprietors (65-0) 65-3
Rand Mines (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 7/8) £13 1/2
Goddar New (£10 3/8) £10
Moddar New (56-10 1/2) 58-9
Sub Nigel (£12 3/8) £12
Spring Mines Split Shares (44-4 1/2) 44-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£8 7/8) £8 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (45-0) 45-0
Anglo Iranian (91-3) 90-7 1/2
Burma Oil (92-6) 91-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (11-6) 12-1 1/2
Shell Transport (91-3) 91-3
Royal Dutch (£34) £34

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£53 1/2) £53 1/2
L M Ford (£21 1/4) £21 7/8
L N E R Defd (25 5/8) 25 5/8
Southern Dutch (£23 5/8) £23 5/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£137 3/8) £136 1/2
London Board G Stock (£109 1/4) £105

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Feb. 7.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 59 1/2) dol 58 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 30 1/8) dol 30 3/8
U S Steel Common (dol 51 5/8) dol 51 7/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 119 3/8) dol 119 7/8

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Feb. 7.

S.S. Glen Moor. Capt. J Young, Agents Graham's Trading Co., from Greldton

S.S. Atlantic Maru, Capt. J Muzakami, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., from Cape Town via Karachi

S.S. Serbino, Capt. A Norbury, Agents James Finlay & Co., from Dunkirk via Port Said.

S.S. Rajputana, Capt. W A Cotching, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., from Kobe via Colombo.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Feb. 7.

S.S. City of Shanghai, Capt. F Mckay, Agents F F Campbell & Co., for Colachel, Madras and Calcutta.

S.S. Pres Monroe, Capt C Hawkens Agents F F Campbell & Co., for New York via Suez.

S.S. City of Auckland, Capt N G Jenkins, Agents F F Campbell & Co., for Calcutta via Bhavnagar.

S.S. Rajputana, Capt. W A Cotching, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., for London via Aden.

LOADING.

Bombay, Feb. 7.

The following steamers entered for loading on 7-2-36:—

S.S. Chokoh Maru for China and Japan Ports.

S.S. Liebenfels for European Ports

S.S. Bintaag for American Ports via Java Ports and Colombo.

GRAVE DIGGER IN WITNESS BOX

Story Of Police Officers And False Set Of Teeth In Cemetery Case

"I rose from the grave and handed over the set of false teeth to the police officer," said a grave-digger employed at the Sewrie Cemetery, giving evidence before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Police Court, on Friday, in the case in which A. St. John Nibblet is being charged with offences under Sections 395, 380 and 420 I.P.C.

It was alleged that the accused attempted to raise spirits from a grave in the Cemetery at Sewrie, with intent to cheat a Parsi.

When the case was taken up for further hearing, Mr. T. J. Fox, caretaker of the cemetery, was further cross-examined by the defence counsel. The white cloth in which the grave-digger was draped, before he took his seat in an open grave, said the witness, was given at his instance. On November 23, last, the day of the incident, the accused came to the witness. He talked about his plan and witness gathered from his talks that accused wanted to raise "real" spirits. It did not occur to witness at that time, that such an act would mean desecration of the cemetery.

Re-examined by Mr. Velkar, Police Prosecutor, witness said that the grave was used up, since the incident. It was likely that in that area inside the cemetery, many burials might have taken place. If a poor person died and the space for his grave was not bought, that grave was opened again after few years, for use.

GRAVE-DIGGER IN WITNESS-BOX.

Sattu Krishna, the grave-digger, who played the role of the ghost then stepped into the witness-box. He said that on November 23 last, he was asked by Mr. Fox to come to the cemetery at about 10 o'clock in the night. Two police officers, Mr. Fox and himself went to the grave. Witness was given a white cloth, in which he wrapped himself. He then sat down in the grave, which was 3 feet deep. He was given a set of false teeth and was asked to give them over to the "magician" who would come there shortly.

As he sat inside the grave waiting, witness continued, he heard the accused shouting loudly in English. He then rose from the grave and handed over the set to the police, who arrested the accused.

The case was adjourned to February 12.

Mr. Velkar conducted the prosecution and Mr. R. D. Ratnagar held the watching brief for the complainant. The accused was defended by Mr. Wilfred J. Selwyn.

Mr. Chandra Kanta Datta, a senior member of the Feni Bar and a press correspondent, died on Wednesday morning. One of his sons is in jail as a political prisoner and another is a detenu.

DIABETES SUFFERERS!!

HERE IS PROOF FOR YOU!!

of the NUMEROUS PATIENTS CURED

Mr. J. G. Lalit, Zaoba's Wadi Chawl, Thakurdwar, Bombay, writes on 27th October 1935.

"I was suffering from DIABETES for over six years and I tried many well-known Doctors of Bombay without any effect. I then put myself under Dr. S. R. Iyengar's treatment and have much pleasure to say that, after a course of 8 complete weeks, I found my disease completely cured in such a marvellous way that I can confidently say that Dr. S. R. Iyengar is a SPECIALIST indeed in reality. My S. P. Gravity which was 1036 and Sugar 5-50 per cent in the beginning of the course came down to 1018 and "NIL" respectively at the end of the course. I can safely recommend his treatment to the general suffering public as he possesses a very and valuable specific."

WITHOUT DELAY

Consult personally Dr. S. R. Iyengar, "Diabetes Specialist," at Dahanukar Building, Bomanji St., Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, No. 2, between the hours of 9 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1936

Our European Letter

FALL OF LAVAL CABINET

Will He Come Back As A Stronger Force?

(From Our Own Correspondent).
PRAGUE, Jan. 28.

The French Cabinet has undergone a change—an expected one. The fall of the Laval Government had been generally anticipated for a while. The surprise rather is about the time of the change. Three issues dominated the Government of Laval; the economic one, bound with balancing of budget; the factor of meeting a situation projected by the extension of Fascist Leagues; and the question of foreign policy. It is seen that the fall of Laval is connected with the last two. Opinion is known to have considerably crystallised to the effect that M. Laval retained an attitude of much benevolence to the Fascist Leagues, especially to the most important of them, the Croix de Feu led by Count Colonel de La Rocque, and maintained much apathy over the line taken by Britain, which secured close Association of the League too, in connection with Abyssinia and also over the course of extending understanding with Soviet Union. The immediate circumstance that led to the fall of Laval, is the desertion of the Radicals.

AN INTERESTING SPECULATION.

There is some surprise that this should have happened at a time when Laval gave greater, signs of advance in regard to issues of Fascist Leagues and foreign policy along the paths more favoured by the Radicals. For to the latter and with them to the "Popular Front" as a whole, the result might not be without unfavourable reactions at the forthcoming election as against a situation with Laval staying in Office till the election. As such, there is also in political circles much speculation as to M. Laval coming back as a strong force again. Should this happen, it is asked, whether he would not come, more as a man of the Fascist groups. No exaggerated trust has been put in recent moves to detach himself further from the Fascist groups. Much would depend, with keen internal cross-currents at play, upon the scope of agreement to be involved in negotiations, meanwhile, between France and England. This is complicated, in ways by, uncertainty about Germany by England's desire to strengthen understanding with Germany and by the Abyssinian conflict with divergent currents released by it. The run of events between now and the election in France, considerably centre round the Abyssinian war and the proposition in relation to Germany, will be of much determining influence on the future of developments in Europe.

MOVE FOR A CENTRAL EUROPEAN SETTLEMENT.

In the Danubian region at the moment the idea of a collective agreement has made some important progress and the prospect of a Danubian settlement is regarded as having advanced. A clear proof of this is indicated by the drawing closer of Austria and Czechoslovakia, well reflected in the recent visit of the Austrian Chancellor to Prague, the Czechoslovakian capital. In this development, Czechoslovakia no doubt functions as an active member of the Little Entente and Austria at the same time stands prominently as a unit in a system with close arrangements with Hungary and also Italy. The move is in the direction of an economic federation to comprise the Little Entente (Czechoslovakia, Jugoslavia and Roumania) and Austria and Hungary. It is considered as well suited to advance commonly in the area of economic welfare and to secure political stability. The drive in the direction is being well kept by the new Czechoslovak Prime Minister, Dr. Hodza, a man, by general agreement, of great vigour and ability. The scheme is visualized as one that will enable the Danubian States to assure and advance their interests and retain sound relations with their neighbours, especially with Germany. The advance in this direction will probably mean the intensification of German attention, under conditions, in other directions. Speaking last week before a big audience in Berlin, the German Propaganda Minister, Dr. Goebbels, made a vigorous demand for colonies for Germany.

DEVELOPMENTS IN IRELAND.

According to a report this week in an important Continental daily, coming from a usually well-informed source, in Ireland, at present attention is greatly concentrated on pushing various economic plans. De Valera who was pictured, by different circles as holding muddled views on economic matters, has on the whole displayed a good grasp of economic issues. In the event of a re-election, the Fianna Fail is fairly certain of coming back with a majority. About the question of Ireland moving towards full Republic, England certainly does not view the idea with favour, especially now in view of considerations of prestige and of reactions in other parts. De Valera of course is greatly supposed as holding the Republican ideal. In the hypothetical case of a Republic being proclaimed, it is not expected, that Britain to-day would reply with military action. But strong economic actions are regarded as fairly certain and these are suited to put Ireland in an almost impossible position, owing to the nature of her exports, chiefly cattle, for which Britain is the market, and on which her import trade is dependent. There is at the moment very keen attention to alter the situation that places Irish economy on so great a dependence on Britain, and in this connection vigorous moves are under way also to develop Irish industries. In many directions, for instance, manufacture of paper, textiles, sugar, etc. important strides have already been made, and the drive towards further development in a planned way is being on the whole well kept up.

KAMALADEVI GAGGED!

International Women's Conference Fights Shy Of Radicalism

BIRTH CONTROL QUESTION TABOOED

CALCUTTA (By Mail)

A correspondent writes:—

I have seen the press reports circulated by news agencies on the proceedings of the International Women's Conference. I confess they are extremely meagre. What is more surprising is that radical expressions of opinion have found very little attention in these reports. Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, the well-known Indian leader, created a sensation in the Conference by the new path she cut in the approach to the different questions that came up for consideration. In a gathering of that kind it required unusual courage to expound the problems that faced the women of this country and the women's movement generally in the light of the objective conditions. Mrs. Kamaladevi's departure from "established conventional modes" created a disquietening atmosphere, though it cheered the younger generation which has been struggling for expression. That speech in which she thanked the Maharani of Baroda stirred those present at the Conference as few other speeches could have stirred.

TIME IS UP!

On the 1st of February the subject of discussion was "Women in Journalism". Mrs. Kamaladevi was again called to speak for the women of India, and made a stirring speech. She began by saying how powerful was the Press in ventilating popular grievances and propagating popular causes. For the advancement of the women's movement and the causes it represented, the Press could be a tremendous instrument. But unfortunately, she said, the Press in India had no freedom worth the name. The liberties of the Press were being severely curtailed. One could not do anything about it. "I am sure" proceeded the speaker "that all are agreed that if the Press is to perform its legislative functions these restrictions must be removed. The foreign visitors to this Conference who are interested in India should study the Press Act in India and the various other measures directed against the Press and see for themselves how the Press in India is being suppressed". The speaker had not half finished her sentence, when the bell on the President's table gave its shrill sound "Time is up" was the suggestion. The speaker had to stop, though it created deep discontent. This has been the subject of some heated talk among the delegates in the lobbies. Why this unnecessary panic? There was no question of time, as no limit was observed or enforced. Each speaker had taken her own time.

THE STRANGEST TABOO

Another strange thing about the strangest of all the "international" women's conferences, is that it shut out the question of birth-control from its discussions. In fact, it went so far as not to allow even an announcement to be made in the conference that Mrs. Margaret Sanger, the well-known protagonist of birth-control and feminist leader, was delivering a lecture on the subject.

Mr. Hansraj Mulji and Miss Maniben Kara, who will marry next week.

INDIANS MAKE WAY FOR EUROPEANS

New Changes In Imperial Secretariat

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, February 7.

Increasing Europeanization in higher posts is in evidence in the Imperial Secretariat.

In the Industries and Labour Department, the Deputy Secretary for long used to be an Indian Civilian, Now Mr. Makeown, Deputy Commissioner of Simla, has been appointed. He has taken charge but has been put on special duty for ten days in connection with the inquiry into the alleged fraud in the Central Public Works Department.

It is further learnt that Mr. K. P. S. Menon, Deputy Secretary in the Education Department to deal with questions relating to Indians overseas, is being transferred to the Foreign and Political Department as Deputy Secretary. His place is being taken by Mr. Bozzman, formerly Secretary to the Governor-General's Agent in South Africa and another European Civilian.

AGA KHAN SAILS FOR BOMBAY

(From Our Correspondent).
KARACHI, Feb. 7.

The Aga Khan is returning to Bombay by to-night's mail boat. It is understood that about fifteen of his followers took advantage of his visit to solemnize marriages.

Baroda News

(From Our Correspondent).
BARODA: Feb. 6.

Owing to the indisposition of the Maharaja the opening ceremony of Kirti Mandir, which was to be performed by him to-morrow, has been postponed.

It is understood the City Municipality is proposing to take effective steps for checking milk adulteration.

A local bye-weekly "Bharat" suggests Dr. Sumant Mehta's name for the presidentship of the forthcoming State Praja Mandal session to be held in Navsari Distt.

Rs. 3,000 Suggestions Competition

Entry Coupons will be available from

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE"

SUNDAY EDITION of 9th February

CLOSING DATE: 12th FEBRUARY.

HITLER MUST WITHDRAW

Karachi Merchants To Discuss Protest Resolution

(From Our Correspondent).
KARACHI, Feb. 7.

Mr. Sidhwa has tabled a resolution for discussion at a meeting of the Karachi Indian Merchants' Association and the Buyers' and Shippers' Chamber strongly condemning the 'arrogant' attitude adopted by Hitler in his recent pronouncements which are against the national aspirations of the people of this country and urging Hitler to withdraw his statemer unequivocally. Otherwise the good trade relations existing between the countries would be jeopardised.

A copy of th's resolution is to be sent to Herr Hecker, President of the German Chambers of Commerce and Industry.

All-India Olympic Trials & Baroda

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, February 6.

For the first time since India became an Olympic participant in 1924, Baroda State will be officially represented in the All-India Olympic Trials. The team will consist of three wrestlers, two athletes and a manager-coach.

The wrestlers are D. L. Lokre, heavyweight; Mohanlal Gordhan, featherweight; and S. R. Thorat, bantamweight. They are the Baroda amateur champions at their weights and Lokre is also the Bombay champion.

The athletes are J. R. Rege, who is the best all-rounder in Baroda, and V. K. Pawar, a hurdler and jumper. Rege will run in the sprints and be reserve for the long jump. Pawar will take part in the high and low hurdles and the long jump. Lokre is a promising weight-putter and will take part in that event if wrestling permits.

The team will be in charge of Mr. M. M. Upadhyay, a graduate of the physical training college in Madras, who is now physical training instructor of the Baroda College.

DEPARTURE FOR LAHORE.

They will leave for Lahore on Sunday night, thus allowing two days there for a final tuning-up before the trials on the results of which India's team for Berlin will be chosen.

All members of the team belong to the Baroda College except Gordhan who is a member of the city Gymnasium. While they are hardly expected to bring back Indian championships at the first attempt, it is felt that the experience to be gained in Lahore will prove very valuable.

His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar is taking a keen personal interest in the venture and he is to inspect the team in their official uniforms before they leave for Lahore. All arrangements have been made by Mr. B. K. Bhate, Commissioner of Education, and a small local committee.

An Olympic Association has yet to be formed in Baroda but preliminary discussions are in progress and Mr. Bhate hopes to be able to call an inaugural meeting in the immediate future.

BARODA AND HOCKEY.

Whether Baroda will also send a team to the Olympic hockey trials in Calcutta has yet to be discussed, but the desire of the Indian Olympic Association that Baroda shall participate in All-India sports and counsels is being borne in mind. His Highness has already made a substantial donation towards the expenses of sending a team to Berlin to defend the world's hockey title won at the last two Olympic Games.

Central Body To Check Mining Accidents

JHARIA, (By Mail).

In view of several mining disasters in quick succession Mr. K. N. Sen Gupta, president of the Indian Miners' Association, urges the necessity of forming a central rescue organisation, with branches all over the coalfields, and well equipped with the latest safety appliances. Mr. Sen Gupta thinks that a conference of officials and representatives of Management and Labour should be convened in order to formulate a scheme and raise funds for working it out.

UNIVERSITY MUST ENCOURAGE COMMERCE COLLEGES

Business Clamours For Educated Youths, Says Merchants' Chamber Secretary

Mr. J. K. Mehta, Secretary of the Indian Merchants' Chamber has addressed a letter to the Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University on the subject of Commerce colleges. The letter says:—

"My Committee are glad to note that the Senate has decided to recognise the newly proposed Commerce college in Ahmedabad for purposes of affiliation. Arguments appear to have been put forward, as reports in the Papers show, that it is not necessary to affiliate any other outside colleges, while there is the Sydenham College of Commerce in Bombay coaching up students in commercial education. My Committee consider that commercial education is an extremely important subject and needs to be spread out on as wide a basis as possible. Young men of the present day appear to be taking more and more to it, as evidenced from the fact that a large number of students cannot get admission to the Sydenham College of Commerce, which admits only a limited number. There are several private commercial institutions and these are also well patronised. There is no reason, however, why there should be a sort of a monopoly created with regard to the Sydenham College of Commerce, specially if institutions in the mofussil are started with a cadre of professors with as good qualifications as those of the Government College professors.

BUSINESSMEN'S DEMAND.

"It must be admitted that upto recently businessmen were not much prone to giving any preference to men with specialised education. They are, however, coming more and more to recognise that these are the days of specialists and preference is being freely given to youngmen who have specialised in some branch or other of trade and commerce, or have even taken the general commercial education. Full advantage must be taken of this tendency among businessmen and industrialists and institutions must be there to train up young men in subjects which are useful for trade, commerce and industries.

"It is rather surprising to see that while the establishment of new Arts Colleges in the Presidency has been welcomed, objection is being taken to the establishment of Commerce Colleges outside the City of Bombay. In fact, an undue literary bias is being given to the present day education, whereas in an industrial and commercial Presidency like Bombay the bias should rather be one of commercial and technical education.

"In the opinion of my Committee a Commerce Graduate does not receive a less liberal education culturally than an Arts Graduate. Looking to these facts, my Committee hope that the Senate will be pleased to look at the question of affiliation of commercial colleges with sympathy and consideration."

POLITICS AND BAN ON STUDENTS

U. P. Youths Condemn University's Action

BENARES, (By Mail)

The U. P. Youth Conference held its sittings on Sunday morning and passed several resolutions.

An important resolution rejected the new Constitution on the grounds that the British Parliament has no right to frame such a constitution.

The Conference declared its ultimate goal through another resolution to be complete independence.

Another resolution condemned the action of the Universities in general and the Lucknow University in particular in putting a ban on the students from participating in political activities.

A provincial committee was formed to carry out the programme of the conference immediately namely to organise trade unions, a peasants' union and a workers' union, and to start an unemployment league to fight out unemployment.—United Press

CHEATING CHARGE

Accused Alleged To Have Falsely Collected Money For U. P. Olympics

(From Our Correspondent)
ALLAHABAD, (By Mail.)

The police have arrested an Anglo-Indian on suspicion of being concerned in cheating a number of respectable citizens of Allahabad including some judges of the High Court.

The accused though not authorised by the U. P. Olympic Committee to realise any subscription on its behalf is alleged to have managed to secure a list of the persons who had promised to contribute and who were to be approached. When the help of this list, it is said, the accused realised some money in cash and cheques.

This alleged cheating was brought to light when a casual remark, about the collection of donations by the committee was made by one of the judges of the High Court to one official of the Olympic Association, which aroused the latter's suspicion and on some further inquiry the case was reported to the police, with the result that this Anglo-Indian has been arrested on suspicion.

DR. PARASNIS' DIAMOND JUBILEE

Will Be Celebrated Under Presidentship Of Gangadharrao Deshpande

(From A Correspondent.)
KHAMGAON, (By Mail.)

Dr. M. N. Parasnis being a prominent Congressman of Berar, his Diamond Jubilee will be celebrated shortly at Khamgaon under the presidentship of Sjt. Gangadharrao Deshpande. Mr. M. S. Aney, is elected Chairman of the Reception Committee of the function.

The following well-known persons in the Province have willingly accepted the different offices of the Jubilee Committee:—

Members of the Advisory Board: Dr. N. B. Khare, Messrs. Ravishankar Chukla, Veer Wamanrao Joshi, P. B. Gole and Brijlal Biyani, Dr. B. M. Tembhe, Messrs. L. R. Phednis and Y. M. Kale.

Treasurers: Seth Raichand Narayan Metha and Mr. S. V. Bhide.

Auditors: Seth Padamsibhai Tejpal Bhate and Mr. R. R. Ozarkar.

Secretaries: Mr. S. T. Tipre and Dr. P. G. Akbote.

KARNATAK UNIFICATION DAY

Late Mr. Kadapa's Services Recalled

HUBLI, Feb. 7.

Yesterday was the tenth anniversary day of the late Raghavendra Kadapa. As directed by the Karnatak Unification Committee, it was observed here as the Karnatak Unification Day in memory of the unique services rendered by the deceased in the cause of the unification movement. A largely attended meeting was held in the evening when Krishnarao Mudvedkar recalled several inspiring memories from the life work of late Mr. Kadapa. He concluded by exhorting the audience to shake off their apathy and follow Mr. Kadapa's example and push forward the cause of unification. Mr. Kadapa's portrait was unveiled by Mr. Rangrao Diwaker in the Mitra Mandal's Library Hall

Later Mr. Krishtcharya Hulgur, Mysore Darbar's musician, gave a performance on his newly discovered 'Kinner' instrument.

Quit Order On Lahore Editor

LAHORE: Feb. 7.

Lala Wazir Chand, Editor of the "Daily Pratap," had gone to Bahawalpur with a view to gather first-hand information about the situation there. Late last night, the Commissioner together with the D.S.P., a Sub-Inspector and a posse of constables, met him and gave him a verbal order to quit Bahawalpur State by the first available train. Lala Wazir Chand was then detained in the Railway Waiting Room under Police surveillance till 4 a.m. when he got into the train for Lahore.—United Press.

Strictest scrutiny undertaken by the Karachi postal authorities to prevent thefts of registered and unregistered parcles and letters recently reported to the City Police has resulted in one more arrest. It is alleged a number of letters and parcels were found on the person of the arrested man who was packer recently engaged.

HAND-WEAVING DEMONSTRATION AND COMPETITION

DELHI (By Mail.)

The Secretary writes:—

A competition will be held at the All India Industrial Exhibition, Delhi, for the best demonstration and display of improved hand-weaving appliances and machinery with their products including duree and tape weaving, washing, bleaching, dyeing, calico-printing finishing, etc.

Two gold medals, five silver medals, ten bronze medals and several cash prizes and certificates of merits will be awarded to the competitors.

Applications from those willing to enter into competition should reach the Honorary Secretary, All India Industrial Exhibition, Delhi before the 20th February, 1936.

Arrests Follow Theft Of Image

BERHAMPORE, (By Mail)

An image of Radha Rani was stolen from the temple of the Thakurs of the village of Manukyahar on the night of February 2. The image weighs about 1 1/2 maunds and is made of a mixture of eight different metals with a percentage of gold. It is stated that the men scaled the walls of the house by means of a ladder, broke open the lock of the temple door and removed the image.

Two villagers have been arrested in this connection and the image has since been recovered from a tank at a distance of about four miles from the temple.—A. P.

In the course of a statement issued by L. Sham Lal Pandiyya, Secretary Mahegaon Committee, Digambar Jain Association, Gwalior, translated from Hindi it is stated:—"I attended the meeting of the Working Committee, All-India Jain Parishad Delhi, on 2nd and 3rd February. I found the Jain Samaj much grieved over the Mahegaon religious insult. I realised the prevailing enthusiasm. Jain Samaj will not feel satisfied unless and until, after due enquiry, the real culprits of Mahegaon incident are punished.

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.